FIRST IN CIRCULATION

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

FIRST IN NEWS.

VOL. 37.—NO. 113. ST. LOUIS, THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 11, 1886. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

CUTAWAY SUITS.
Cassimere.....$10, $15, $18, $20
Scotch Cheviot.....$15, $20, $22
Worsteds $15, $18, $20, $25, $30, $35

S SACK SUITS.
asimere. $10, $12, $15, $20
tch Cheviot..... $18, $20, $25
orsteds, $18, $20, $25, $30, $32, $35
cotch Cheviot....$15, $18, $20, $25

HUMPHREY
& CO.,
, Hatters and Furnishers,
R BROADWAY AND PINE.

Per Dozen, 25c.
with Jelly, 25c.
nd Beans, 15c.
CATESSEN
Fourth Street.
ve Street.
rth Broadway.

MOVAL.
ved Our Offices and Ware-
Our New and Com-
ous Quarters,
RTH 8TH ST.,
nd Olive. Our stock of
Prepared Roofing,
and Felts,
ing Felts and Paper,
arpet Linings, etc., etc.,
e invite your inspection.
T, JR., & CO.,
AMPE, Agent.

tal Unlimited.
WALKER
ED THIRTY YEARS)
oadway, Under Mercan-
ibrary Hall.
, Diamonds, Watches, Fine
locks, Music Boxes, Guitars,
Violins, etc., Guns, Pistols,
Traveling Bags, Clothing, etc.
ued on the above. All goods
ted.
BEN WALKER.

AL NOTICES.
of Jas. Cummiskey, No.
Eighth Street.
st-Dispatch:
tober 14, 1886.—Having re-
the firm of Booth, Barada &
ffice at No. 12 North 8th st.,
general real estate business,
of 22 years, and having the
the proper management of
ny charge, I am confident of
o all favoring me with the care
e buying and selling of real
of loans on real estate, the col-
eneral management of estates,
prompt attention. Respectfully,
JAMES CUMMISKEY.
of the directors and stock-
p Creek Consolidated M. and
eld at their office, 122 Pine
8th inst., Saturday, to consid-
ce. By order of the President.
of the stockholders of the
Block Company will be held at
22 Chestnut st., on Monday,
0 o'clock a. m., for the pur-
l of directors to serve during
r the transaction of such other
before the meeting.
a. to 12 m.
GEORGE S. EDGELL,
Secretary.
SECTIONAL DOCK CO., St.
1, 1886.—The annual election
ve the ensuing year will be
company Thursday, Novem-
en from 10 o'clock a. m. to 12
LOUDERMAN, President.
E. Secretary.
GISTER CO. will prosecute
selling, buying or giving away
eir patents.
T DETERGENT for cleaning
, etc. is the only safe way.
ght for the 15th Ward. the
estimates. W. C. Kennedy,
secute infringements.
RESTORED.
Decay, Loss of Manhood,
ng Body, Mind, &c., quickly
Our treatment combining
which will restore perfect
ly WEAK to all affected.
ed. Pamphlets free.

Shopping List for Friday and Saturday
—IN—
GREAT NEW BARGAIN LOTS
—IN—
LADIES', GENTS' AND CHILDREN'S
Winter Underwear, Hosiery, Etc.,
—AT—
D. CRAWFORD & CO.'S

PLEASE READ:

LOT 1.....58 dozen Gents' Heavy Two-Thread White Merino Undershirts or Drawers, at 50c each; regular price, 65c.
LOT 2.....32 dozen Gents' Fancy Wool Undershirts or Drawers, in red and white stripes, at $1.00 each; regular price, $1.40.
LOT 3.....60 dozen Gents' Fine Camel's-Hair Striped Undershirts or Drawers, in all sizes, at 75c each; regular price, $1.25.
LOT 4.....45 dozen Gents' Red All-Wool Medicated Undershirts or Drawers, at $1.00 each; regular price, $1.50.
LOT 5.....39 dozen Gents' Real Camel's-Hair Undershirts or Drawers, in all sizes—Shirts, 34 to 44; Drawers, 28 to 42—at $1.75; worth $2.25.
Extra sizes—Shirts, 46 to 54; Drawers, 44 to 54—at $2.00 each; worth $2.75 each.
LOT 6.....55 dozen Gents' White Lamb's-Wool Undershirts or Drawers, in all sizes, at $1.00 each; regular price, $1.50 each.
LOT 7.....23 dozen Gents' Imported All-Wool Real Scotch Full Regular-Made Undershirts or Drawers, at $2.00 each; regular price, $2.75.
LOT 8.....47 dozen Gents' Red Fine Lamb's-Wool Undershirts or Drawers, best made, at $2.00 each; extra value.
LOT 9.....100 dozen Ladies' Superfine Light-Weight White Merino Undervests or Drawers, in all sizes, at 50c each; regular price, 75c.
LOT 10.....65 dozen Ladies' Heavy-Weight White Merino Two-Thread Undervests or Drawers at 50c each; regular price, 75c each.
LOT 11.....40 dozen Ladies' Red Fine Lamb's-Wool Medicated Undervests or Drawers at $1.25; regular price, $1.75.
LOT 12.....23 dozen Ladies' All-Wool White Undervests or Drawers at $1.00; regular price, $1.25.
LOT 13.....1,000 dozen Children's Knit Undervests or Drawers for all ages, in white, clouded, red, Shetland and camel's hair. Prices from 10c each up to $1.50; all at bottom prices.
LOT 14.....85 dozen Children's Union Suits Underclothing, New Britain make, in white or Shetland; sizes, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30; all sizes, at 65c per suit; worth $1.25.

DON'T WASTE TIME AND MONEY
By going elsewhere for Underwear, but go at once to
D. CRAWFORD & CO.'S
GREAT BROADWAY BAZAAR.

REMOVAL
ABOUT NOVEMBER 15 WE WILL REMOVE TO
708 Olive Street,
(OUR OLD LOCATION,)
And Will Continue to Maintain Our Reputation for
Fashionable Tailoring at Moderate Prices
Autumn and Winter Styles in abundance at 25 to 35 Per Cent Less than other Tailors.
NICOLL, The TAILOR,
FOURTH AND OLIVE.

CHARTER OAK STOVES AND RANGES
Revolution IN Cooking.
PUBLIC EXHIBITION of BAKING, ROASTING and BROILING in
Charter Oak Ranges, with Wire Gauze Oven Door,
AT NO. 411 NORTH FOURTH STREET.
Do not fail to see the wonderful results in cooking produced by use of this door.

BUY
OUR OWN
COTTON FLANNELS
FOR BEST VALUE.
SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.
SOLE AGENTS.

EXAMINE THE PRICES
At Which We Will Sell the Remainder of the
Beck & Marshall Bankrupt Stock
—OF—
CARPETINGS AND CURTAINS!
The Goods must be sold without delay, hence these Sweeping Reductions in price. First-class Goods will probably never be sold again at such Ruinous Prices. Note them and buy at once whatever you may need or may require in the near future. It will pay you!
J. KENNARD & SONS,
420 and 422 N. Fourth St.

CARPETS!
AT BANKRUPT PRICES.
Best Wilton Carpets at $1.50; Beck & Marshall's price, $2.50
Best Axminster Carpets at $1.50; Beck & Marshall's price, $2.50
Best Moquette Carpets at $1; Beck & Marshall's price, $1.50 (From 25 to 75 yards of each pattern of above grades.)
Tapestry Velvet Carpets at 95c and $1; Beck & Marshall's price, $1.35
Tapestry Velvet Carpets at $1.05; Beck & Marshall's price, $1.50
Body Brussels Carpets at 92½c; Beck & Marshall's price, $1.35
Body Brussels Carpets at 80c; Beck & Marshall's price, $1.10
Body Brussels Carpets at 75c; Beck & Marshall's price, $1.00
Best Tapestry Brussels Carpets at 70c; Beck & Marshall's price, $1.00
Tapestry Brussels Carpets at 60c; Beck & Marshall's price, 90c
Tapestry Brussels Carpets at 45c; Beck & Marshall's price, 75c
Best extra Two-Ply Carpets at 60c; Beck & Marshall's price, 85c
Two-Ply Ingrain Carpets at 35c; Beck & Marshall's price, 50c
Berlin Rugs, 9x12 feet, at $65; Beck & Marshall's price, $100
Turkey Rugs, about 9x12 feet, at $70; Beck & Marshall's price, $110
India Rugs, 9x12 feet, at $85 and $70; Beck & Marshall's price, $115
Smyrna Rugs at $3.50; Beck & Marshall's price, $6.00
Mottled Smyrna Rugs at $2.00; Beck & Marshall's price, $3.00
500 Rugs and Mats, various sizes, At Half Usual Prices.

Lace and Portiere Curtains
AT BANKRUPT PRICES.
350 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains, from $1.35 to $3 per pair; Beck & Marshall's prices, from $2.50 to $6.
165 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains, from $4.50 to $6.50 per pair; Beck & Marshall's prices, from $7 to $10.
45 pairs Swiss Lace Curtains, from $5 to $11 per pair; Beck & Marshall's prices, from $9 to $16.
30 pairs Swiss Lace Curtains, from $12 to $20 per pair; Beck & Marshall's prices, from $20 to $25.
74 pairs Brussels Lace Curtains, from $20 to $35 per pair; Beck & Marshall's prices, from $35 to $65.
46 pairs Irish Point Lace Curtains, from $15 to $25 per pair; Beck & Marshall's prices, from $30 to $50.
48 pairs Burmese and China Silk Curtains from $9 to $30 per pair; Beck & Marshall's prices, from $15 to $50.
120 pairs Austrian Chenille Portiere Curtains, from $5 to $11 per pair; Beck & Marshall's prices, from $14 to $25.
84 pairs Austrian Chenille Portiere Curtains, at $13.50 per pair; Beck & Marshall's prices, from $25 to $35.
37 pairs Silk Turcoman Portiere Curtains, from $19 to $24.50 per pair; Beck & Marshall's prices, from $30 to $50.
16 pairs Oriental Velour Portiere Curtains, from $23 to $35 per pair; Beck & Marshall's prices, from $50 to $80.
50 Tapestry and Chenille Table-Covers, from $2 to $5 each; Beck & Marshall's prices from $6 to $12.
250 yards Burmese and India Silks, 54 inches wide, elegant fabrics, $2.25 per yard; Beck & Marshall's price $3.50.
375 yards Roman and Turkish Satins, 50 inches wide, only $1.50 per yard; Beck & Marshall's prices from $2.00 to $4.
2,500 yards Velours, Tapestries and other piece goods, suitable for Portiers and Long Window Hangings, from 40c to $4 per yard; less than one-half price.
Embroidered Table Mats and Scarfs at one-half Beck & Marshall's prices.
750 Wood Poles, Walnut, Cherry and Mahogany, with Brass Trimmings, from 25c to $1 each.

In addition to the BANKRUPT STOCK quoted above, we have everything New and Desirable, designed and manufactured for Fall Trade. Choice Styles and Latest Designs in every grade of CARPETINGS, CURTAINS and DECORATIVE UPHOLSTERY GOODS.

Chrysanthemums, the Fashionable Fall Flowers.
These, in their season, excel the rose in popularity, and are without doubt the most beautiful of all Fall flowers. We have an immense stock of Fine Plants just comencing to bloom in our conservatory. Over 75 distinct sorts in all shades of red, pink and golden yellow, 35c each; 3 for $1.
-:-C. YOUNG & SONS,-:-
1406 OLIVE STREET.
Catalogue of Bulbs for Fall Planting Free.

OVERCOATS
Fashionable, serviceable and jour. tailor-made Overcoats for all of the masculine persuasion, regardless of size, age, form or "previous condition," in all the new and pleasing shades of Blue, Brown, Olive, Drab and Derby Mixtures, manufactured from fine foreign and the best domestic fabrics known to the trade; stylish in cut and finish, lined throughout with lasting wool and silk linings, and have the shape and grace of custom garments (which they are) at much lower prices, at the wholesale manufacturers', the
WHEN
Clothing Store, : 210 and 212 North Broadway.

GOLD WATCHES FOR GENTS, AT $25, $28, $30 and up to $150.
GOLD WATCHES FOR LADIES, At $12, $15, $18 and up to $75.
REMEMBER OUR PRICES ON SOLID GOLD WATCHES ARE THE LOWEST IN THE CITY.
HESS & CULBERTSON,
22 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR
BEER'S BENGAL CHUTNEY and
BEER'S WEST OF ENGLAND SAUCE.
The Finest Relishes in the Market. -:- No Table Complete Without It.
A. SCHOTTLER, Western Agt., 1102 S. Seventh St.

THE ONLY McNICHOLS!
The Only House in St. Louis where You Can Purchase on
INSTALLMENTS, for CASH PRICES
STOVES, FURNITURE, CARPETS!

NUGENT'S
REMNANT DAY!
TO-MORROW.
Wagon-Loads of Remnants of Dress Goods and Silks at About Half Price.
GREAT PURCHASE
OF
MISSES' and CHILDREN'S
French Wool Hose
AT A SACRIFICE.
These are genuine Imported 7x1 French Ribbed Hose, all pure wool, in Navy, Seal, Wine, Cardinal, Myrtle and Black.

Sizes.	5½	6	6½	7	7½	8	8½	9
Price.	25c	30c	35c	35c	40c	45c	50c	50c

Worth from 45c to 80c a pair.
Bargains in Every Department All Day Friday.
B. NUGENT & BRO.,
815 to 821 North Broadway, Between Franklin Av. and Union Market.

Oysters, Per Dozen, 25c.
Turkey, with Jelly, 25c.
Pork and Beans, 15c.
DELICATESSEN
118 N. Fourth Street.
712 Olive Street.
718 North Broadway.

PROF. MATTHEWS'
OLD ESTABLISHED
DYE WORKS,
No. 312 OLIVE ST.
Gentlemen's Clothing Cleaned, Altered and Repaired in best style. Orders by express promptly attended to

ESTABLISHED 1859.
CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING.
SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.
Cleaning. Dyeing.
Coat.....$1 00 | Coat.....$2 00
Pants.....50 | Pants.....1 00
W. STUEBLED,
N. Sixth st., bet. Market and Chestnut sts.
Orders by mail promptly attended to

Private Lying-In Institute!
INCORPORATED.
The only regular institute of the kind in the West.
Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated.
Dr. H. NEWLAND,
1205 Chouteau avenue.

Drugs, Patent Medicines, etc., 10 to 20 p. c. less than at any other place in the city.
ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE,
S. W. Corner Sixth and Market Streets.
Prescriptions a Specialty at Lowest Rates

Choking Catarrh.
Have you awakened from a disturbed sleep with all the horrible sensations of an assassin clutching your throat and pressing the life-breath from your tightened chest? Have you noticed the languor and debility that succeed the effort to clear your throat and head of this catarrhal matter? What a depressing influence it exerts upon the mind, clouding the memory and filling the head with pains and strange noises! How difficult it is to rid the nasal passages, throat and lungs of this poisonous mucus all can testify who are afflicted with catarrh. How difficult to protect the system against its further progress towards the lungs, liver and kidneys, all physicians will admit. It is a terrible disease, and cries out for relief and cure.
The remarkable curative powers, when all other remedies utterly fail, of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE, are attested by thousands who gratefully recommend it to fellow-sufferers. No statement is made regarding it that cannot be substantiated by the most respectable and reliable references.
Each packet contains one bottle of the RADICAL CURE, one box of CATARRHAL SOLVENT, and an IMPROVED INHALER, with treatise and directions, and is sold by all druggists for $1.
POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

HOW MY SIDE ACHES.

From the bench and the counter, from the loom and the sewing-machine goes up the cry of pain and weakness. Aching Sides and Back, Kidney and Uterine Pains, Strains and Weakness, Coughs, Colds and Chest Pains, and every Pain and Ache of daily toil relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. Now, cleanly and odorless. At druggists, 25c.; Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

LATEST EDITION
PILING UP.
To-Day's Sensational Developments in the Adams Express Robbery.
Additional Evidence Which Looks Bad for Messenger Fotheringham.
Strong Chain of Circumstances Which Led to the Indictment.
"Jim Cummings" and "Richard Roe" Gradually but Surely Materializing—The Detectives Now Sure of the Identity of Both—Some Very Queer Facts About the "Jim Cummings" Letter—Fotheringham Talks—The Indictment and the Witnesses Who Furnished the Testimony—Latest Developments in the Express Robbery.

The results achieved in clearing up the Adams Express robbery are not as satisfactory as it was expected they would be two weeks ago. Gradually a great many facts and circumstances have been brought to light that direct suspicions against Messenger Fotheringham. Some of them are of a convincing character. One fact is generally acknowledged, and that is that no prisoner was ever shielded by a better behavior than Fotheringham. His conduct has perplexed the detectives even in the light of the developments. During his detention at the Southern Hotel he was requested to repeat his statement of the robbery time and again in the hope that if he was telling a concocted story in some of the repetitions he would lose the keystone, and his story would fall to pieces. If he let slip any damaging admission it has been kept a profound secret by those who had him in charge. It is certain, however, that he made no admission or contradiction of sufficient importance to settle the case; and from the fact that the detectives were obliged to resort to handwriting evidence and to ask Fotheringham for samples of his chirography one would conclude that the operatives were contenting themselves with small pieces of evidence, which must accordingly have been a precious commodity.
The operatives, who all believe Fotheringham guilty and believe that the fact will be proven beyond doubt in a short time, are impressed with the fact that the prisoner has given a great many evidences of truthfulness. In accounting for how he spent his time in St. Louis while off his run his statements were all found to be true. This part of the investigation was pursued with the greatest accuracy. As each admission of how he spent a certain hour was obtained operatives were hurried out to verify the statement. Unusual care was exercised, as it was supposed that within this time, if he was guiltily implicated, he must have met "Jim Cummings," as a young man's courage in such a criminal undertaking could scarcely sustain itself for forty-eight hours without the support of an interview with confederates. This they proved entirely wrong. No Jim Cummings was unearthed, and where Fotheringham—whether innocent or guilty—had reasons to be without a possibility of detection he told the truth under protest. When warned that if he was innocent of the robbery the best thing he could do was to tell the fullest truth, he said he was willing to do so, and in no instance were his main statements disproven. These facts are admitted even by those who believe him guilty, and who hope to soon complete a chain of evidence for presentation in the Criminal Court. Already a long string of convincing statements have been made going to establish Fotheringham's guilt.
The most criminating testimony comes in shape of handwriting. On the day after the robbery of the express car on the 'Frisco road Fotheringham came back to St. Louis on the east-bound train, having turned over his rifled car to Joe C. Griffith, another messenger, who was coming east. The facts concerning the robbery were telegraphed to Superintendent Damsel at 1 o'clock, and work was immediately begun on the case. When Fotheringham returned in the morning he was immediately taken in charge by the express people, and held by them until he was sent to jail. On the first day his trunk, which was stored in the sleeping room of the Adams Express messengers, was seized, and has since been rifled. It is stated that in this trunk a sheet of paper was found on which the name of J. B. Barrett was written a great many times, and each time approaching nearer to the genuine signature of the superintendent. This sheet together with the letter written to Frank James, the letter written to the Globe-Democrat and the letter written to Mrs. Roote at Mansfield, Mo., and a sample of Fotheringham's writing were submitted to F. W. H. Wiesehahn, an expert, who pronounced them the same handwriting and the production of the same man. This is most convincing proof of Fotheringham's complicity if it is established in court. Other convicting points, such as Engineer Heffernan's story to the effect that the man who asked him where the 'Frisco express car was, on the night of the 25th, entered the car without showing any letter have also been established. Messenger Griffith maintains that Fotheringham told him at Rolla, on the night of the robbery, that Cummings had attacked him while he (Fotheringham) was sitting on a box, and had put his knee against his back. This contradicts the story of the messenger, which is to the effect that Cummings attacked him while he was standing with his back turned. This point is not a strong one, however, as Fotheringham used the word "box" in all his accounts of the robbery, and said his way bills were on the box. The facts brought out against the prisoner are strong and will be hard to disprove.

WHAT THE MESSENGER SAYS.

Fotheringham was seen this morning in jail and asked what he had to say concerning the statements to the effect that papers had been found in his trunk showing that he had practiced writing the name of J. B. Barrett and that the writing corresponded with the James and Cummings letters. "I'll only say this that I may have written Mr. Barrett's name on some papers in my trunk; I have a habit of scribbling when I sit down. I don't remember writing this that the paper speaks of, but I didn't do it with any idea of forgery. My lawyers have advised me not to speak about the case. I don't know why they should; I have nothing to conceal, but they have strongly advised me not to do so and I hope you won't think me uncivil not to talk about it. I was never in any trouble before in my life. I never met a newspaper man until I met a POST-DISPATCH reporter on the 27th of last month, and all these things are new to me. I never did have a very good head of my own and, though I don't see why, I guess I had best obey my attorney's instructions and say nothing about the case. I know one thing, and that is that I am innocent of this robbery, and time will prove it. I have been ready all the time to give any assistance in my power. I've been working in the dark. While I was at the hotel I did whatever I was asked to do. I answered every conceivable question and did things and answered questions that I've got no idea in the world of what use it was or for what purpose. They only let me know what they wanted me to know. I don't know half as much about these things as you reporters do. I don't like this place much, but for the present I guess I'll have to stand it."
During this conversation, Maxwell, the deposed attraction of the jail, went up to his cell. Calling attention to the distinguished prisoner, the reporter asked, "What do you think of Maxwell?" "I don't know," said Fotheringham, "what to think of him. Somebody here said that he talked about his sister as one might of a woman of the town. If that's true of him I don't want to make his acquaintance." The look of disgust that overspread the messenger's face, as he looked up to the tier, was one of unmistakable genuineness.

LOOKS GLOOMY FOR FOTHERINGHAM.

In addition to the story of Mr. James Heffernan, the Wabash locomotive engineer, which was published in yesterday's issue of the POST-DISPATCH, the Republican this morning prints the testimony given before the Grand-jury upon which the indictment was found against Messenger Fotheringham, Jim Cummings and Richard Roe. The testimony is largely that of Mr. F. W. H. Wiesehahn, an expert in the identification of handwriting and a professional penman himself, and is mentioned above. It was in relation to certain writing found in the trunk of Fotheringham, which was seized by the express company after the robbery was committed. This writing was upon several sheets of paper, and was the evident work of some penman to perfect himself in the imitation of the signature of J. B. Barrett, Route Agent of the express company. These other documents upon which the forgery had been practiced and which were also found in the trunk were submitted to the inspection of Mr. Wiesehahn. The letter written to Frank James, the sympathetic letter to the messenger's mother, inclosing $60 and the letter signed by Cummings, and inclosing the express packages wrappers and indicating the hiding place of the skiff, guns, etc., which came to the Globe-Democrat, were also placed in evidence. After an exhaustive examination of them Mr. Wiesehahn swore positively that the writing was all the work of one and the same hand. He minutely pointed out the similarity which convinced him of this fact and said that the writing of Fotheringham was that of the same penman who had written these three letters. The expert also declared that Fotheringham wrote at least half a dozen distinct hands, all easily distinguishable. Mr. Wiesehahn in an interview is quoted at length as to the means by which he judges the identity of a handwriting. He said, that an individual was as much personified in his handwriting and as easily recognized by it as by his face, figure, speech or other peculiarities, and the characteristics of the handwriting would show through all efforts to distort it as plainly as would the distinguishing characteristics of voice, face and walk in an attempt to disguise them. Mr. Wiesehahn also said that under a microscope there appeared in all writing a characteristic nerve tremor unknown to the individual and uncontrollable by him. This tremor, Mr. Wiesehahn said, was the most unfailing means of identifying a handwriting. In relation to the Globe-Democrat letter the speaker said that there was evidence that it had been written four days before the robbery, on October 21, and the date had been changed from the 21st to the 31st. The date line, St. Jos, also indicated that it had been attached to the letter after the letter was written. The letter indicated too, that it had been written at different sittings, and not at one time, while the James letter and the one to the messenger's mother had each been written at one sitting. Certain peculiarities in making his letters, as the capitals D, I, N, and J, and the small t's and g's, ran through all of Fotheringham's letters also those in evidence, and the line of the manuscript song, "I'm a man you don't meet every day." In Mr. Wiesehahn's opinion the imprisoned messenger was a very skillful writer.
Other witnesses before the Grand-jury were the baggageman of the train on which the robbery took place, the conductor, Mr. Sprinkle, the telegraph operator of South Kirkwood, Mr. Parker, and Mr. J. C. Griffith of Rolla.
The baggageman testified that when he, one of the first to do so, entered the car where the messenger was found bound, the gag was lying on Fotheringham's breast, all cut up, and according to the statement made by the messenger, although his hands were tied behind his back, a position of things difficult of explanation to say the least. The telegraph operator testified that wishing to speak to the baggageman he rapped at the door of the express car. He tried the door gently at first and then shook it violently and cried out: "What in the devil is the matter with you fellows? Are you all asleep?" He listened for an answer, but none came. The interior of the car was silent. Noting that he was trying to get into the wrong car, the operator went to the other. This statement is placed against that of Fotheringham to the effect that the attack upon him had been made as the train was passing Oak Ridge from which point to South Kirkwood, where Mr. Parker rapped and called as above, is but two minutes' run.

THE LETTER TO MRS. ROOT.

While Fotheringham was at the Southern Hotel Superintendent Damsel, acting on the suggestion of Detective Pinkerton, instructed Fotheringham to write a letter which he would dictate. Under this instruction the messenger wrote a letter which was addressed to his mother and of which the following is a part:
MRS. ROOT—Seeing the mean, shameful way in which the papers speak of Dave and as it may be a long time before he is shown to be innocent in the eyes of the Express Company and sometime before he goes to work * * * You have my sympathy and the sympathy of other of Dave's old schoolmates here. Please accept the enclosed as it may come handy from one of Dave's old schoolmates. Yours truly,
St. Jos, Mo., November 2, 1886.
After he had written it in a running hand he was instructed to copy it in back hand. This he did. Mr. Damsel then took both letters. What became of them subsequently no one knows but the express people. A few days ago Mrs. Root received a letter from her husband at Mansfield, Mo., stating that he had received by mail from St. Joseph a letter purporting to come from a schoolmate of Jeb (Dave) and inclosing $60. He at once forwarded the letter and contents to Mr. Barrett of the Express Company. As Mr. Root and his stepson have not met since the robbery they do not know whether this letter, which was received at Mansfield, was one of the letters written by Fotheringham or another letter entirely. It is not known which letter was submitted to the Grand-jury for identification by Mr. Wiesehahn the expert.

THE HOUSE'S SECRET.

Fotheringham has stated that he had been taken out by his guard several times to shadow a house at Seventeenth and Chestnut streets, where it was believed the dark-complexioned man described by the messenger was stopping. The detectives were led to this belief by the fact that a man somewhat like the description lived around there and was spending money in a lavish way, flying around in a cab in a free and easy manner. The house was located this morning by a POST-DISPATCH reporter, who learned of the existence of such a man, having the familiar name of Dan Moriarty. He has been employed at the Union Depot Yards, and a short time ago received $5,000 from a deceased uncle. He had a friend in Billy Melville, a cabman, who frequently called on Dan and the two would drive out to have some fun with the windfall. The generous way he disposed of his funds aroused a suspicion which was strengthened by the cab's appearance at his door at all hours. Moriarty left last night, saying he was going to Leavenworth, Kan., and would not be back for fifteen days. He showed a complimentary letter granting him leave of absence from Superintendent Jones of the yards.

NOT CANCELLED AT ST. JOE.

A very singular feature of the package mailed to the Globe-Democrat containing the money wrappers, the bank clerk's check and the Cummings letter is that no special attempt was made by the Grand-jury to go back of the returns. On the back of the indictment appears the names of the witnesses, but in the list does not figure the name of Mr. John Martin of the Globe-Democrat, although he was the one who turned it over to Mr. Damsel. The testimony about the package began with the statement of Mr. Damsel, who testified he had received the package from Mr. Martin.
When the mysterious package was found,

over by the Globe-Democrat to the detectives the latter at once began to inquire as to whether it had been mailed as claimed at St. Joe. The stamps afforded a good working basis, and with these they went to work. On the package were forty-eight stamps, which had apparently been properly canceled. The opinion of post-office officials acquainted with all the methods of stamp cancellation was sought, when the startling fact was disclosed that the stamps had not been canceled at St. Joe. As soon as the package was laid down before a local Post-office official he said at once the stamping had been done with

A PIECE OF CORK

and not with a stamp such as would be used in an office like St. Joe. The piece of cork, in the opinion of the official, was at the end about as large as the circle that would be inclosed by the union of the forefinger and thumb. This had evidently been inked and the daubing done in place of the regular cancellation. When this was communicated to the detective he looked somewhat puzzled, but took the package away.

A CLEAR "FAKE."

Later developments showed that the package had never been mailed at any post-office, nor had it passed through any Post-office. Local Post-office officials think that it was dropped in the Globe-Democrat office at or about the carrier's time of arriving to give the impression of having been brought in the mail.

The Indictments.

The indictments against Fotheringham have been carefully drawn under the railroad section of the statutes, and on their face show that it is the intention of the express company to prosecute the case to a finish. The two indictments charge the theft of $90,000, one charging the theft of $60,000 and the other of $30,000. They will be docketed in the Criminal Court for the January term. The first of the indictments is as follows:

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.:
ST. LOUIS CRIMINAL COURT,
NOVEMBER TERM, 1886.

The Grand-jurors of the State of Missouri, within and for the body of the City of St. Louis, now here in court, duly empaneled, sworn and charged, upon their oath present that David J. Fotheringham and Jim Cummings, whose true name is to the Grand-jurors unknown, and Richard Roe, whose true name is to the Grand-jurors unknown, late of the City of St. Louis, on the 25th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1886, at the City of St. Louis aforesaid, $60,000 in lawful money of the United States of the value of $60,000 of the moneys, property, goods and chattels of the Adams Express Company, a joint stock association, duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York, Wm. B. Dinsmore, President thereof, then and there being found feloniously did then and there steal, take and carry away from a railroad car belonging to and then and there being operated and run on a voyage and trip through the State of Missouri by the said Adams Express Co., a joint stock association, Wm. B. Dinsmore, President thereof, as aforesaid, while the said railroad car was then and there in the course of a voyage and trip from the City of St. Louis, in said State of Missouri, thence through and across said State to Kansas City, in said State of Missouri, with the intent then and there to deprive the owners of the use thereof and to convert the same to their own use, contrary to the form of the statute in such case made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the State.

And the Grand-jurors aforesaid, upon their oath aforesaid, do further present that Jim Cummings, whose true name is to the Grand-jurors unknown, late of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and Richard Roe, whose true name is to the Grand-jurors unknown, late of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, on the 25th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1886, at the City of St. Louis aforesaid, with force and arms $60,000 lawful money of the United States, of the value of $60,000 of the moneys, property, goods and chattels of the Adams Express Company, a joint stock association, duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York, Wm. B. Dinsmore, President thereof, before then, feloniously stolen, taken and carried away from another, feloniously did receive and have they the said Jim Cummings, whose true name is to the Grand-jurors unknown, and Richard Roe, whose true name is to the Grand-jurors unknown, then and there well knowing the said money, property, goods and chattels to have been so feloniously stolen, taken and carried away, as aforesaid, contrary to the form of the statute in such cases made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the State.

MARSHALL F. McDONALD,
Assistant Circuit Attorney.

A second indictment against the same parties charges the theft of $30,000.

The following names of witnesses are entered on the indictments, which are entitled, "Grand Larceny and Receiving Stolen Property:" W. H. Damsel, John B. Barrett, Robert A. Pinkerton, W. J. Weibasky, J. C. Magin, T. B. Cleary, J. Melay, E. H. Wing, Thos. Dwyer, James Heffernan, H. C. Sprinkle, Wm. Bodenheimer, E. W. H. Wiesehahn, J. M. Pogue, W. J. Lane, W. T. Williams, J. L. Calhoun, W. E. Collins, J. V. Parker, W. M. Dyer, J. C. Griffith.

WHAT IT MEANS.

The indictments against Richard Roe and Jim Cummings are to enable the detectives to arrest and hold two men who are known to have been concerned in the case. The "Jim Cummings" letter and the plant on the Missouri River about a mile below the St. Charles bridge. There were some guns in one place and a skiff in another. The skiff was found and a lot of stuff, coffee pot, skillet, and particularly concealed just west of the skiff you will find a box of grub, coffee, bacon, sugar, etc. I came down the river in the skiff Tuesday night, October 26-27, from a point opposite Labadie."

The detectives found the stuff at the point named, and following the river on the course named they found the storekeeper who sold the goods found as described. From this person, Wm. Bodenheimer and another witness taken before the Grand-jury descriptions of two men who purchased the goods found in the plant were obtained. These descriptions were thorough, and being so will enable the detectives to arrest these purchasers on sight. The evidence of the storekeeper who sold the goods, the evidence of the detective who found the goods, and the "Jim Cummings" letter and Fotheringham's statement reported by Superintendent Damsel were the grounds upon which these two indictments rest. The plant, it is held by the detective contingent, was made prior to the robbery, and it is also held by them that Fotheringham wrote the letter which was afterwards received by the Globe-Democrat. The Grand-jury tried to get before it John C. Martin, the city editor of the Globe-Democrat, to secure a history of the letter, but that gentleman was ill and could not respond to the summons. Beyond the three points of evidence mentioned as the grounds of the Richard Roe and Jim Cummings indictments there was no further testimony presented against those individuals. And although the detectives suspect several persons, and the descriptions fit generally several possible parties to the robbery, they do not know anything sufficiently definite to justify the arrest of the suspected persons. The public knows as well who Richard Roe and Jim Cummings are as the detectives.

It was thought by several that the Richard Roe indictment was intended to cover the arrest and imprisonment of a detective whose incarceration with Fotheringham would give him an opportunity to secure the messenger's confidence and possibly a confession. When that was done it would be easier to have him released, and less talk would be occasioned on his release under such an India rubber indictment. There is a possibility that this game will be attempted, but the Grand-jury fully believed that there were three parties to the robbery.

THE WITNESSES

whose names appear upon the indictment are W. H. Damsel, Superintendent of the Adams Express Company for this division; Route Agent J. B. Barrett, Robert Allen Pinkerton the detective and his operatives W. J. Weibasky J. C. Magin, T. B. Cleary, J. Melay and E. H. Wing; Thos. Dwyer, the porter who assisted Fotheringham before the train left the Union Depot; James Heffernan, the Wabash engineer who saw the robber get into the car; H. C. Sprinkle, the conductor on the 'Frisco train the night of the robbery; Wm. Bodenheimer, the storekeeper; E. W. H. Wiesehahn, the writing expert; J. M. Pogue, money clerk, at the Adams Express office; W. J. Lane, a driver in the employ of the Adams Express Company; W. T. Williams, a clerk in the express office; James L. Calhoun, Assistant Agent of the Adams in St. Louis; W. E. Collins, another employe; J. V. Parker, the messenger who exchanged with Fotheringham at Rolla when the latter wished to return to St. Louis after the robbery; W. M. Dyer and J. C. Griffith.

Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Branch and youngest son left last Monday to visit friends at Clinton, Mo.

WAITING ON WALDEMAR.

THE PRINCE'S ACCEPTANCE RESTS WITH THE KING OF DENMARK.

Probability That the Prince Will Not Accept the Bulgarian Throne—The Danish Press Advise Waldemar to Decline—Action of the Powers Respecting Russia's Attitude—The Egyptian Occupation—Volcanic Eruptions in Mexico—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, November 11.—Prince Waldemar, the youngest son of the King of Denmark, has been elected to succeed Prince Alexander on the throne of Bulgaria. A secret session of the Sobranje, held at Tirnova Tuesday evening, determined upon this course after a long debate, and at the session yesterday morning the Danish Prince was elected by acclamation. When M. Radoslavoff, the Prime Minister, proposed the name of Waldemar the whole Assembly rose in a body and confirmed the selection with a great show of enthusiasm, but it was noticed that the public in the galleries exhibited no signs of gratification or approval. Nobody seems to believe that Prince Waldemar will accept his election or that it was intended he should accept. His selection, instead, is regarded as a step in a series of Bulgarian politic moves to put Russia in the wrong. Fourteen months ago, when Prince Alexander gathered his army in Roumelia, and imperilled his throne thereby, it was understood Russia put pressure on the Porte to remove him, and substitute Prince Waldemar. It was even said in the gossip of the day that the Czarina declared her intention to present the Bulgarian crown to her brother as a wedding present. It happened, however, that Alexander weathered the storm and held the throne for a time, despite Russian intrigues. Now, when the throne is vacant, Russia occupies the position of declaring the Sobranje utterly incompetent to elect a legal successor. Therefore, the Sobranje goes to work and unanimously elects the candidate Russia formerly favored, but whom

RUSSIA IS NOW BOUND TO REJECT,

even if he accepts, which is not probable. Russia would be unable to explain or justify her rejection of Waldemar on any grounds which are intelligible or logical. France would join in the Russian objection on the ground that the Prince married an Orleans Princess, which is not very tenable, but would suffice to satisfy the Parisian radicals.

But it is probable that Waldemar, who is at Cannes, will refuse the proffered throne. I heard last night that the Sobranje will then be likely to invite Prince Alexander to return. Either this or inability to form a quorum will be the signal for fresh Russian aggressiveness. Europe, at last, has awakened to the fact that Russia will not have it all her own way in the Euxine. Lord Salisbury's speech was the boldest an English Premier has uttered for many years. An old diplomate, last night, said it recalled nothing so much as the speech the French Emperor made on New Year, 1870, which prepared the world for the Prussian war. Lord Salisbury's talk was distinctly bellicose and tantamount to a declaration that England will fight if Austria and Turkey are ready. Yesterday's Pesth Lloyd seems to show that Austria, if not ready, at least feels that she must fight and is resigned to the ordeal. Austrian troops are being massed at Cracow on the Russian frontier, a concentration, which has been going on for a month back across the border. Austria is also ready to send two corps into Servia with Servian co-operation. It is worth while to note that the only vulnerable point on the Austro-Russian frontier for a Russian invasion is between Cracow and Kattowitz. Every other point is defended by mountain ranges. Strategists say that this entrance by the neck of the bottle is extremely dangerous to invaders, since Germany could cut across it at any moment if she chose, and it is impossible sufficiently to protect it to the rear. Much importance is now attached to the Roumanian attitude which is openly pro-Russian. King Charles is believed to be guided by Prince Bismarck. It is notable, too, that the Berlin papers have suddenly turned face and now laugh at Greece, Russia, and Servia quite as if the time had come to spring the trap upon the bear. The question is if he will not draw back?

ACTION OF THE POWERS.

BUDA-PESTH, November 11.—After the election of Prince Waldemar to the Bulgarian throne yesterday the Austrian and German Ambassadors at St. Petersburg were instructed by their Governments to inquire of Russia the name of the candidate she favored as Prince Alexander's successor. If Russia refuses to accept the election of Prince Waldemar or to nominate another candidate, it will be considered that she intends to make signs against Bulgarian independence, and in this event England, Germany, Austria and Italy will arrive at an understanding similar to the one that existed among them at the period of the Berlin Congress.

PRINCE WALDEMAR'S REPLY.

TIRNOVA, November 11.—Prince Waldemar has sent a telegram to the deputies expressing his grateful sense of the honor conferred on him by the Sobranje electing him Prince of Bulgaria. He states, however, that the decision as to his acceptance rests with his father, the King of Denmark, and adds that other duties may prevent his assuming the ruliership of Bulgaria. The Prince's reply is considered to presage his refusal to the throne.

AUSTRIA TO DECLINE.

COPENHAGEN, November 11.—The Danish papers generally advise Prince Waldemar to refuse the Bulgarian throne. It is announced that Prince Waldemar will consult his family before deciding.

A FRENCH RUMOR.

PARIS, November 11.—A report in circulation here declares that Prince Waldemar will not accept the Bulgarian throne.

ITALY AND ENGLAND.

LONDON, November 11.—It is asserted that three Italian iron-clads have been ordered to join the British fleet at Malta.

England.

THANKED BY THE DUKE.

LONDON, November 11.—The Duke of Cambridge, Commander-in-Chief of the forces, has sent through Gen. Wolseley to the officers and soldiers who aided in suppressing the recent Belfast riots a communication commending them highly for their conduct during the troubles in that city.

COLONIAL EXHIBITION CLOSED.

The Colonial Exhibition has been closed. The total number of visitors was 5,550,749, and the average daily attendance numbered 33,846.

Egypt.

THE OCCUPATION CONTROVERSY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 11.—The impending negotions between Sir William White, British Ambassador to Turkey, and the Porte, relative to the Egyptian question, will, it is now stated, be completed forthwith according to the instructions given previously. The basis of the fresh understanding will be the joint report on the condition of Egypt to be made by Moukhtar Pacha, and Sir Henry Drummond Wolff, the special Turkish and English Envoys, respectively, who have been for some time engaged in the work of investigating Egyptian affairs. Their report deals with the working of the present Anglo-Turkish Convention in Egypt, and makes suggestions as to how the reforms in the military, civil and other departments of the Khedive's Government specified in the convention can best be carried into execution.

FRENCH PRESS COMMENTS.

PARIS, November 11.—The French press continues to discuss Lord Salisbury's declaration about the British occupation of Egypt, but all the comments are made in a very moderate tone.

Germany.

THE EMPEROR'S SOVEREIGNS.

BERLIN, November 11.—Emperor William has consented that on January 1, the eightieth anniversary of his admission to the army, a collection be made to enable a committee to present to as many of his past and present soldiers as possible souvenirs of his long military career.

It is reported that Dr. Theodore Mutzer will be appointed German Secretary to Queen Victoria.

Mexico.

THE VOLCANO, COLIMA.

CITY OF MEXICO via GALVESTON, November 11.—The distinguished scientist, Senor Mariano Barcena, who was sent by the Government to examine the volcano, Colima, reports that he ascended to the summit and made observations near the crater. The eruption was going on without violence, and clouds of steam were continually arising. At the southeast of the principal crater a deep fissure was observed, from which proceeded showers of incandescent rocks. Volcanic showers of sand and ashes have been carried to a considerable distance, but no damage has been done to adjacent towns. It is reported that a volcano on Islas Blancas, off the Pacific coast, is in full eruption, emitting a column of flame and smoke a hundred feet in diameter.

France.

STOPPED BY FLOODS.

PARIS, November 11.—Railway traffic in the South of France has been stopped by the floods.

The Dominion.

DR. BELL'S OBSERVATION.

OTTAWA, Ont., November 11.—Dr. Robert Bell of the Geological Survey, has returned to Ottawa from a four months' exploration of the Sevrin district, south of Hudson's Bay. The result of his observations is to show the practicability, so far as this construction is concerned, of the Hudson Bay Railway. The character of the country, Dr. Bell says, is in every respect adapted to the construction of the line, and no engineering difficulties of any moment will be met with. He is confident of the success of the railway scheme, and says that Churchill Harbor is open five months in the year, and the straits would meet all requirements.

TREATY WITH THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.

The question of a treaty between Canada and the Sandwich Islands is under consideration by the Dominion Government. A Commissioner has been appointed to proceed to the West Indies and report upon the best method of developing trade relations.

THE HOKE EXTRADITION CASE.

MONTREAL, November 11.—Extradition proceedings against John F. Hoke were proceeded with this morning and again adjourned until to-morrow. No new evidence of any importance was elicited.

POPE'S THEATER.

Negotiations for the Lease and Purchase of the Property.

Another rumor to the effect that Pope's Theater had been disposed of is current on the street. It was stated by a gentleman who claimed to know direct from one of the negotiators that a proposition to lease the theater property at an annual rental of $15,000, with the privilege of purchasing within ten years for $350,000, had been made. It was also stated that the agent of the syndicate was searching for a responsible man who would be willing to sub-lease the theater proper for a term of years within the limit of the sale period. The negotiations were said to be practically completed, with the exception of the final formalities of signing the lease. A conditional contract was even said to have been signed pending these terms. The negotiations have not yet been completed, as far as can be learned, but are a part of a series of propositions which have been submitted to Mr. Pope within the last year. Mr. H. W. Leffingwell is said to be the gentleman who is conducting the transaction for himself and other parties. Last spring Mr. Leffingwell offered Mr. Pope for himself and Chicago and New York men $210,000 cash for the property. The offer was rejected after short consideration. Since then several propositions have been entertained, yesterday's report at $300,000 and finally this last one to lease with the privilege of purchasing within ten years.

The property is 100x153 feet on Ninth and Olive streets, one of the best locations in the city and in the line of the greatest improvement. It is adjacent to the Custom-house and prominent by reason of the distance the Custom-house is placed from the street. Across the street is the Emilie building, and the new Odd Fellows' building is being built on the opposite corner. If the sale should be made the plans of the new owners contemplate a change in time of the building into an office and business structure. Mr. Charles Pope, when asked if his property had been sold, answered promptly that it had not been.

"Has it been leased?"

"No; it has not."

"Are you considering a proposition to lease the property?"

"I might consider such a proposition."

"Are not negotiations now pending looking to that end?"

"I decline to answer that question. I had rather not say anything about it."

The other parties to the negotiation decline to talk about them, but intimate that a change in the ownership is a near contingency.

The property is at present mortgaged to the Manchester Bank of New Hampshire for $150,000, with interest at 5 per cent, and it is understood that a proposition to increase the loan to $165,000 in order to still further clear off the minor indebtedness of the house has been made.

BELL WINS.

Decision in the Case of the United States vs. the Telephone Monopoly.

CINCINNATI, November 11.—The opinion of the United States Circuit Court in the case of the Government against the American Bell Telephone Company was delivered this morning by Judge Sage. It is very voluminous and is in favor of the American Bell Telephone Company. Taking up first the defendant's motion to quash the return, the Court granted the motion on the ground that the service, according to the Marshal's return, had been made upon local corporations in Ohio, designated by the law as agents and partners of the defendant. The Court found that the local corporations were not such agents as are contemplated by the Ohio statute defining the method of obtaining service upon foreign corporations in Ohio. Taking up then the plea in abatement which, by the election of the Government had been set down for argument instead of being put in issue, and thereby became entitled to treatment by the Court as if its statements had all been established by proof, the Court found that the proper elements for giving this Court jurisdiction, namely: Carrying on business in Ohio; second, carrying on business through Ohio through a general agent, and third, a local statute providing that service should be made on such general or managing agent, did not exist. The business in Ohio is done by local companies, who lease instruments from the parent company. There is no general or managing agent of the parent company in Ohio. As to the claim of the Government that the dealing in a patent made the company a domestic one in the entire Territory of the United States consistent with the patent, the Court held that it could not be sustained. The grant to a patentee is the right to exclude others from making or selling his patent. His right to sell is only the common law right and is not a franchise from the Government. The bill was dismissed for want of jurisdiction and without prejudice to instituting suit elsewhere.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Opening of the Iron Bar Mill at the Vulcan Works—Notes from South End.

The Vulcan Steel-works will open their new bar mill early next week. The new addition will give employment to over three hundred men.

Edward J. Riche, a conductor on the South St. Louis Railroad, and William Hayman were arrested yesterday afternoon by officer Tom O'Brien for throwing rocks at little school children on their way home from school. In the Police Court this morning Justice Von Gerichten fined them each $5, but remitted the fines on the payment of a dollar.

Robert Kilpatrick, President of the South St. Louis Foundry, has illuminated his place for night work with electricity. It is anticipated that the Iron Mountain Railroad Company will place similar lights around the yards at Roberts avenue.

Mr. John Cummings, a well-known young man of this vicinity, will, it is reported, wed one of Carondelet's fairest daughters about the latter part of this month.

Next Sunday evening the following well-known gentlemen leave for a four-weeks' hunt along the Black River, near Moore, on the Iron Mountain & Southern Railroad: C. S. Wheeler, captain; C. W. Hoffmeister, surgeon; John Lange, chief cook; Barney O'Reilly, commissary sergeant, with the following well-known backwoodsmen: Gus Franke, Jack Lose, Louis Lobsinger, Fred Irons and Max Hoffmeister. The tents and utensils for the occasion will be shipped tonight to Poplar Bluff to await their arrival.

The third annual masquerade ball of North Star Lodge, No. 899, K. and L. of Honor, takes place to-morrow evening at Masonic Hall. The arrangements indicate that the affair will be very enjoyable.

A FLOATING FURNACE.

THE BURNING OF THE BRITISH BARK CASPER AT ST. PIERRE.

Narrow Escape of the Captain and Crew—Futile Attempts to Save the Ship—Fatal Boiler Explosion—Lost in a Gale—An Unknown Craft Wrecked—Relics of the Rio Disaster—A Residence Wrecked by a Natural Gas Explosion—Casualties.

NEW YORK, November 11.—A special to the Herald from St. Pierre, Miquelon, says: The burning ship that appeared off this Island on Monday proves to be the British bark Casper of Swansea, Capt. Roberts. The captain and his crew had a very narrow escape from death. They have reached the Island in safety, and their story as told by Capt. Roberts is as follows: The Casper sailed from Miramichi, N. B., on the 29th of October, laden with deals for Swansea. Fire was discovered in the cargo forward on November 7. How it originated, the captain says, he has not the remotest idea. Means were at once taken to suppress it. Holes were bored in the deck, and volumes of water were poured through them upon the blazing masses of lumber in the hold. The effort to extinguish the flames was vain. Then every aparture was closed, and as fully as possible all air was excluded from what had now become literally a furnace. Still the fire raged, gaining in volume, to the eminent peril of all on board. Finally the flames burned through the rounds, eating their way through the deck and running with great rapidity

THROUGH THE RIGGING.

"They wrapped the ship in splendor wild," she was a mass of flames. To add to the terror of the occasion there was prevailing a southeast gale that tossed the burning vessel about upon waves that were mountains high. To remain upon the ship was certain death. To leave her in the long boat, the only alternative, was to brave a fate almost as certain. It seemed but turning from the devouring flames to the devouring sea. Capt. Roberts had sighted land at about twenty miles distant and it was resolved to trust to the mercy of the waves. Into the long boat went the thirteen men eager for life and nerved by their desire to live for an almost hopeless struggle with the angry waves. The tiny craft, with its living freight, was buffeted by the raging seas through twelve long hours. Every moment the men expected to be swamped but their boat rode the waves as though conscious of the value of her burden. It seemed almost a miracle that she should live in such a tempest, and there was consciousness of an overruling power in the hearts of the thirteen men whom, in the midst of the darkness of a stormy night, she landed safe and well on the shores of Miquelon.

The effort of the authorities here to save the Casper by firing cannon shot through her has proved a failure. Five shots pierced her side yesterday, but she still continues to live like Holy Willie, a burning and a shining light. Evidently nothing will be left of the ship or cargo.

Relics of the Rio Disaster.

MILWAUKEE, November 11.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin, from Portage, Wis., says: Col. Allen made to-day public the list of articles taken from the bodies of the victims of the recent railway wreck at East Rio, and also the relics recovered from the ashes and debris of the burned day coach. The latter consist mainly of metallic substances such as pocket knives, coins, keys, baggage checks, watches and chains, etc. Included in the list is a small cast-iron child's money safe, containing two pennies. It is thought the publication of the melancholy list may lead to the identification of the unknown persons who lost their lives in the terrible wreck.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

NEW ORLEANS, La., November 11.—At Myrtle Grove Plantation, in Plaquemine Parish, owned by Congressman-elect Wilkinson, the boiler of the draining machine exploded yesterday killing the engineer in charge, Gabriel Barroughs, and badly scalding and dangerously injuring the fireman and another hand. The boiler was blown an eighth of a mile and the concussion was felt for miles up and down the river.

Not Identified.

FRANKFORT, Mich., November 11.—Nothing can be learned as to the name of the craft whose wreckage has been drifting ashore for two days. The missing barge Mabel Wilson, which broke away from the propeller Kittie Forbes, is at the island with a broken rudder, awaiting the arrival of the Forbes. She drifted helplessly three days after breaking away from the Forbes.

Natural Gas Explosion.

PITTSBURG, Pa., November 11.—The residence of Reuben Baker of Latrobe, Pa., was completely wrecked by a natural gas explosion at 10 o'clock this morning. The pipes had just been connected and the gas turned on when the explosion took place. Fortunately none of the family were in the house at the time. The loss was $10,000.

Lost in a Gale.

DETROIT, Mich., November 11.—Edward J. Routley, William Walsh and Joseph Young, fishermen, have been lost, with their boat, in the recent gale off Manitoulin Island, Lake Huron. The men were at Gore Bay and sought to make their home at Cape Robert, twenty-five miles away, but have not since been heard from. Routley hailed from Windsor, Ont., and Young and Walsh from Bay City.

Burned to Death.

DETROIT, Mich., November 11.—An Evening Journal, Edmore special says: The shingle mill of Kizer & Williams, northeast of here, was burned late last night. The night-watchman, John Hayes, aged 26, was burned to a crisp.

MATTERS IN COURT.

Damages Claimed for a Level-Crossing Accident—Notes Under the Dome.

An intervening petition for $15,000 damages against the Wabash was filed to-day in the Federal Court by Michael Justus in behalf of his son Richard, who was run over by a locomotive at the Gano avenue crossing on the 3d of last July, crushing his left foot and ankle.

The hearing of the Transfer Railway Company's proceeding against the Iron Mountain Railway Company and others, relative to condemnation, is set for the 26th instant before Judge Thayer.

Messrs. Davis & Davis have been given until the 17th inst. to comply with the order of the Circuit Court relative to surrendering the papers belonging to clients, the Supreme Council Knights and Ladies of Honor. Messrs. Davis have taken the matter up to the Supreme Court.

A special jury has been summoned for the trial of the Gunn libel suit against the Globe Printing Company on the 17th inst., before Judge Valliant.

The Court of Appeals to-day adjourned until Monday morning when the Missouri Pacific prohibition case relative to the Kansas City and Colorado Railroad Company's right of way will be argued and submitted.

The following judgments were rendered in the Circuit Court to-day: Geo. A. Garrage vs. Henry McNichols; judgment for plaintiff for $72.50. Reinhard vs. Dorsey Coal Company; judgment for $81.17.

A motion for additional alimony has been filed in Court in the Knudsen divorce case.

The following cases were dismissed to-day in the Circuit Court: Davis vs. Miller; Hanel vs. Freund.

The St. Louis Standard Time Company was incorporated to-day with a capital stock of $50,000 half paid. The shares are held as follows: Alfred Ramel, 1,250 shares; Wm. W. Dean, 1,250 shares, and Paul Bakewell, 2,500 shares.

Religious Conference.

PHILADELPHIA, November 11.—The twenty-first annual meeting of the General Committee of the Board of Church extension of the Methodist Episcopal Church was held here this afternoon. The committee is composed of the bishops of the church, thirteen ministers from different sections of the country, and thirteen delegates from the board, located in this city. The following Bishops were present at the meeting to-day: Thomas A. Bowman, William L. Harris, Stephen M. M. Morrill, Edward O. Andrews, Henry W. Warren, Cyrus D. Foss, John M. Walden, W. F. Mallelieu and Charles H. Fowler.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

Efforts to Stamp Out the Cattle Contagion in Indiana.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., November 11.—Dr. Sawright, a member of the State Board of Health, has returned from Clinton County, the seat of the cattle plague and gives an exact report of the condition of things in that county. Six weeks ago over one hundred spring calves were received at Frankfort from Ohio and were sold to various farmers throughout the county. They were driven home and soon showed signs of pleuro-pneumonia. The matter was laid before Gov. Gray, who referred it at once to the State Board of Health, which was called together at Frankfort to consider the case. On the farm of Samuel Shortle, the calf with marked symptoms was killed and post-mortem examination made. The lung was found to be filled with small worms about the size of a cambric needle, sometimes in great bunches. The lung was also full of little perforations, apparently the work of these parasites. Portions of the lungs were found to be hepatized (hardened) and in many instances the air cells were found entirely closed. The pleuro, however, was found to be in normal condition, and there were no adhesions either of lung or pleuro, as would be expected in a case of genuine pleuro-pneumonia. The inflammation of the lung, too, was not of an acute character, but subacute, or death would have followed quickly upon the attack. The veterinarian pronounced the case genuine pleuro-pneumonia, but the State board are not satisfied, and will meet again at Frankfort on Monday next to make another post-mortem examination. The board then visited the farm of Mr. Baker, nine miles from Frankfort, and found diseased cattle which he had bought. Two of his own cattle had also taken the disease from the strangers, showing its contagious character, and he had killed them and burned their carcasses with the other. The board passed an order requiring all persons owning diseased cattle, or cattle which have been exposed to those who are diseased, to immediately quarantine the same strictly for the next ninety days. It is feared the disease will get into this county, which is one of the most prominent cattle-raising counties in the State, and farmers are greatly excited over the matter. Dr. Sawright of the board states that they have no authority to order the destruction of cattle afflicted with pleuro-pneumonia.

THE "BOODLERS."

"Jake" Sharp and Other Railway Magnates Arraigned in Court.

NEW YORK, November 11.—In obedience to summonses served on them yesterday, "Jake" Sharp, "Jim" Richmond, James W. Forshay and Thomas B. Kerr appeared in the Court of General Sessions to-day, to plead to the twenty-one indictments against them for bribery in the Broadway Railway matter. The court-room was well filled with spectators and friends of the accused railway magnates. Mr. Richmond was accompanied by Judge Fullerton, Judge Homer A. Nelson and Frank J. Dupignac, who are engaged for his defense. They took seats near the defendants' railing. Sharp, Forshay and Kerr were accompanied by their lawyers, John H. Strahan and John H. Bird. The cases were called, Sharp's being first. Albert Stickney appeared to represent him, and stated that he was prepared to enter a plea for his client, but before doing so he desired leave to withdraw the plea to be entered, and enter another demurrer to the indictment or make a motion to quash the same, if desired. A reasonable time to decide upon the steps to be taken.

District Attorney Martine stated that the defendants had already had considerable time to examine into the case, and in response to Recorder Smyth's query Mr. Stickney responded "ten days. This case, your Honor, differs from the particular facts from ordinary cases." Recorder Smyth, after some argument, gave the defendants until Monday next to withdraw the plea and substitute another, but on that day they must be ready to make a motion the District Attorney must be given notice a couple of days in advance. A plea of "not guilty" was then entered in behalf of Jacob Sharp. For Richmond, Judge Fullerton entered a like plea with the same stipulations. He said that he would probably make a motion calling upon the District Attorney to produce the minutes of the proceedings of the Grand-jury and would serve the District Attorney with a notice Saturday, if he so desired. Strahan entered the same pleas, and John H. Bird performed a like service in behalf of Kerr, and after a short private consultation the defendants and their lawyers left the court-room.

BELLEVILLE NEWS.

A Suit Concerning the Disposition of School Funds—The New Opera-House.

Mr. Luke H. Hite, attorney for the East St. Louis Board of School Trustees, instituted a suit in the Circuit Court to-day against City Treasurer Alexander Flannigen for the recovery of $30,000 of school money. Mr. Hite states that the Board of Trustees has no doubt but that Mr. Flannigen has all the money due the school fund, but for fear the City Council in the event of a favorable decision in the Launtz case might order the school money to be used for the city, it was thought best to institute a suit for the recovery of the money immediately. In case a decision in the Launtz case should be given before the suit instituted by Mr. Hite should come to trial, and the decision should be favorable to the city, an injunction restraining Treasurer Flannigen from using the money for any but school purposes will also be asked for.

Mr. Amos Willoughby, one of the proprietors of the Advocate, and Miss Lizzie Hughes of this city will be married this evening at the Lindell Hotel in St. Louis, by Rev. J. B. Harrison. Mr. Willoughby was formerly Recorder of the County, and Miss Hughes is a daughter of Mr. James W. Hughes, and a highly accomplished society young lady.

Mr. C. W. Deabold of Belleville has been appointed head agent of the Adams Express Company at the Relay Depot, East St. Louis, instead of Mr. J. G. Sherrell. Mr. Deabold assumes charge to-day.

The Belleville Lyceum has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: J. W. Perrin, President; Fred Phillips, Vice-President; H. W. Reynolds, Secretary; Geo. F. Wangelin, Treasurer; W. S. Hay and J. P. Chew, Critics, and F. K. Wilding, Sergeant-at-Arms.

Definite steps have been taken to secure the erection of an opera-house in this city. Mr. McElfatrick of St. Louis is to draw the plans.

A meeting of the Sons of Veterans Society will be held this evening in the A. O. U. W. Hall for the purpose of electing officers.

THE MACHIAS TRAGEDY.

Officers in Pursuit of the Murderers of Deputies Niles and Hill.

MACHIAS, Me., November 11.—Calvin P. Graves and James M. McFarlans, both of Hancock, Me., are without doubt respectively principal and accomplice in the murder of Deputies Niles and Hill. Investigation establishes unmistakably the identity of the men, both of whom are still at large. A boat is missing from a landing below Ellsworth and the men may have made their escape by water. Officers are out in all directions in the Eastern counties. It is said that Graves once murdered a man in Indiana, and his reputation is not good.

The Bridal Bulletin.

Name and age.	Residence.
Jacob Hubach, 24	3512 Manchester Rd
Lottie Wortmann, 23	1227 N. Jefferson av
Thos. D. Cassidy, 27	Moawequa, Ill.
Emma Johnson, 21	Moawequa, Ill.
John Quinn, 25	4087 N. Broadway
Mary Connelly, 24	3129 Easton av
B. J. Hermann	1110 Franklin av
Sophia Lightstone	11th and Franklin av
Chas. R. Cartwright, 25	1706 Gratiot st
Josephine Hacket, 20	1612 Carroll st
J. A. Willoughby, 31	Belleville, Ill.
Lizzie V. Hughes, 27	Belleville, Ill.
John McMahon, 32	3717 Papin st
Edith Helmlick, 19	3717 Papin st
Herman Beyer, 29	St. Louis County
Katie Huerter, 25	St. Louis County
Ernst Goehring, 21	3031 Eugenia st
Lizzie Bahler, 17	3031 Eugenia st

Do Your Friday & Saturday Trading —AT— PENNY & GENTLES'

And You Can Save Money.

SEE THE FOLLOWING BARGAINS WE OFFER FOR THESE DAYS.

CLOAKS!

We made the Grandest Purchase ever consummated by us for this department. They consist of three or four garments of a kind, and have just come on time for the cool weather. They are

300

Handsome Imported and New York-made Wraps, Newmarkets and Jackets, at one-third to one-half their regular price.

73

Newmarket, Beaver and Boucle at $3.95 to $9.50; Only little over half price.

57 Short Wraps, in Beaver, Brocade, Velvet and Frieze, all handsomely trimmed, at $5, $7.50, $10 to $20; only half price.

61 Jackets, in all grades, Checks, Boucles and Diagonals, $1.95; worth $5 to $7.50.

1,000 Misses' and Children's Garments, all ages, 2 to 16 years.

44 Misses' Fine Diagonal Newmarkets, at $7.50; worth $11.

100 Children's Plaid and Cashmere Dresses, 35c and 49c; half price.

Our Great

HOSIERY SALE

2 cases Ladies' Mixed Color Merino Hose, full length, seamless foot, 25c.
130 dozen Ladies' Black Woolen Hose, seamless, at the low price of 25c; worth 35c.
3 cases Children's and Misses' Woolen Hose, in cardinal, navy, seal, wine and black, all seamless goods, 5 to 5 1-2, 20c; 6 to 8 1-2, 25c.

Attend our GREAT BUTTON SALE This Week. An importer's Stock at 20c on the Dollar.

AT 10c—300 gross Cut Steel Buttons at 10c; reduced from 50c.
AT 15c—475 gross large Fancy Metal and Cut Steel Buttons at 15c; reduced from 50c.
AT 20c—400 gross large Fancy Metal Buttons at 20c; reduced from 50c.
AT 25c—500 gross large fine Metal and Cut Steel Buttons; reduced from 65c.
AT 29c—175 gross large Fancy Metal and Cut Steel Buttons at 29c; reduced from 75c.
AT 25c—800 pcs Feather Trimmings, in solid colors and two-toned, at 25c; these goods are sold everywhere at 45c and 50c per yard.

PENNY & GENTLES,
Southwest Corner Broadway and Franklin Av.

WARD BOUNDARIES.

THE PROBABLE EFFECT OF REDISTRICTING THE CITY.

The Present Division by Wards in Favor of the Republicans—A Cry of "Gerrymander"—A Tenth Ward Supervisor with a Grievance—Klein's Contest—Interesting Political Gossip.

The petition filed in the Circuit Court asking for the appointment of a commission to redistrict the city is a fruitful subject of discussion in political circles. The Court being Democratic it is reasonable to suppose that a majority of the members of the commission will be selected from that same political party. In addition to this the Recorder of Voters, who, by virtue of his position, will probably be called in to advise the commission, is also a Democrat. The Republican politicians note with great concern that the chances from a political standpoint are largely against them to begin with and in anticipation of the (to them) unsatisfactory results which are likely to attend the work of a commission so constituted, they do not hesitate to cry "gerrymander" even at this early stage of the proceedings. That the Republicans have every reason to be satisfied with the present ward boundaries will become perfectly evident to any person who inquires into the matter.

The last time the city was redistricted was in 1876 or thereabouts, when the work was done under the City Government. The law provides that, in order to conform with the rapid increase in population, the wards may be changed not more than once in every five years. For several years past the Municipal Assembly has failed repeatedly to agree upon measures providing for a redistricting of the city. These failures were probably due to the opposite politics of the two branches of the City Assembly.

day Trading
ENTLES'
Money.
FOR THESE DAYS.
ur Great
ERY SALE
' Mixed Color Merino Hose,
h, seamless foot, 25c.
adies' Black Woolen Hose,
at the low price of 25c;
ren's and Misses' Woolen
cardinal, navy, seal, wine
all seamless goods, 5 to
6 to 8 1-2, 25c.
GREAT BUTTON SALE
An importer's Stock at 20c
gross Cut Steel Buttons at
ced from 50c.
gross large Fancy Metal and
Buttons at 15c; reduced
gross large Fancy Metal
20c; reduced from 50c.
gross large fine Metal and
Buttons; reduced from 65c.
gross large Fancy Metal
Steel Buttons at 29c; re-
m 75c.
pes Feather Trimmings, in
rs and two-toned, at 25c;
ds are sold everywhere at
0c per yard.
NTLES,
Franklin Av.

State, relative to delivering
apers and records of the Jus-
was filed this morning in
court. The City Counselor was
ed that an early hearing be set
very. Messrs. Dyer, Lee &
for Justice Taaffe, filed the
rrer or answer:
relation of the City Register
affe. Now comes the respond-
e cause and demurs to the pe-

oes not state facts sufficient to
se of action against the re-

n does not show any right of
e documents, books and pa-
DYER, LEE & ELLIS,
Attorneys for Respondent.
stated that the matter would
ed on the law docket for argu-
e course be taken. As the
or leaves town at the
the week the case
ard for several days. Justice
e ground that the Supreme
on the subject of contests for
ce preclude any steps
n of a contest, and as long as
mainder of the term of
n in possession has no other
hold on to the records. His
this to be the logical
previous decisions and
est for a city office. Justice
of the offices of Justice of the
th District, and Patrick Kane
Successor. In another section,
rict a contest exists.

rouble Ahead.

a Chief United States Super-
D. Wood will sit as a
mmissioner to entertain any
may be brought by deputy
the last election. In
as a Commissioner, Mr.
if the facts warrant
the Grand Jury an offender
on law. When asked this
ST-DISPATCH reporter if he
ports which called for an
. Wood said that he was not
discuss the matter and
pression that he had a num-
s under consideration about
doubt. From another source
that trouble is expected to
pute which occurred on elec-
ninety-fifth precinct of the
between W. H. Smith,
ician and a prominent
official. It was said that
ened with personal violence
g his duty, which, if true, is
proceedings against the of-

ublican Committee.

City Central Committee met
Hall at 4 o'clock this after-
were received from Treas-
ring, the Chairman of the
ee and the Executive Com-

ATCH reporter Mr. John Mc-
committee would take no
rges against Otto Holzgreber,
the Tenth Ward. The
nd the jurisdiction of the
aid, and was for the Repub-
h Ward to ponder over.
ing over to Mr. Jacob
oks in its possession. Mr.
ng the advisability of con-
election as Circuit Judge,
vidence to that end.

Gossip.

bers appointed to redistrict
ty days in which to report.
ject to the approval of the

rd, 105 rejected votes were
dlopes containing the reject-

ng of the city will not affect
districts. They remain the
d by the State Legislature.
tes Supervisor Wood has is-
vouchers, to be distributed

ted States Supervisors re-
s in ten wards.

KING COAL MINE.

ws the Subterranean Con-
The Probable Damage.

r, Pa., November 11.—A cor-
Chronicle-Telegraph went
thing coal mine at the Stand-
this morning, to get a look
company with Pit Boss Daw-
a fifty feet of the fire,
n water to reach it. The fire
less than two acres and is
top of the headings. By
he fire will be out and in two
ll be running from the slope,
which have been published
exaggerated; it will not, as-
ents of the company and
up more than $30,000, ex-
Coast States was caused by the "cussed oleo-
margarine" of the East. There were numer-
ous attacks on bogus butter and its deleterious
effects made during the session. A protest
was read from Eastern shippers, censuring the
careless and slovenly manner of handling but-
ter by railway employes at Chicago.

Utterly Without Foundation.

PHILADELPHIA, November 11.—The story of
the use of the Pennsylvania Railroad surplus
fund for the purpose of acquiring a controlling
interest in the Chicago & Northwestern Rail-
way Company, is pronounced by a leading
officer of the former company as utterly with-
out foundation.

A Youth's Suicide.

MILWAUKEE, November 11.—A dispatch from
Berlin, Wis., to the Evening Wisconsin says
Russell Blackstone, aged 17, youngest son of a
prominent merchant, committed suicide by
hanging in the cellar of his father's grocery.
Despondency is supposed to have been the
cause.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu.	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
To-day	4,678,268	994,831	516,672	35,655	180,447
Yes'dy	4,673,186	968,614	521,315	35,151	178,027
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2	No. 2.
To-day	3,960,126	671,369	414,029	30,556	.....
Yes'dy	3,957,862	662,093	415,394	30,052	.....

FAMOUS MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Special Bargains

In Every One of our Numerous Departments

To-Morrow and Saturday.

Extraordinary Sale of REAL OSTRICH TIPS AND PLUMES Next Week.

FAMOUS

Millinery and Fancy Goods DEPARTMENT,

BROADWAY and MORGAN

ADVERTISING CALENDARS.

An Elegant Assortment!

LEVISON & BLYTHE Sta'y Co.

213 & 215 N. Third St.

NEW SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS.
EQUITABLE BUILDING,
Sixth and Locust.
Parties wishing to deposit valuables of any description can obtain on reasonable terms
BURGLAR and FIRE-PROOF STORAGE.
The largest and best equipped Vaults in the United States.
Call and Examine. Boxes to rent from $10 up.
THE MISSOURI SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

James J. Hoyt,
President.

DIED.

WRIGHT—At 12:30 to-day, MRS. ELIZABETH, wife of Henry C. Wright.

Funeral services will be held at the family residence, 3000 Locust street, at 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon. Burial at Dunkirk, N. Y.

THE DAIRYMEN

Annual Convention in Session at Chicago—Statistical Reports Discussed.

CHICAGO, November 11.—There was a very large attendance at the Annual Dairymen's Convention at Battery D, this morning, when President Winsor took the chair. The President made a short speech, congratulating the dairymen on their success in securing the passage of the oleomargarine bill. Gov. Stephenson of Idaho, sent a letter encouraging the convention in its work, and the secretary reported that there were seventeen States and Territories and Canada represented. These statistical reports from the various markets were read, and the convention talked about them. The New York City reports showed the receipt of 35,341,020 pounds of butter during the present year, a considerable decrease from the amount received last year. The value of butter, cheese and milk handled in New York during 1886 was $40,588,326, an increase of $1,-000,000 over 1885; 5,000,000 pounds of oleomargarine were received from Chicago and 8,000,000 pounds manufactured in New York. One million two hundred and fifty thousand pounds were received from other sources, but of this 3,000,000 and over were sent away, showing that the people of New York ate little butter. The reports from Boston, Philadelphia, and other large butter markets showed an encouraging condition of dairy affairs. The California dairymen, in their report, charged that the greatest trouble in the United States was caused by the "cussed oleomargarine" of the East. There were numerous attacks on bogus butter and its deleterious effects made during the session. A protest was read from Eastern shippers, censuring the careless and slovenly manner of handling butter by railway employes at Chicago.

Utterly Without Foundation.

PHILADELPHIA, November 11.—The story of
the use of the Pennsylvania Railroad surplus

MONEY.

NEW YORK, November 11, 11 a. m.—The stock market opened this morning strong and very active, first prices showing advances over the final figures of last evening, ranging from ⅛ to ⅜ per cent generally, though Reading and Northern Pacific preferred were each ½ lower. The trading was very active and prices were feverish but weak in the early dealings and Lackawanna lost 1 per cent and Richmond & West Point ⅜. Toward 11 o'clock the market rallied and the early losses were generally regained and fractions in addition. Memphis & Charleston advanced 1¼, Cameron Coal 1⅛ and Omaha ⅝ per cent. Later many stocks again yielded and at 11 o'clock the market is active and irregular, but generally heavy.

NEW YORK, November 11, noon.—Money is quiet at 5 per cent; bar silver, 100¼@101¼. The stock market after 11 o'clock showed a marked decrease in the amount of business done, but becoming dull at times. Prices were firm and slight fractions were gained, but fluctuations were very narrow and the market without particular feature except the drop of 2½ per cent in Manhattan. Toward noon the market weakened and at noon is moderately active and heavy. U. S. 8s, 100¼; 4s coupon, 128; 4½s coupon, 111⅝; Pacific 6s of '95, 125½.

NEW YORK, November 11, 3 p. m.—The stock market showed considerable strength in active trading during the first two hours of the afternoon. About 2 p. m. the market quieted down and yielded small fractions. The decline continued during the rest of the afternoon and the market closed active and weak at the lowest prices of the day.

BOSTON, November 11.—Mexican bonds: 4s, 46¼@46⅝; 6s, 104@104⅜; scrip, 73¼@75; common, 10⅜@11c

LONDON, November 11, 12:30 p. m.—Consols opened at 101⅛ for money, and 101⅛ for the account.

4 p. m.—Consols closed at 101 3-16 for money, and 101 5-16 for the account.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, 121 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	65¼	65¼	65	65
Canadian Pacific	71⅛	71⅛	70⅝	70⅝
Central New Jersey	54¾	54¾	52¾	52¾
Central Pacific				
C., St. P., M. & O.	52⅝	53	51⅜	52⅛
do dfd	114¼	114½	114¼	114¼
C. & R. & Pac.	127	.....	.....	127
C., B. & Q.	139½	.....	.....	139½
C., M. & St. P.	95½	96½	94⅝	94⅝
C. & N. W. com	118½	119½	118½	118½
Del. Lack. & West	141¾	141¾	139¾	139¾
Del. & Hudson	103⅜	103⅜	100	100¼
Denver & Rio Grande	26	26	25¾	25¾
East Tenn. com				
East Tenn. pfd				
Erie com	36¾	36¾	34⅝	35⅛
Erie pfd				
Erie 2d mtg. bond	101⅜	102⅜	101⅜	101⅜
Houston & Texas	34½	35½	35½	35½
Illinois Central	134⅜	.....	.....	134⅜
Ind., B. & West	18	18	17	17⅜
Louisville & Nashville	58⅛	58⅝	57⅝	58⅛
Lake Shore	85⅜	85⅝	85⅛	85⅜
Michigan Central	90	.....	.....	90
Missouri Pacific	117	117	116	116
M., K. & T.	36⅜	36⅝	35⅞	35⅞
Manhattan Elevated	165⅜	165⅜	164½	166½
N. Y. & New Eng.	34	34	33½	33½
New York Central	112⅝	113⅛	112¾	113¼
N. Pacific com	25⅜	25⅜	25⅛	25⅛
do pfd	61½	61¾	61½	61½
Ohio Southern	21¼	21¼	21	21
Oregon & Trans	29	29	28¼	28¼
O. N. & Trans. Co	106	106⅜	104	104
Ohio & M. com	30	30⅜	30	30
Pacific Mail	48⅝	48⅝	48⅛	48⅛
Philadelphia & Reading	37⅜	37¾	36¼	36⅜
Pullman Palace Car				
St. Paul & Duluth com	64⅜	64⅜	63½	63½
do pfd				
St. L. & S. F. com	35½	35⅝	35¼	35¼
St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd				
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd	70⅜	70⅜	70½	70½
St. P., M. & Man				
Texas & Pacific	22⅜	22⅜	21⅜	21⅜
Texas & Pacific Income				
Union Pacific	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜
Wab., St. L. & P.	21	21⅛	20⅝	20⅝
Wab., St. L. & P. pfd	36⅜	36⅜	36⅛	36⅛
Western U. T. Co	79⅝	79⅝	75½	78½
West Shore Bonds	101⅜	101⅜	101½	101¼

ENGLISH CONSOLS—Cash—Opening, 101⅛; closing, 101⅛.
Account—Opening, 101⅛; closing, 101⅛.

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

	WHEN DUE.	INTEREST PAYABLE.	BID.	ASK.
3 ⅌ cent bonds		M. A. J. & F.	100⅜	100⅝
4½ ⅌ cent bonds	1891	J. & D. & M.	111⅜	112
4 ⅌ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	128	128½

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 4s sterling 10-20s	1902	May and Nov	101⅛	103
City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1903	Jan. and July	102⅜	103½
City 5s sterling, 10-20s	1900	June and Dec.	103⅛	104½
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	109	110
City 6s currency	1895-6	Various	101⅛	102
City 6s gold	1892-93	Various	110⅜	111
City 6s sterling	1898	June and Dec	117	118
City 6s water	1907	June and Dec	117½	118
City 6s water	1890	June and Dec	107½	108½
City 6s water	1892	Apr. and Oct.	110⅜	111
City 6s bridge approach	1892	June and Dec	111⅜	111½
County 6s gold	1895-96	Jan and July	114⅜	116
County Park	1905	Apr. and Oct.	123	125

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. and Aug.	104	104¼
Mo. Pac. Cascade	1920	May and Nov.	112⅜	113
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July.	110	110½
Mo. Pac. 3d	1905	May and Nov.	123½	125
Ind. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July.	116⅜	118
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug.	108	113½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec.	108	111½
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	Mar and Nov.	104⅛	105¾
K. P. Consols	1910	May and Nov.	98¾	99
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug.	112½	113

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearings	$3,115,180
Balances	344,359

Local Stocks.

Below will be found the latest buying and selling price for local stocks in this market, corrected by James Campbell, 307 Pine street. Transactions light, however, and in some cases the price is nominal.

INSURANCE STOCKS.

	ASK.	BID.		BID.	ASK.
Am'can Cent.	25⅛	24	Marine	100	104
Citizens'	150	126			

BANK STOCKS.

Bank of Com.	460	455	International	90	95
Boatmen's	121	119⅝	Laclede Bank	105	110
Bremen Sav.	120	110	Lafayette	130	150
Citizens' Sav.	105	100	Mechanics'	119	120
Commercial	325	320	Merchants' N.	211	225
Continental	145	140	Mullanphy	125	140
Fourth Nat.	260	250	Northwestern	135	.....
Fifth National	105	103	St. Louis Nat.	125	126
Franklin	180	170	State Savings	135	137
German Sav.	210	200	Third Nat'l.	116	117
German Amer.	180	150	Union Savings	65	67½

STREET RAILROADS.

Bellefontaine	101	100	St. Louis	58	60
Citizens'	75	70	Mound City	102	107
Cass Avenue	80	100	Tower Grove	10	15½
Lindell	110	100	Union	16	20
Missouri	120	.....	Union Depot	70	80
People's	45	40			

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

Fair Grounds	60	55	St. L. Ore & Coal	28	25
L. M. Co.	250	200	St. Co.	75	80
Laclede Gas	130	105	St. L. Transf.	70	80
St. Louis Gas Trust	95	90	U. S. W. & T. Co.	106	110
St. L. Cotton Compress	90	85	U. Depot Co	107	110
St. L. Safe Deposit Co.	105	95	U. Stock Yards	120	130
			Wiggins Ferry	125	130
			Bell Telephone	150	155

Mining Stocks.

Name.	Bid.	Offered.
Granite	$45 50	$.....
Small Hopes	9 00	9 25
Adams	7 00	7 25
Sheridan	7 35	7 50
Peacock		3 50
Tevapai	1 35	1 50
Mexican Improvement	4 25	4 50
Mexican Boundary	1 85	1 90

Lucinde	60	70	
Quincy	....	10	
West Granite	....	1 50	
Hope	48 00	45 00	
Bi-Metallic	6 00	....	

COMMERCE.

A RETREAT AND RALLY.

Grain Declines, Only to React and Close Firm—Provisions Better.

By Telegraph from Jones, McCormick & Kennett, Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, November 11, 1 p. m.—Wheat was quite nervous to-day, although trading was within a range of ½c. At the opening there were few buyers and the market started out tame at put prices, and soon it was quite evident that holders were inclined to realize and it declined to 74c, where there was quite an order trade; but it broke and looked weak. Still some shorts were fluctuated to buy at the break and some business being reported for export, it set the local bulls to buying—and it reacted ⅝c, closing quiet at 74¾c.

Corn shows but little speculative life, except as influenced by wheat, and though late, there was some little disposition to buy on reported light receipts for to-morrow.

Pork opened weak and sold off on the improved situation at the Stock-yards. The decline developed a good demand, especially for the near options, and on light offerings prices advanced, closing at about the top.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS!	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest. To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Nov.	74⅜	.....	.....	74½ b
Dec.	76¼	76⅛	75⅜	76⅛
Jan.	75⅛	77⅜	77⅛	77⅜ b
May	84½	84⅝	84⅛	84½
CORN.				
Nov.	33⅝	34	33⅜	34 b
Dec.	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛ b
Jan.	34⅜	34⅝@⅜	34⅛	34⅜ b
Feb	35⅛	35⅜	35⅛	35⅜ b
May	38¾	38¾@⅞	38⅝	38⅞@¾
OATS.				
Nov.	25½	.....	.....	25½ b
Dec.	26¼	.....	.....	26¼ b
May	30⅝@¾	30⅝@¾	30⅜@½	30⅜@½ b
CHICAGO:				
WHEAT.				
Dec.	74⅝@¾	75⅜	73⅞	74⅝
May	75⅝@⅞	75⅞	74½@¾	75
May.	81⅛	81⅝	80⅝	81⅛
CORN.				
Dec.	36⅛	36⅛	36	36⅛ b
Jan.	36⅜	36⅝	36⅛	36⅛@⅜
May	41⅜	41⅝	41	41⅛@⅜
OATS.				
Dec.	26½	26⅝	26⅜	26⅜ b
Jan.	26⅝	26⅝@¾	26⅜@¾	26⅜ b
May	30½	30¾	30⅜	30⅝
PORK.				
Dec.	9.15	9.30	9.17	9.30
Jan.	9.95	10.02	9.85	9.95
Feb	10.05	10.07	9.97	10.05
LARD.				
Dec.	5.90	5.90	5.90	5.90 a
Jan.	5.95	5.95	5.92	5.95
Feb.	6.02	6.02	6.02	6.02 b
S. S.				
SHORT RIBS.				
Jan.	5.10	5.12	5.12	5.12 b
Feb.	5.17	5.17	5.15	5.15 b

NEW YORK—Wheat—November, 83¾c; December, 85¾c a. r.; January, 86¾c; February, 88¼c; May, 92¾c a. Corn—November, 45c; December, 45⅝c b.; January, 47¼c.; February, ——; May, 49¾c b. Oats—November, 29¾c b.; December, 33¼c b.; January, 34⅜c b.; May, 36c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—November, 76¾c; December, 77¾; January, 79½c; May, 85¼.

BUFFALO—Wheat—November, 73c; December, 74½c; May, 81⅜c.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—November, 82c bid; December, 83¼@¾c; January, 84¾@85c; February, 86¼c bid. Corn—January, 45¼@⅝c.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

PORTS.	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	30,564	23,960	1,333	73,683
Chicago	112,155	178,930	13,341	136,233
Milwaukee	49,754	1,520	1,360	.....
Baltimore	29,918	16,831	44,000	1,000
Toledo	53,069	.....	11,324	11,500
New York	241,200	113,000	128,995	1,119
Detroit	3,834	13,709	74,443	2,130
Minneapolis	297,000	.....	61,000	.....
Duluth	99,068	.....	32,923	.....
Kansas City	13,000	1,500	35,000	6,500
Philadel'hia	24,507	10,441	5,298	2,813

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

The opening price on December wheat in Chicago this morning was Ben Barnes $500 last Tuesday in having the largest amount that the market would sell down a cent from 75⅛c before it sold up a cent. Ben Barnes just now is the most aggressive bear and the steadiest seller of wheat there is in this market.—Late rains in the Northwest have permitted the breaking up of new land for spring wheat where it was previously impossible on account of the dryness.—The stock of lard at Chicago is said to be down to almost nothing, and what is at country points is held off the market practically. The packers of Kansas City are said to be asking Chicago prices for what they have to sell.—A report comes from the line of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Road that the great bulk of the wheat along that line has been already sold, and that the movement may be expected to be very light from this time forward.—New York telegraphed Fath-Ewald: "Freights are very strong. After 5 o'clock last evening Engs took 6 loads wheat for London at 4d. Baltimore reported 2 loads for Hull at 1¼d. 3 for Liverpool at 4½d and Antwerp 3s 7½d per quarter.——Among the numerous telegrams received on wheat was one stating: "All that is necessary to the buyer of wheat is confidence and a little money." When Col. Babcock heard this he exclaimed, "Here, I'm just slopping over with confidence; come and work me, if confidence is all you want." McCormick & Co.'s private cables were better-to-day and the best bid made them yesterday was 85c, this morning they were bid 85½c.

"Not exporting a bushel," said S. W. Cobb. "Freights are against me, the markets are against me and I am utterly disgusted." "What am I doing? Why I'm waiting for something to turn up," replied Charles Wilkens McAuley Corbyn-wein. It can safely be asserted that St. Louis exporters are doing nothing.—Flaxseed is now selling in Chicago at 91c which makes it nominally worth 87c here. There are the lowest prices ever known in the history of the trade, and go to show that too much flaxseed was raised for the requirements of the trade.——It is reported that farmers' deliveries in the Northwest are falling off.——An effort is being made to abolish puts and calls in the Chicago market, and the effort will be about as successful as the attempts to suppress bucket-shops.—Export purchases at New York to-day were 19 loads wheat and 20 loads corn.

Wheat—It was a lack of confidence that ailed the market to-day, the weakness and gradual decline of the past couple days, and the failure of the market to respond to any kind of bull news, utterly discouraging the longs and a large amount of fairly holdings are now out for sale. The fact that cables were from Beerbohm even quoting 3d advance in cargoes of red winter, that export clearances at the seaboard continued good, so this week will be amounting to 757,000 bu from three Atlantic ports, and that few were disposed to sell much short at the present rates, were not regarded at all. The bulls simply knew that it seemed impossible to hold the market up and wearied out with the struggle they got out. The pressure to sell was sufficient, with aid the bears gave in hammering, to force prices down 2@3c on all the markets on this side showing the same depression that characterized our own. Just when the situation looked gloomiest and the bulls were sickest, came a reaction, and a good stiff one, too, the market closing ⅜@¾c below yesterday. The reports of an active export demand in New York and of stronger and better cables started this reaction, and the demand became right sharp. Spot grades were lower and not much sold, as millers were holding off at first, not bidding even 74¾@74⅞c for red winter No. 2 red, and late it could not be bought below 75c. No. 2 red, 74⅜c in St. L.; No. 3 red 73¼c in C. and St. L., 73½c E. side; No. 4 68½c asked regular, 66½c for St. L.; No. 2 Mediterranean, 72c bid this side; No. 3 do, ——.

Corn gradually gave way in price also, the guiding hand, as for some time past, being wheat, whose weakness reacted upon this market and caused it to decline, especially as there were no influences to uphold it. The market sold down 1@1½c, May losing most, but all the declines there was a steady demand, and late there was a pretty full recovery, the strength that there developed in the other markets extending to this. Spot grades were dull and lower to sell on the 'change, there was very little wanted or offered, but afterwards Clearys sold 50,000 No. 2, which was settled up at a steady rate. No. 2, 34c regular; No. 3, 33@33½c in M.; 33c in Valley and 33¼ L.; 32½c asked for regular; No. 4, 32c in M.; No. 2 white, 34½c asked E. side; 34½c bid for A.; 35c for this side; No. 3 do, 33¼c bid this side; no grade, 31c bid this side.

Oats futures dropped off 1¾ price, May selling ½c below the price asked at close of yesterday, but the demand brought out a good short demand and there was livelier trading than has been seen for some time past. Spot grades, though, were firm and in demand at higher prices, but not much for sale. No. 2 27c in M., 27¼c in St. L., 26½c asked for U., but later 27⅜c bid for M., 27¼c for St. L.; No. 3, 25½c bid regular, 26c for St. L. and M.

Rye was in demand and firm, but not much for sale. No. 2 sold in M. at 50c, and there were bids of 50¾c for E. side, 50½c for U.; No. 3 had 48c bid this side.

Barley—A few sales made, but most brewers are still receiving enough on old contracts to keep them pretty well supplied. Steady prices are paid for all that sells. Quotations are as follows: Common and rejected, 30@35c; No. 3, 40@45c; prime, 50@55c; choice, 60@62c; fancy, 65@67c.

Flour was quotably unchanged, but there was some shading of prices in order to effect sales, but very little could be sold, even at a decline, so light was the demand. We quote: Patents, $3.95@4.35; straights, $3.50@3.70; clears, $3.10@3.50; mediums, $2.80@2.65; low grades, $1.90@2.20. Quotations of the St. Louis Flour Dealers' Association were: XX, $2.10@2.20; XXX, $2.30@40; family, $2.55@2.70; choice, $3.05@3.15; fancy, $3.40@3.50; extra do, $3.55@3.80; patents at $3.95@4.35. These prices are for lots on arrival at the depot or levee; order lots higher.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3.15@3.20 per bbl.

Cornmeal—Dull at $2.00@2.05 for city on orders del.; pearl meal, $3.50; grits and hominy, $2.50@2.70.

Bran firm, sacked selling at mill on East track at 56c.

Hay continued in good demand, even the commoner article selling well, as the local demand was urgent and there was a scarcity of choice and fancy. Sales ranged as follows: This side—Prairie, $8@9.50 for prime to fancy—top rate for fancy quarters; mixed timothy, $7.50@10; prime to fancy timothy, $9.50@14.00. East track stock sells about $1@2 per ton below the above rates.

Provisions were weak and slow early, but improved in tone on a report from Chicago that Powderly had ordered the Knights of Labor back to work at the packing-houses, this news, though unauthenticated, having a rapidly reviving effect upon the Chicago market and reactively felt here. There was quite an active business locally in dry salt meats, both spot and to arrive, though at easier rates, loose to-day selling spot at 5½c for D. sides, 5.65c for c'ribs and 5.80@5.90c for shorts and c. and f. here to arrive at 5.50 for c'ribs; the same cured f. o. b. on cash orders, shoulders 5c, longs 5.70c, c'ribs 5.80c, shorts 6.05c; boxed longs sold at 6c, c'ribs at 6¼c and shorts at 6¾c. Pork was firm, with little offering or consequently selling, but standard mess brought $9.87½. Prime steam lard could not have been sold above 5.80c. Bacon was in scant supplies and the few sales were at steady rates: Packed—Shoulders at 5¾c; longs and c'ribs at 6¾c, and shorts at 7¼c, and loose shorts at 7¼c. Country lard, 5½@6c per lb. C. s. c. hams, 9½@11½c. Breakfast bacon, 8½@9½c. Beef—Family, $6.50@8 per bbl; on orders higher, $4.25@4.75 per ½-bbl; dried, 11@12c; selected, 14c per lb; smoked tongues, $4.25@5 per doz. Tallow—Prime summer rendered, 3¾c in oil bbls; No. 2, 3¼@3½c; in irregular packages, 4c less. Grease—Brown and yellow, 3¼@3½c; white, 3½@4c; straight lots held higher. Salt—Domestic, 90c ⅌ bbl. on east and 95c this side. Ground alum, $1.10 ⅌ sack—small way higher. Highwines steady at $1.18 in St. Louis and Cincinnati, $1.14 in Peoria, $1.18 in Chicago.

Lead—The lack of demand here was felt more severely than ever to-day, as New York advices were of a 10c decline there. Refined was freely offered at $4.15, and, it was understood, at $4.10 also, but could not find a buyer; common qualities were, of course, to be had still cheaper.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat firm, closing at highest prices of the day. Corn stronger, but quiet. Oats steady. New York reported freight engagements made there for wheat of 68 loads and at Boston of 30 loads, but actual export purchases at New York 21 loads. Chicago—December wheat 74⅜c for puts and 74¾c for calls.

Cotton.

Liverpool appeared to feel the effect of yesterday's advance in America, for here futures advanced three points, but afterwards gave way a couple points and closed easy. Quite an active business was done in spots, but quotations were unchanged. New York also started in strong, and, selling freely, sold off late, though recovering stiffly at the close and then 3@4 points above yesterday's. The home market was steady and firm and demand good, 3,433 bales selling.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary and ordinary nominal; good ordinary, 7½c; low middling, 8¼c; middling, 8½c; good middling, 8 13-16c; middling fair, 9 3-16c.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day, 3,392 bales, against 5,088 bales last year; since September 1, 1886, 125,136 bales, against 180,180 same time last year; shipments to-day, 2,714 bales, against 5,793 bales last year; September 1, 1886, 94,270 bales, against 113,543 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day, 40,882 bales, against 46,196 bales.

CLOSING PRICES, 3 P. M.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 5½d; Orleans, 5 5-16d. Sales, 14,000 bales. Futures closed easy. November, 5 31-64d; December, 5 31-64d; December and January, 4 60-64d; January and February, 4 60-64d; February and March, 4 61-64d; March and April, 4 63-64d; April and May, 5 1-64d; May and June, 5 4-64d; June and July, 5 6-64d.

NEW YORK—Futures closed steady. November, 8.89c; December, 8.94c; January, 9.02c; February, 9.12c; April, 9.22c; May, 9.42c; June, 9.62c; July, 9.80c; August, 9.69c. Sales, —— bales.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Firm and good stock selling readily but poor dull. Choice and fancy at $1.75@2.00; fair to good at $1.25@1.50; inferior and common at 75@1.00 per bbl.

DRIED FRUITS—Demand good, offerings small and prices firm; sun-dried apples at 2¼@2½c for ⅆark and poor; 2¾@3c for fair to good quarters, and 3¼@3½c for choice bright quarters; peelings and cores, 1@1½c. Evaporated at 5@6c for quarters and slices, and 7@8c for rings. Peaches—Quarters and mixed, 2½@3c, and halves, 3½@4½c for old and 4½@5c for new; evaporated 10@12c for unpeeled and 13@18c for peeled. Blackberries, 7¼@8c.

POTATOES—Offerings fair, but ⅆmainly inferior and dry-rotted, which was very slow, but demand good for good stock. We quote at 25@30c for rose and Ohio at 35@42½c for peerless and New York burbanks 50@55c per bu; poor stock less.

ONIONS—Firm and in demand at 85@90c for prime yellow and red ⅌ bu.

GRASS SEEDS—Little doing. Timothy ranges at $1.55@1.65; clover at $4@4.25; red top at 25@40c.

COTTON SEED—Selling at $9.25 per ton.

HEMPSEED—Steadier at 3½@35c, pure test.

FLAXSEED—Nominally lower at 87c, pure test.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime in demand at $1.30.

BUTTER—Receipts, 55,221 lbs. Quiet and steady, all desirable table stock selling readily at full prices. We quote: Creamery—Choice to fancy, 25@26c; Elgin higher. Dairy—Choice to fancy, 18@20c; selections, 21@22c; fair to medium, 12@16c; common, 7@8c; near-by country make at 6c to 12c, according to quality; roll, 12½@15c.

CHEESE—Wisconsin choice full cream, 11½@12c; Illinois do, 10@11c; skims, 7@8c; Young America, 12@12½c.

EGGS—Receipts, 611 pkgs. Firm and in demand; good, guaranteed stock at 18c per dozen.

GAME—Firm, and supply rather small all offerings meetings ready sales. We quote: Deer carcasses, 5@6c; venison saddles, 9@10c ⅌ lb; wild turkeys, 5@6c ⅌ lb; grouse, $4.50; quail, $3; pheasant, $3; woodcock, $3; bear saddles, 12½c ⅌ lb; rabbits, $1.50; jack rabbits, $3; squirrels, 75c; snipe, $1.25. Ducks—Wood and mixed, $1.50; teal, $2; mallard, $2.50; plover, 50c@$1; sandpipers, 25c.

LIVE POULTRY—Supply large of chickens but little demand; turkeys, in good demand and firm. Old mixed at $1.40@1.60, and hens $1.50 for common to $1.75@2 for choice per doz; Spring—Small at $1@1.25, and medium to large, $1.40@1.60; choice to fancy large, $

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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1886.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—John T. Raymond in "The Woman Hater."

OLYMPIC—"Alone in London."

POPE'S—Aimee in "Divorcons."

PEOPLE'S—Tony Denier's Humpty Dumpty.

STANDARD—"Never Say Die."

PALACE MUSEUM—Daily from 1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

THE escape of the Manhattan from the horrors of a brisk gale is another triumph of the American navy.

MR. RANDALL'S shot-gun majority cannot be construed into a Democratic rebuke to the tariff reform idea.

IT is clearly the settled policy of England to prolong indefinitely the British occupation of Egypt. This may be regarded as virtual annexation under another name.

A REPUBLICAN political poet thus breaks into verse over the result of the election in Indiana: "Treason's deep-laid plots have failed the starry temple to o'erthrow." "Starry temple" is here a typographical error for "star-route temple."

THE associated packers of Chicago took extreme and untenable ground when they formally resolved to employ no members of any labor organization, and their sensible abandonment of such a position brightens the prospects for settling the present unlucky strike.

WHILE Mr. JOHN JARRETT is attending to the tin-plate end of the Republican party Mr. BLAINE still gallantly holds up the tin-horn end. Mr. BLAINE'S continued activity in this field is clearly indicated by the announcement of his immediate advisers that he is "out of politics."

GEN. CHALMERS, recently defeated for Congress in Mississippi, will institute his inevitable periodic contest for the seat of his successful opponent. If CHALMERS should have the bad luck to get among the goats in the hereafter, he would try to wriggle out of the scrape by instituting a contest.

THE St. Paul Pioneer Press, a staunch Republican paper, admonishes Republicans that if they wish to maintain an ascendancy in Minnesota, they must repudiate and abandon the heresy of a high protective tariff. This advice is intended for the especial benefit of Pennsylvania Republicans.

SEVERAL Republicans who were recently defeated for the Indiana Legislature are determined to get their seats anyhow, by hook or crook. They have a right to do so, but too much diligence and enterprise in such an undertaking might land them in a more uncomfortable establishment than the State Capital.

MANY Ohio Republicans are still gnashing their teeth over the defeat of Mr. LITTLE by a majority of three. They remember how easy it was to wipe out Democratic majorities that ran into the thousands and thereby put an Ohio man in the Presidential chair; and they mournfully understand how hopelessly they have fallen from their high estate when a contemptible matter of three votes is found potent enough to relegate one of the pet Congressmen of the party to the embowered seclusion of private life.

THE condition of the Anglican clergymen in Wales is significant as furnishing another proof of the necessity of disestablishment, or, at least, of a radical readjustment of the relations of church and state in England. The Welsh clergymen declare that, owing to the difficulty of collecting tithes, they are hopelessly impoverished and cannot subsist, and have appealed to the churchmen of England for assistance. The Welsh are mainly nonconformists, faithfully supporting their preachers and keeping up their churches. The clergymen in Wales, who usually supervise imaginary flocks and preach to empty benches, represent an alien establishment forcibly imposed upon a protesting people. It is not surprising to find the most earnest demand for disestablishment coming up from the Welsh dissenters.

WITHOUT attempting to determine the precise justice of Mr. CLEVELAND'S harsh remarks about newspaper criticisms of himself, we do not hesitate to pronounce them singularly unbecoming in a speech delivered at a college anniversary. The subject of journalistic comment on public men was not remotely connected with the occasion which carried the President to Harvard; and those who waited to hear his short speech had a right to expect that his remarks would be framed with a due regard for the spirit of the occasion and the mild requirements of good taste and good breeding; but they were disappointed in this moderate expectation. As an honored and privileged guest the President took an unseemly advantage of the opportunity afforded him and committed a singularly unfortunate breach of courtesy.

SOUTHEASTERN EUROPE.

The latest news from Europe tends to confirm the universal suspicion that Russia is determined to occupy and control Bulgaria unless prevented by an armed concert. It is cheaper to attain the desired end by intrigue and corruption than by armed force, and the traditional Muscovite devices of evasion, duplicity and bribery will doubtless be exhausted before other methods are tried.

When Russia wishes to occupy territory to which she has but a doubtful claim, or no claim at all, it is her uniform plan to occupy it and then confer with the Powers, if necessary, as to her right to retain it; in which case the moral weight of actual possession and the universal dread of war usually lead to acquiescence in the act of spoliation. In pursuance of this inherited policy it will doubtless be the plan of the Czar to quietly occupy Bulgaria, and if such a step provokes a protest from the Powers, there may follow conferences and negotiations, but there will be no voluntary yielding on the part of Russia.

The expansion of Russian domination Eastward into Asia and the establishment of Russian rule and authority over roving tribes and semi-barbarous populations promotes the cause of civilization and good government, for it plants order and stability where they did not exist before and prepares the way for the building up of enduring States. But it is very different when the Russian dominion encroaches to the West or South, supplanting a higher with a lower civilization and introducing the stifling influences of absolutism and autocratic power among Caucasian nations filled with a growing fondness for a free representative government.

The establishment of Russian supremacy throughout the Balkan regions and finally at Constantinople would be hurtful to the best interest of Southeastern Europe. It is not a competent rejoinder to say that Russian rule is better than Turkish rule. Mohammedan power in Europe is practically dead. After centuries of occupation, the unassimilated Turk is still an alien and an intruder in the land which he won by conquest; and the order of things which he maintains about him is still a malign excrescence on European institutions and civilization. But the days of the Turk and his sluggish Asiatic polity are numbered; and the overshadowing question of the East is: Shall the autocratic rule of the Russian North succeed the vanishing incubus of Mohammedan power, or shall the Christian populations of Southeastern Europe, suddenly released from prolonged thraldom, be left free to govern themselves? The republican idea is strong in that part of Europe, where the people will accept the nominal rule of puppet kings in order to placate the great Powers, if they are allowed to manage their own affairs and to govern themselves through their several representative bodies elected by the people.

THE SUGAR TAX.

It was discovered and demonstrated a year ago that, in paying to exporters of refined sugars a drawback of 2.82 cents per pound as an equivalent of the tariff tax on the raw sugars imported, our Government was actually paying a bounty of $900,000 a year to exporters of refined sugar, or $900,000 a year in excess of the amount necessary to pay back to them the tax they had paid on the raw material. A thorough investigation has satisfied Acting-Secretary FAIRCHILD that the Treasury has been paying such a bounty, and he has ordered that the drawback shall be cut down to 2.60, "pending an inquiry as to what further reduction may be necessary."

So it seems that while we were collecting a tax of $50,000,000 from the sugar consumed by our own people, and making them pay that much more for it, we were not only permitting our refiners to refine sugar untaxed for British consumers, but were making our tax-payers contribute a bounty of $900,000 a year to still further cheapen the sugar of British consumers.

How much of the drawback allowed as an equivalent of the tax on raw sugar is really a clear bounty on glucose is yet to be discovered. Nor is it known how much of the exported sugar was admitted free from the Sandwich Islands, and upon the exportation of which every cent of drawback is clear stealage. Again we rise to remark that it would save our sugar consumers $40,000,000 a year if we would abolish the sugar duties altogether and pay the Louisiana planters a bounty equal to the whole value of their crop.

THE Secretary of State has rebuked Minister PHELPS for his extravagant use of the Atlantic cable in sending to Washington minute and unimportant information about himself. It appears that Mr. BAYARD'S department has been deluged with cipher cablegrams embodying trifling clippings from English papers complimenting Mr. PHELPS, reporting casual remarks of English aristocrats flattering to Mr. PHELPS, and conveying all manner of gossip and comment tending to show the universal satisfaction of the English Nation with Mr. PHELPS. In such a generous transmission of personal news it is suspected that matter relating to Mr. PHELPS' side whiskers and English look has found a place. It costs just as much money to send news of this kind as to transmit routine intelligence about diplomatic matters. The appropriation for such expenditure is limited, and the Secretary of State has admonished our Minister to England to confine his reportorial talent to the customary reports of diplomatic business.

EX-SENATOR WALLACE of Pennsylvania ascribes BLACK'S defeat for Governor of that State to RANDALL'S bossism and control of the Federal patronage, which exasperated the regular, old-fashioned Democrats. He says they are for tariff revision in the interest of the manufacturers and their laborers as well as of consumers, and have no fear that the Democrats of other States would fail to take care of the manufacturers because they are unwilling to ignore or sacrifice all other interests for that one. Pennsylvanians, he says, as well as other people, ask for tariff revision to enable their manufacturers to get raw material so cheap that their manufactured products can find some markets abroad as well as at home, and the failure of the Keystone Democrats to go to the polls was a protest against RANDALL'S position. There certainly was a big difference between the Democratic vote polled and the 400,000 claimed by the party committees as the true Democratic vote of that State. The committees boast an enrollment of 80,000 Democratic voters in the City of Philadelphia and CLEVELAND'S vote there was 71,228 two years ago, where BLACK'S vote was only 63,880 this year.

THE Springfield Leader is not the only Democratic paper in the Southwest that is in open revolt against the railroad bossism exercised over the party by its Executive Committee Chief, the Vice-President of the "'Frisco" Railroad. The Carthage Patriot has an idea that his prominence at the head of the Democratic organization does the party more harm than he can do it by any sort of treachery in the way of forcing railroad employes to vote for Republicans against Democratic nominees. It says:

> The very fact of railway attorneys being on the committee is a terrible blow to the party. It has crushed the noble Democracy of the Thirteenth District—cost the party a number of Congress, two Senators, three Circuit Judges, six or eight Representatives in the Southwest, and raised the very devil with the Democratic party of Jasper, Lawrence, Newton and other counties. Turn the rascals out!

THE indignant Commercial-Gazette overflows with angry virtue in language like this: "The fact that JOHN LITTLE is "not re-elected to Congress is, under the "circumstances, such an insult to the "people of Ohio that it makes the push-"ing of the Payne purchase investigation "during the coming winter imperative." This means that it is an insult to the State to defeat a Republican Congressman by three votes. People will now know what to do when they feel like insulting Ohio; heretofore it was not positively known how such a thing could be accomplished.

LORD SALISBURY is evidently not after an honorary commission in a Russian regiment.

THE underground game of the pig-iron thimble-rigger is being rapidly split up the back.

DAN LAMONT is achieving a world-wide reputation as the Grand Vizier of the Administration.

LORD SALISBURY informs the public that the bristles of the old British Lion are at last taking a vertical position.

EMINENT literary people are not eagerly rushing after the yawning vacancy on Mr. ELDER'S editorial staff.

THE great problem that confronts the newly-elected candidate is, How to put several hundred pegs in half a dozen holes.

ELLA WHEELER is now writing stories. Any harmless amusement that keeps her from writing poety should be encouraged.

IT is not true that Mr. BENTON thinks that the President should be suspended for the pernicious activity of his Harvard speech.

IF they have anything in the shape of a penitentiary in Bulgaria it is not easy to understand how Gen. KAULBARS keeps out of it.

IT is surmised that if VAN WYCK and RIDDLEBERGER enter the Republican caucus of the next Senate they will be the bosses of the sewing-machine.

THE hair-trigger genius who insists on stating exactly how many Democratic votes were cast for HENRY GEORGE should cool his head. This is something that nobody knows.

THE charges of unfairness in the Indiana elections are calculated to make the people of that State lament the absence of STEVE DORSEY, the great unrivaled political purifier and disinfectant.

UNDER the beneficent influence of a high protective tariff the population of Maine is decreasing. After all, there may be something about protection that fosters intelligence and good taste.

"MY DEAR KAULBARS—I write to compliment the dash and brilliancy of your political arithmetic. Couldn't you manage to visit America in 1888 and give us a lift? I would like to engage you to claim everything for me. J. G. B."

A Beggar on Horseback.

Henry Watterson on Phelps.

Mr. Bayard's offense consists in having made an ideal in Mr. Phelps, who is not that kind of thing at all, but a sloppy little Yankee attorney, intoxicated with his new-made greatness and quite dizzy over an eminence for which he was wholly unprepared. No man knows Mr. Bayard better than I do, or has a stronger respect and regard for him than I have. I voted for him at Cincinnati after Hancock was nominated, and at Chicago after Cleveland was nominated. I have followed him in many hard places. But Mr. Phelps is too much for my loyalty, and I must desert him there. Of the many beggars on horseback this Administration has mounted, in its purpose to retire the politicians for knowing something and to reward the unrecognized for doing nothing, the Minister of England, after the Secretary of War, is the most conspicuous, and mark the prediction that such excess of zeal can end only in treachery. One shudders to think what would become of Mr. Phelps if a quarrel should spring up between Mr. Bayard and Mr. Edmunds, and Mr. Edmunds should happen to visit London.

Explaining George's Vote.

From the Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

The Henry George movement, therefore, while by no means the ideal political departure for workingmen, is certainly not the alarming spectacle which many American journals seem to regard it. What have the old parties given the working classes to think of for the past ten years? Is it of any use to talk to the workingmen of New York City on the blessings of the tariff, when the tariff is a constant premium upon the immigration of the cheapest labor of Europe, to be employed in cutting down their wages? Has either party done a thing for the revival of American commerce? The New York workingman knows our foreign commerce is under other flags, and that even a steamship arriving with torn plates goes back to Liverpool to have them repaired.

MEN OF MARK.

BRICK POMEROY is in England raising funds to tunnel the Rocky Mountains.

WADE HAMPTON'S health grows better as he grows older and his old wounds now cause him little pain.

EX-GOV. BERRY of New Hampshire, 91 years old, has been making vigorous political speeches this year.

MR. ROBERT GARRETT is alleged to be the proud possessor of fifty suits of clothes, principally London made.

THEY are having a hard time marrying the Emperor of China. The happy event has now been postponed for two years.

THE tallest boy in Lancaster, Pa., is George Kersey, son of Dr. Kersey. He is 13 years old and 7 feet high. He is still growing.

CHARLES STARR of Danbury, Conn., thought it would be great fun to take a shock from an electric-light wire. He is slowly recovering.

PRESIDENT ROBERT GARRETT of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad almost always wears a bunch of violets on his coat. He has them blooming in his conservatory the year round.

SENOR TERRY, probably the richest man in Cuba, who died recently leaving $30,000,000, began his business life as a peddler, became rich, married a wealthy lady and kept on adding to his fortune.

GEN. JOSEPH E. DICKINSON, "Fighting Joe Hooker's" old Adjutant-General, now of the United States Pension Office, is lying at his house, Fifteenth and W streets, Washington, very ill and almost blind.

AN hour's daily absence of the President from both the executive office and the White House library leads the Washington people to infer that the massage physician has begun reducing the executive flesh.

COL. CHAILLE LONG is trying to make the Philadelphians believe that he discovered the source of the Nile, and that Gen. Gordon is alive and enjoying himself as a potentate somewhere in the interior of Africa.

THE Administration's fences are badly shattered in Michigan. Out of 240 Democratic votes cast at Battle Creek, in that State, 60 bore the words: "Anti-Cleveland," while still another read: "Give us a Democrat who wears a coon-skin cap and woolen socks."

TISZA, the Premier of Austro-Hungary, is described as being hook-nosed, spectacled, with stooping shoulders, unkempt beard and long, gray hair trailing over the collar of a shabby coat; he is no imposing personage. He wears the shabbiest of hats and smokes cheap cigars all day long.

"NELS" MORRIS, a Chicago packer who is conspicuous in the troubles with the employes at the stock-yards, is described as a weazen-faced, plainly dressed man, who whittles a stick almost constantly, and who is as democratic as a man can be tottering under the load of several million dollars.

BENJAMIN MOORE, who died in Berlin recently, left by will a reward of $1 for every policeman reporting a case of cruelty to animals. "As men have no hearts," he wrote in his will, "I leave my money to the brutes." And he did, enriching the Berlin Society for the Protection of Animals by nearly $100,000.

THIS man Clanricarde, the "noble Marquis," who obstreperously persists in posing proudly as the most unreasonably bad English landlord Ireland has had, was the second son of the late Marquis. The late Marquis was a person of notorious vileness, conspicuous in divorce scandals and gambling swindles. The oldest son was like him, and would find his fittest biographer in Zola. On his death bed he asked his doctor how long he had to live. "Two hours." "Then wind up that musical-box on the table and deep it playing till I die."

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

THE Princess de Lusignan is a waiter in a Milan hotel.

THE report is current that American literary women are flocking to Rome.

MISS CHARLOTTE ADAMS has been appointed American editor of the Magazine of Art.

MRS. GARFIELD will soon go to Wichita, Kan., to attend the opening exercises of Garfield University.

MRS. HANNAH EUSTON has left the city of Charleston $400,000 for the purpose of "making old age comfortable."

MRS. CLEVELAND is a skillful pianist, but shakes her head mournfully from side to side when asked if she can sing.

MISS YOUNGBLOOD of Columbus, Miss., has been elected to the chair of modern languages at Martha Washington College, Abingdon, Va.

ACCORDING to a foreign correspondent, abject poverty is the only spur which can goad a European nobleman into marrying an American woman.

THE Sultan has sent a special envoy to France to present to Mme. de Freycinet, the wife of the Prime Minister, the insignia of the Chefaka Order.

MME. DIEULAFOY, wife of the head of the Archæological Mission at Susiana, has been formally decorated as a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor.

THE husband of Vinnie Ream Hoxie has been opposed to her doing any more sculpture, and since she finished the Farragut statue she has scarcely touched the chisel.

SOCIALIST HYNDMAN, the London leader, is heavily in debt, and depends, it is said, on his wife's profits as a boarding-house keeper to keep him in clothing and food.

MRS. CLEVELAND is so fond of pansies that one of the White House gardeners is kept busy a generous part of the day searching Washington for the favorite flower.

HANNAH SANDS, an aged maiden lady who died at Rye, N. Y., was supposed to be very poor. Recently, however, a search among her effects resulted in the discovery of an old skirt in which $400,000 in money and bonds were sewed up. The property went to her four nephews, her only living relatives, who were all poor.

ELMA DOLARO, whose other name is Maud Smith, and who hails, not from Italy, but from Nashville, Tenn., has quite charmed Chicago by her singing in comic opera.

THE lady who lost a ring in the surf at Long Branch in July, and had it returned to her from the stomach of a shark caught at Atlantic City in August, is a very lucky person.

THE Countess Edla will write a biography of her late husband, Dom Fernando of Portugal. She is still a remarkably handsome woman, with serious, expressive features and stately figure.

MISS KATE FIELD tells a reporter that she was caught in prohibition Iowa recently with her brandy bottle empty, and says she was unable to get it replenished, except with the vilest stuff she ever tasted.

THE part which women have played in the Socialistic movement is one of the significant developments of the recent agitation. Experience goes to show that in every case where they have taken an active part in the campaign their speeches and actions have been much more inflammatory than those of the male agitators.

MRS. JOHN STEELE, a white woman, said to be the daughter of a wealthy Virginia family, was buried from a colored church in Pittsburg on Tuesday. Five of the most prominent colored ministers of the city officiated. It is said that she ran away with her father's coachman when a girl, and ever after identified herself with the people of her husband, a handsome and intelligent mulatto.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying this Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The WORLD says to-day: "The administrative theory of the President is wrong. He should change his personal policy for a party policy. He should no longer profess unconcern for what Congress may do, but seek to establish cordial and helpful relations with the leaders of his party in that body. He should take into his counsels the trusted chiefs of the Democracy, and discard Pan-Electric statesmen. And he should undertake in earnest the reforms which the people demand and have a right to expect. Shall the warning of the elections be heeded?"

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "One of the most experienced politicians in the country declared yesterday his conviction, and backed it with a small bet, that the result of the recent elections has been to lay out both Cleveland and Blaine. The Republicans, he said, will never nominate Blaine nor the Democrats Cleveland, because the labor men would raise the mischief with both of them. We do not agree with the opinion of this veteran politician, but we print it all the same for whatever it may be worth. If the Republicans do not stick to Blaine who can possibly be their candidate? And if the Democrats bounce Cleveland whose banner will they follow?"

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "The President's speech at Cambridge gave new and striking evidence of that self-possession and balance of mind which observant Americans have long since recognized as a conspicuous trait of their present Chief Executive. A consciousness of the dignity of his own position put Mr. Cleveland on his guard against an error which another man might have committed by being too conscious of the unusual and distinguished character of his audience."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "Would it not be well for President Cleveland, now that he has unpacked his heart and unloaded his bad temper at Harvard, to pay a little attention to the condition of the civil service? His Postmaster at Baltimore is reported in dispatches to be a fugitive from justice, in effect; he is said to have absconded to escape legal proceedings. Whether these dispatches do injustice or not, it would at least be well for President Cleveland, in his capacity as a reformer, to ascertain whether this Postmaster has so conducted himself that he ought not to be trusted as an important and shining representative of a reform Administration."

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Exchange Memberships.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The articles on Exchange memberships by "Lounger" in your Saturday issue, and that by "Bolt" in Monday's, are pertinent and suggestive. Certainly 'tis a poor compliment to the management of our Exchange to say the least, that with the initiation fixed at $2,500 memberships should be hawked about the streets for $80. There should be some method devised to remedy this disgraceful state of affairs and add dignity and value to this body of merchants, as in other cities. The trouble seems to be that what is everybody's is nobody's business. The officers annually elected to look after our interests are fully as much engrossed in trading and private interests as the balance of our members, and things are simply allowed to drift along, trusting to luck and the Providence that tempers the wind to the shorn lamb. It would seem to a looker-on in Vienna that it was full time something were done. There is no reason why it cannot be done, and that, too, at once, with a fund now appropriating $500,000 in our treasury. Memberships intrinsically are worth nearly $140, but should be—if some system of reducing the large surplus were devised—in vicinity of cost of initiation, $2,500, and near a parity with those of New York and Chicago. I would like to know what we are going to do with our $500,000? Our lease was renewed for ten years, and we are a fixture where we are for that time. Some of us are not wealthy enough to loan our money to Uncle Sam at 3½ per cent, when we have to pay our banks 6 to 8 per cent. I don't think it wise either to legislate in matters of this kind for posterity. What has posterity done for us? With a largely increased population our Exchange can then better tell its requirements than we can. Let us take care of the present, the future will take care of itself. If we can't build now, or put a decent value on our membership, or use our income and reduce assessments accordingly, or adopt the very sensible and practical plan of insurance devised by so experienced and capable a person as our State actuary, some time since published in our daily papers, why, Mr. Editor, the sooner we divide this $500,000, obtained by gerrymandering the public, and get some good out of it, the better for us all. It may take wings unto itself and fly away. X.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

A SUBSCRIBER.—Carr Square contains 2.36 acres.

SUBSCRIBER.—Vanderbilt's personal estate has been reputed to be $200,000,000.

READER.—To obtain the patent you describe will cost you about $35 if you apply direct.

SUBSCRIBER.—We cannot advise you how to invest your $400. That is a responsibility you must meet yourself.

M. E. C.—Inquiries at the Public Libraries fail to discover the name of the author of "Three Bells of Glasgow."

A SUBSCRIBER.—A man cannot acquire title to stolen property by serving time in the penitentiary. The owner can recover the property.

M. E. K.—The grips slip along the cable and the cars do not run as fast as the cable except occasionally, as for instance in going down a steep grade.

BILLIARDIST.—A man can replevin his property by proving complete ownership and recover without refunding any amount; otherwise he would be paying twice. The law does not intend to make thieving profitable by such provisions as you suggest. The buyer must look out for the title.

An Adept in Sarcasm.

From the Somerville Journal.

The man who invented the English language must have been a humorous sort of chap. Otherwise he would never have called servants "help."

Get Married.

From the New York Graphic.

"How to Quarrel" is the title of a current poem. The safest way is to quarrel with some one smaller than yourself.

THE CITY HALL.

THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT STILL BUSY WITH JUVENILE DISEASES.

Committee Meetings to Consider Important Matters To-Morrow—The Municipal Assembly—Street Improvements and Railroads—The B. P. I.—The House of Refuge.

The epidemic of diphtheria seems unabated. The reports to the Health Department of new cases have averaged about thirty each day this month. Yesterday twenty-seven new cases were placed upon the books. Of these the Fifth Ward furnished four, the Twenty-first, three, and the Eleventh, two. The Ninth Ward, which is one in which the contagion has been most malignant, furnished two cases. The total number of cases reported during the month and up to to-day is 344. Of this total over one hundred have been in the district bounded by California avenue, Broadway, Sidney street and Chippewa street, and lying in the junction of the Ninth, Eleventh and Twenty-first Wards. This territory is largely supplied with ponds and stagnant pools which accounts, in the minds of the health-officers, for the prevalence of the maladies.

The Fifth Ward, where the trouble in its extent, is next in importance, offers no apparent explanation for the fostering of the disease and the house to house inspection announced in the POST-DISPATCH to be made in the Fifth Ward is for the purpose of discovering, if possible, the cause, and stamping it out.

Five new cases of scarlatina were found yesterday, making a total of of twenty-six cases this month of this scourge of the little ones. While diphtheria at the present time is epidemic and more prevalent than scarlatina, it is by no mean as contagious and does not require the same precaution to prevent its spread as the latter complaint.

THE BOARD OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS

met to-day, but transacted no business of any importance except to elect Commissioner Whitman President pro tem., in the absence of Col. Flad, who left the city Tuesday night for a ten days' visit to Boston.

THE MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY

will meet to-morrow night at which time the Committee on Sanitary Affairs, whose meeting is called for Friday afternoon at 3 p. m., will report to the Council upon the appointments and bonds of J. A. Waterworth, Charity Commission, Dr. H. C. Dalton, Superintendent of City Hospital, and Lee and Attwood, Superintendents of the Insane Asylum.

Meetings are called for 4 p. m. to-morrow for the House Committees on Public Improvements, Railroads and Claims. The first named will take under consideration some thirty bills introduced at the last session and given a second reading, but which failed to pass, so the members of the House claim, owing to the Council's refusal to continue the session three days longer. Among these are three bills for the improvement of Fee, Evans and Fairfax avenues in the Twenty-eighth Ward. These provide expenditure by the city of $3,000 while the property owners are to be assessed $14,000. Important measure is that for the improvement of Blair avenue near Bissel. The residents in that vicinity are waiting upon this ordinance for their hydrant connections.

The Committee on Streets will have under consideration but two important measures. One of these is the Rowland bill, giving right of way to the Shaw's Garden, Tower Grove & Fair Ground Railway to run from the intersection of Tower Grove and Magnolia avenues east to Grand avenue and north to the Fair Grounds. Dr. O'Reilly's electric elevated bill will also be considered. This provides for the construction of a road from Fourth and St. Charles street to Union avenue and running over St. Charles street, Twenty-third street, Morgan street, Compton avenue, Bell avenue, Vandeventer avenue, Washington avenue, Kings highway and Lindell avenue. It is expected that all these bills will be reported back to the House to-morrow evening.

HOUSE OF REFUGE.

The Commissioner of Supplies Mr. D. P. Rowland is carrying out the work of his predecessor in furnishing the new House of Refuge. The bids on gas fixtures and ranges were considered to-day. It is expected that the building will be ready for occupation on the 15th of next month.

Two boys, Tommy and Peter McGolrick, aged respectively 10 and 12 years, were committed to the House of Refuge. The application was made by their brother, John McGolrick, who is out of work and not able to support them. Their parents are dead.

PUBLIC WORK.

The failure of the appropriation for work on the parks has caused its commissioner to discharge some dozen or fifteen men and the Mayor is being importuned by the workmen thus thrown out who bring all possible political influence to bear for their re-employment. Nothing can be done for them at present. The Park Commissioner has asked the Comptroller to recommend an additional appropriation, which will probably be called to the attention of the Municipal Assembly to-morrow night.

SPRING BUILDING PROSPECTS.

Little if Any Danger from Strikes—A Boom Coming.

The main topic of discussion among the members of the Mechanics' Exchange at present is the building prospect for next spring. "From the present outlook," said a well-known member, Mr. Henry Feuerbach, to-day, "there will be a boom in building in this city next spring. From what I've been able to learn there is little if any danger to be feared from strikes among mechanics and if a strike does come it will be the fault of the bosses and not of the workmen. Many of the regular workmen, such as carpenters, plasterers, stonemasons, bricklayers, lathers, painters and so on are members of labor unions, and many are not. All, however, favor the eight-hour system, and it is beginning to dawn on the bosses that this system works with better results to the men and themselves than ten hours. For this reason there seems to be no cause or occasion for a strike in any of these lines, and we do not anticipate any, although we can never tell what special case will come up. For the next two or three years I look for the biggest boom in building, and consequently in real estate, that St. Louis has had for many years."

A MONEY-MAKING CONCERN.

The Bohemian Oat and Cereal Company Operating in New York.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., November 11.—Something of a stir has been caused by the fact that a grain speculating company has been operating in Monroe County. The concern is called the Bohemian Oat and Cereal Company, and hails from Michigan, where it has operated extensively. A number of farmers were induced to buy grain of the company at $10 per bushel, on the latter's promise to sell double the quantity for them next year at the same price. The agents of the concern charge 25 per cent commission for collecting, and make large profits in this manner.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

Election Returns In From All Except Nine Counties—Gov. Marmaduke.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., November 11.—The official returns from all the counties in the State for State officers, members of Congress, Circuit Judges, and Senators and Representatives have been received by the Secretary of State, except from the following nine counties: Barton, Dallas, Howell, Knox, Miller, Morgan, Pike, Reynolds and Wayne. Should these counties come in within a few days, the returns will be opened on Saturday or Monday next and be cast up, when the official vote for these officers will be known and immediately published. Madison county did not elect a Republican representative as stated in the POST-DISPATCH.

The Governor left for Columbia yesterday to be absent from the capital a few days.

Railroad Earnings.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The following railroad earnings for the month of October are reported: Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern—1886, $316,304; 1885, $349,608; decrease, $33,-300. St. Louis, Arkansas & Texas—1886, $183,-500; 1885, $163,960; increase, $20,540. Central Pacific statement of earnings and expenses for August—1886, 1,049 miles; 1885, 1,036 miles; gross earnings, 1886, $1,370,516; 1885, $1,557,818; operating expenses, 1886, $546,334; 1885, $557,150; 161; 1886, $870,667; less monthly proportions of interest on bonded debt, sinking fund, taxes and all other expenses and charges, $564,602; net profit, $306,062.

"JACK" HAVERLY'S ARREST.

Harry Miner Explains His Connection with the Manager's Trouble.

NEW YORK, November 11.—In regard to the arrest of "Jack" Haverly, Harry Miner last night said: "About two years ago Haverly received $7,000 from Gale Spader, in connection with the purchase of the San Francisco Minstrels' Theater on Broadway. Haverly was accused of having pocketed $3,000 of the money, and he was sued in the courts. He wanted to go to Europe and I, as an act of friendship, went on his bond and got my friend Tom Canary to go on also. Since then Howe & Hummel, who are my counsel as well as Haverly's, have written to him repeatedly to come to New York to meet the suits against him. He has paid no attention to the requests and has kept away although he was assured that he would not be arrested and all he had to do was to show himself. As he would not come, to protect myself I was obliged to notify the lawyers that I wanted to be released from the bond. I suppose that has led to his arrest in Chicago, of which, however, I had heard nothing until now. I am sorry for Haverly. He has acted very foolishly and has not repaid my friendly offices as he should have done."

A SERIOUS CHARGE

With but the Most Slender Evidence to Back It Up.

The preliminary examination of Mike Churchill before Acting-Judge Harvey in the Cours of Criminal Correction this morning on a charge of highway robbery, developed the fact that the young man had been held on a very serious charge when there was practically no evidence against him. He was accused of hitting Patrick Ford of 212 Plum street on the head on October 25 and robbing him of $3. On the stand to-day Ford testified that he had been drinking that night and that he thought Churchill was his assailant on account of his voice and compiexion, but he was not sure of it, as it had been eight years since he was acquainted with him. He (Ford) had wanted to have the case dismissed, but Churchill and his attorney insisted on a trial and vindication. Churchill was discharged on Ford's evidence. It appears the defendant has been working at the same place for six years and has borne a very good reputation.

ROASTED COFFEE.

McLaughlin & Co.'s Union Mills at Chicago Scorched by Fire.

CHICAGO, November 11.—A fierce fire is raging in the building occupied by the Union Mills of McLaughlin & Co., situated on the northwest corner of State and South Water streets. The top stories are already completely gutted and the whole building will probably be destroyed. The fire engines were greatly delayed in reaching the building owing to the impassable condition of State street, which is being torn up by street car companies. The entire stock of McLaughlin & Co., consisting of coffees, teas and spices was destroyed, involving a loss of $75,000, fully insured. The loss on the building is only from $1,000 to $2,000.

A MEAN MICHIGANDER.

He Poisons Several Friends and Takes a Fatal Dose Himself.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., November 11.—In Taymouth Township, this county, David Smith, O. C. McGuyon and Hugh Stewart, drank from a jug of beer furnished by the first named. All the men were taken suddenly ill with symptoms of poisoning. Smith died and the others are yet in a dangerous condition. A telegram received here requested the County officers to make investigation. It was reported that poison was placed in the liquor by Smith with the intention of taking his own life, but no reason for desiring to commit a double murder at the same time is given.

G. A. R.

Commander-in-Chief Fairchild to be Entertained at Nashville, Tenn.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., November 11.—Gen. Fairchild, Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, will visit Nashville, arriving Monday, December 6, spending two days. His visit, it is intended, will be made a grand affair. All of the posts of this department of the G. A. R. will be invited to meet the commander in this city, and others from the North and West are expected. On the evening of the 6th there will be either a camp-fire or a banquet in his honor, and on the following day there will probably be several excursions to near battle fields.

Small Stealings.

While Paul Petzold, rooming at No. 630 South Broadway, was asleep last night $20 was stolen from under the mattress of his bed.

Tuesday night burglars entered the Delmonico restaurant, No. 202 South Broadway, kept by Charles Wickham, and stole about two hundred cigars, a dozen silver-plated knives, forks and spoons, and about $45 worth of meal tickets.

A lap robe valued at $5 was stolen Tuesday from the buggy of Mrs. Gilliam, residing at No. 3817 Chestnut street while it was standing on St. Charles, between Third and Fourth streets.

An overcoat valued at $12 was stolen from Alex J. Cressap's room, No. 106 North Broadway.

Patent Infringement Suit.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—The S. W. Tyler Patent Mower Company of New York has begun four suits in the Federal Courts here for $500,000 each for infringement of harvesting machines. The defendants are the McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, Wm. Deering, the executors of Cyrus H. McCormick and William Deering and Elijah Gannon. The infringed machines are claimed to have been manufactured in large quantities between 1878 and 1881.

Looking For Her Husband.

Mrs. George J. Foster of 1504 Chestnut street is in search of her husband. She says he was in the Alexian Brother's Hospital, but was taken out against her consent by his mother. The wife thinks he is her lawful property and this morning called on the Chief of Police to ask him to assist her to regain possession of the man. She says he is an old river captain, 38 years of age, weighs about 150 pounds, of dark complexion and has hazel eyes.

Medals for Exhibitors.

A consignment of 250 medals was received by the Fair Grounds Association to-day from the United States Mint at Philadelphia. There are 150 large and 50 small silver medals, together with 50 bronze medals in the shipment. The silver medals are made of coin metal. These and the bronze medals will be distributed among exhibitors winning premiums at the October Fair.

School Board Notes.

The gentlemen who acted as judges and clerks in the late election for members of the School Board were paid off to-day at the Secretary's office.

To-morrow will complete the second quarter of the scholastic year, when the pay of the teachers in the public schools will be due. They will receive their earnings a week from to-day.

Tired of Life.

Mrs. Hannah Hackstette, a German woman living with her family at 209 Geyer avenue, attempted suicide about 11 o'clock to-day by cutting her throat. An ambulance was called and she was conveyed to the City Hospital. Her condition is critical but not necessarily fatal. No cause has been assigned for the rash act.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 558.

...$1,370,516; 1886, $1,057,818; ...1885, $546,354; 1886, $687,130; ...rating expenses, 1885, $824,... ...ess monthly proportions of ... debt, sinking fund, taxes ...ances and charges, $564,035;

AVERLY'S ARREST.

...laims His Connection with ...gger's Trouble.

...mber 11.—In regard to the ...Haverly, Harry Miner last ...t two years ago Haverly ...h Gale Spader, in connec... ...hase of the San Francisco ...e on Broadway. Haverly ...ring pocketed $5,000 of the ...sued in the courts. He ...Europe and I, as an act of ...on his bond and got my ...to go on also. Since then ...who are my counsel as well ...written to him repeatedly ...York to meet the suits ...e has paid no attention ...and has kept away ...sured that he would not be ...had to do was to show him... ...not come, to protect myself ...notify the lawyers that I ...ased from the bond. I sup... ...to his arrest in Chicago, of ...I had heard nothing until ...for Haverly. He has acted ...has not repaid my friendly ...I have done."

OUS CHARGE

Slender Evidence to Back It Up.

...examination of Mike ...ting-Judge Harvey in the ...orrection this morning on ...robbery, developed the ...man had been held on a ...when there was practically ...nst him. He was ac... ...atrick Ford of 212 Plum ...n October 25 and robbing ...and to-day Ford testified ...linking that night and that ...ll was his assailant on ac... ...olice and complexion, ...not sure of it, ...t years since he was ac... ...He (Ford) had wanted to ...ssed, but Churchill and his ...n a trial and vindication. ...arged on Ford's evidence. ...ndant has been working at ...ix years and has borne a ...on.

...ED COFFEE.

...'s Union Mills at Chicago ...ched by Fire.

...ber 11.—A fierce fire is rag... ...y occupied by the Union ...lin & Co., situated on ...corner of State and ...reets. The top stories ...pletely gutted and the ...ll probably be destroyed. ...re greatly delayed in reach... ...owing to the impassable ...treet, which is being torn ...panies. The entire stock ...o., consisting of coffees, ...destroyed, involving a loss ...nsured. The loss on the ...m $1,060 to $2,000.

...MICHIGANDER.

...al Friends and Takes a ...Dose Himself.

...ch., November 11.—In Tay... ...this county, David Smith, ...Hugh Stewart, drank from ...furnished by the first ...e men were taken ...n symptoms of poison... ...d the others are yet in a ...on. A telegram received ...County officers to make ...was reported that poison ...liquor by Smith with the ...this own life, but no reason ...mit a double murder at the

...A. R.

...ef Fairchild to be Enter... Nashville, Tenn.

...November 11.—Gen. Fair... ...-Chief of the Grand Army ...ll visit Nashville, arriving ..., spending two days. His ..., will be made a grand ...ts of this department of ...invited to meet the com... ...and others from the North... ...ed. On the evening of the ...her a camp-fire or a ban... ...and on the following day ...be several excursions to

...l Stealings.

...old, rooming at No. 630 ...s asleep last night $20 was ...the mattress of his bed. ...urglars entered the Del... ...No. 202 South Broadway, ...Vickham, and stole about ...s, a dozen silver-plated ...poons, and about $45 worth

...at $5 was stolen Tuesday ...Mrs. Gillam, residing at ...reet while it was standing ...ween Third and Fourth

...d at $12 was stolen from ...om, No. 106 North Broad...

...ringement Suit.

...—The S. W. Tyler Patent ...New York has begun four ... Courts here for $500,000 ...t of harvesting machines. ...the McCormick Harvest... ...y, Wm. Deering, the ex... ...McCormick and William ...Gannon. The infringed ...to have been manufac... ...ntities between 1878 and

...r Her Husband.

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...or Exhibitors.

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...Board Notes.

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...mplete the second quar... ...year, when the pay of the ...blic schools will be due. ...ir earnings a week from

...d of Life.

...ttette, a German woman ...at 209 Geyer avenue, at... ...t 11 o'clock to-day by cut... ...mbulance was called and ...the City Hospital. Her ...but not necessarily fatal. ...signed for the rash act.

...C. STEIGERS

...s wishing to contrast for ...DISPATCH. Telephone 659.

SECRETARY VAIL.

THE NATIONAL TROTTING ASSOCIATION WILL PASS ON HIM TUESDAY.

An Interesting Table of Archer's Victories—Milwaukee Anticipates Admission to the American Association—Inside History of O'Leary's Defeat—Wheel Chat.

Messrs. Edward Martin and Charles Green will represent the St. Louis Fair Association in the meeting of the National Trotting Association to be held at Cleveland, O., next Tuesday. The meeting is an adjourned one from the regular meeting of the association last February. The principal object to be considered is the report of the committee appointed at the February congress for the purpose of investigating the work done by Thomas J. Vail, Secretary of the National Association. It is said that in all probability the report of the committee, which, by the way, is rather unfavorable to Mr. Vail, will be accepted by the Association. The National Association now has 273 members throughout the United States and Canada, including one association in Australia. The charge against Mr. Vail is negligence in conducting the accounts of the body.

Won by Melton.

LONDON, November 11.—The race for the Liverpool Autumn cup of 1,000 sovereigns in specie was run to-day at the Liverpool meeting. It was won by Lord Hastings' 4-year-old bay colt Melton. E. Smithwick's 4-year-old colt Kilreen was second, and Sir F. Johnston's 3-year-old bay colt Candlemas third. There were eighteen starters.

Archer's Victories.

The New York WORLD, referring to the death of Archer, says:

The boy did so well in his profession that on September 28, 1870, he was first given a mount in a race, which began his brilliant career. It was a winning mount, too, for he guided to victory the 2-year-old filly, Athol Daisy, in a nursery handicap at about half a mile, carrying 89 pounds, beating Rattlecap, ridden by W. Gray; Eliza, by W. Cook, and Miss Clumber by W. Edwards. Archer's first great win was with Salvanos for the Cesarewitch, in 1872, at 77 pounds, since which he had never landed a winner of that race. His lil luck in some races was almost astounding, for he never rode a winner of the Cambridgeshire, Goodwood Cup, Goodwood Stakes, Ascot Gold Cup, Manchester Cup and the Chester Cup, although he was second last year for the Cambridgeshire and again this year, when he rode St. Mirin in one of the best finishes of his career.

To give the races Archer has won would be to write the history of the English turf since 1874, when he began by winning the Lincoln Handicap, with Tomahawk. Of other races he has in turn won as follows:

Two thousand guineas—Atlantic, 1874; Charibert, 1879; Galliard, 1883; Parodox, 1885.

One thousand guineas—Spinaway, 1875; Wheel of Fortune, 1879.

Derby—Silvio, 1877; Bend Or, 1880; Iroquois, 1881; Melton, 1885; Ormonde, 1886.

Oakes—Spinaway, 1875; Jannette, 1878; Wheel of Fortune, 1879; Lonely, 1885.

St. Leger—Silvio, 1877; Jannette, 1878; Iroquois, 1881; Dutch Oven, 1882; Melton, 1885; Ormonde, 1886.

Grand Prix de Paris—Bruce, 1882; Paradox, 1885.

Prince of Wales' Stakes at Ascot—Wheel of Fortune, 1879; Iroquois, 1881; Galliard, 1883.

City and Suburban—Thunder, 1876; Julius Cæsar, 1877; Parole, 1879; Master Kildare, 1880; Bend Or, 1881.

2-YEAR-OLD RACES.

Woodcote Stakes, at Epsom—Ladylove, 1874; Angelina, 1880; Dunmore, 1881; Beau Brummel, 1882; Rosy Morn, 1884; Gay Hermit, 1885.

New Stakes, at Ascot—Melton, 1884.

July Stakes, at Newmarket—Enterprise, 1886.

Champagne Stakes, at Doncaster—Lady Golightly, 1876; Charibert, 1878; Bal Gal, 1880; Superb, 1883; Langwell, 1884; Minting, 1885.

Middle Park Plate, at Newmarket—Busybody, 1883; Master Kildare, 1884; Minting, 1885.

Criterion Stakes, at Newmarket—Jannette, 1877; Melton, 1884; Ormonde, 1885; Caller Herrin, 1886.

Dewhurst Plate, at Newmarket—Wheel of Fortune, 1878; Bal Gal, 1880; Dutch Oven, 1881; Paradox, 1884; Ormonde, 1885.

Archer's full record for the year stands 170 wins out of 504 mounts. In 1885 he rode 246 winners; in 1884, 241; in 1883, 232; in 1882, 210; in 1881, 220; in 1880, 120; in 1879, 197; in 1878, 229; in 1877, 218; in 1876, 207; in 1875, 172; in 1874, 147; in 1873, 167; in 1872, 27, in 1871, 8, and in 1870, 1, making a total of 2,807 wins up to and including October 29. The falling off in 1880 was caused by one of his arms having been badly bitten by the four-year-old colt Muley Earls.

Milwaukee's Hopes.

A dispatch from Milwaukee says that the recent visit of Thomas Loftus to that city was not to take initiatory steps in the formation of a new Western base-ball league, but to secure control of the Wright Street Park next season in order to play an American Association team in that city. It is authoritatively stated that Manager Loftus has assurances from the head of the American Association that a vacancy will occur in the organization at the next meeting of the board, and that the place will be offered to Milwaukee. On this information Manager Loftus, while in Milwaukee, arranged for a lease of the Milwaukee base-ball park for the next season, and is preparing to secure a strong team for that city in case the promised action is taken.

What They Got.

A correspondent of the Chicago Inter Ocean asks the following question:

"Would you be kind enough to tell me what part of the receipts the Chicagos got in their games with the St. Louis club?"

Now, answers the Inter Ocean, we really like to answer these kind of questions. It kind of shows how smart we really are; but—well—somehow—oh—let's divide it. Here goes. In the first place they "got left;" in the second place they got—they got "the goose;" in the third they got sheol (after they came back), and in the fourth place they got—("Respectfully referred to A. G. Spalding. He knows, exactly.")

Hand Ball.

Senator Walsh and Thos. McGuire, the champion hand-ball players of St. Louis, are challenged by James Norton and Pat O'Brien to play next Sunday at Walsh's court for the championship of the State. Brodericks and Dunn, champions of the Missouri Gymnasium, will be accommodated by Messrs. Walsh and McGuire if they will appear before the final game.

BICYCLE BUDGET.

Percy's Position—Some Plain Talk—Change in the Ramblers.

Percy Stone arrived home from Dallas, Tex., yesterday. He reports the condition of wheeling not very encouraging down there. The country has been flooded with the cheaper grades of wheels and the older riders have become disgusted with their purchases. In Dallas there are thirty-five cyclists, about one to every thousand inhabitants. In regard to his race with Whittaker, he says he is afraid they can't meet this season as it has got so late, but then, he added, "there's plenty of time ahead." The proposition made by Whit's managers that he use a road machine in his race with Whit he rejects without hesitation. He says it is folly to expect him to use a road machine when he is used to a racer and Whit has been using a road machine constantly all year. He replied that if they were to race he would use a racer and Whit could use what he wanted to. The latter claimed to be a road-rider but he didn't, and would use only a track machine. As to Whittaker's record of 300 miles in twenty-four hours he agreed with the points already made by the POST-DISPATCH and can't see why it shouldn't be accepted. Whit is a good road rider, reckless and nervy, and no doubt did fairly what he claims to have done.

It will be remembered that Percy left the amateur ranks two months ago to join the promateur class. During his absence in Texas Rowe and Hendee, the leading promateurs, left that class and became professionals. In speaking of this Stone said: "Yes, I see they have left us, and I am the more disgusted with the amateur rule. When I joined them I honestly thought the promateurs would spread much more than they have and didn't foresee the loafing that took pla e at the fall tournaments." Next year he intended to race either as an amateur or professional, no half-way business with him any longer. He had as yet done nothing, had never been paid a cent by Overman and the latter would certify to it at any time. And yet he wasn't as good as the festive amateur. If he should be pushed into the professional field next year, he would take others along with him both from here and elsewhere who have been posing as "simon pures." He could publish things on them that would show them up in their proper light. He had raced this season for nothing, had wasted four months of his time, and next year is going to make something out of it. That was his position exactly and he didn't care who knew it.

THE RAMBLERS' REVOLUTION.

There was quite a revolution in the Ramblers Club meeting Tuesday evening. It was quiet and harmonious withal, but nevertheless quite surprising. The resignations of E. R. Stettinius as Secretary and R. C. Gordon, Treasurer, were accepted, and E. N. Sanders and G. O. Miller elected to succeed them respectively. The house committee as reconstituted consists of A. L. Jordan, Chairman; W. H. Wylie and R. E. Lee. The house committee were instructed to go ahead and select a room for club quarters somewhere in the neighborhood of Thirty-second and Olive streets. The resignation of the secretary was caused by strictures on his conduct which were dragged into the official organ of the League. It was his and the treasurer's idea, to get some of the younger blood into the club's management. The club was announced as entirely out of debt and in a more promising condition financially than they have been in for a year.

The Warren-O'Leary Mill.

There is a bit of history in connection with the Warren-O'Leary fight, says the Cincinnati Enquirer, that is only known to a very few. O'Leary was a very sick man in the ring, but in spite of the fact made a desperate battle, and showed that he was game. It was late last Saturday night when O'Leary was weighed to see if he scaled the required number of pounds. After weighing he walked across to Covington and back to his training quarters. It is supposed that he took a cold during the walk, and the next morning he was suffering greatly. When he got on the train to start for Louisville he was still sick, but Billy Gale, who was attending to him, gave him some medicine. By the time he reached Louisville he was much better. Here is where a mistake was made. He was taken to the house of one of the men who his backers supposed was friendly. This man learned that O'Leary was sick, and insisted on giving him something that he said would do him good. Billy Gale warned him not to take it, but O'Leary did not heed the warning, and drank the mixture. The consequence was that he was seized with a violent attack of vomiting not a half hour afterward, and was so sick the next day that nothing would stay on his stomach. When he

ENTERED THE RING

he had not eaten anything of consequence since Sunday noon. O'Leary does not blame Gale in the least, as he knows that had he followed the veteran trainer's advice he would have been all right. The above incident is related just as given the Enquirer by Mr. Gale and Patsy O'Leary, and the public can judge whether the young fellow was the victim of a conspiracy to rob him of the fight by drugging him.

1,000 SILK UMBRELLAS AT $5.

The Handsomest and Finest Ever Offered for the Price,

furnished in either gold or solid silver heads; do not buy an umbrella till you have seen these at Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., corner of Fourth and Locust.

THE COLOR LINE

Causes Great Excitement and Keeps a Juror Hungry—A Novel Point.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., November 11.—The question whether it is absolutely necessary for a colored juror to dine in the same room and at the same table with the white jurors in a case is agitating our people just now, especially the hotel and restaurant men. The matter was put to a test in the trial of T. C. Pratt for counterfeiting. The jury was composed of eleven white men and one negro, as black as ebony. The jury could not agree, and when the supper hour arrived the men were taken to the Capital Hotel for their supper. The proprietor seated the white men and directed the colored man to an adjoining room, set apart for the use of colored guests. The negro refused to go declaring he had a perfect right to eat with the other jurors. The proprietor explained that it would be impossible for him to seat a colored man where white guests dined. He further said that the negro should have the same accommodations as the white jurors enjoyed, but in a different room. This the negro declined declaring that he owned a $2,500 house in the city and kept a cook of his own, and that if not allowed to eat in the room he would go without his supper, which he did. Bonfires caught a reputation of the supper scene. The negro would not eat in the room used for the entertainment of his race. He wanted the dining-room or nothing at all. The affair was reported to

JUDGE CALDWELL,

and when court opened the following day the Judge made quite a long speech, in which he declared that negroes "as jurors were officers of the law and of the Court, and equally entitled to the same treatment as their fellow jurors."

"The jurors," he said, "did not go as social guests, but as a body of officers from a legal necessity, and in discharge of a legal duty, and it was the jurors that were fed and not twelve private citizens. The Judge then ordered the Marshal to designate some one to take the men to another restaurant and order breakfast, and forbade the Marshal paying the proprietor of the Capital Hotel for the men's supper, declaring that he would not approve the account, as the jurors had not all had their supper. After repeated refusals from the restaurant men and at the solicitation of the Marshal, the proprietor of the Capital consented to allow the negro to dine in the room at the table with the white jurors. The citizens are greatly excited over the affair.

"The Land of Fruit and Flowers."

Chicago & Alton Railroad sells first-class excursion tickets, good six months, to San Francisco and Los Angeles, November 16 and 17 and December 8, at very low rates. For particulars call on or write S. H. Knight, C. & A. R. R., 117 North Fourth street, under Planters' House.

THE WIDOW WINS.

Arnett and Newton on Trial—Cheese and Butter Convention—Illinois Items.

HILLSBORO, November 11.—The jury in the slander suit of Mrs. Adella Kinder against Eli Lee returned a verdict last night in her favor for $7,400.

VIENNA, November 11.—The case of James Arnett and Henry Newton, accused of the assassination of Frank McIntosh, was called up last evening. The evidence is chiefly circumstantial.

CHICAGO, November 11.—The annual convention of the National Butter, Cheese and Egg Association is well attended. Gov. Oglesby, Mayor Harrison and Congressman Hatch of Missouri delivered addresses yesterday afternoon.

SPRINGFIELD, November 11.—The State Fire Underwriters' Association in session here is discussing the plan of appointing an agent for each district of ten counties to act as referee between local boards.

PINCKNEYVILLE, November 11.—The closing addresses to the jury in the Henson poisoning case were made last evening.

MOAWEQUA, November 11.—Miss Emma Johnson, daughter of a well-known resident, eloped yesterday with Dug Cassiday, a young farm-hand.

CAIRO, November 11.—Archie Dickson, a brakeman on the Cairo, Vincennes & Chicago Road, fell under the wheels of a train yesterday and was killed.

CHAMPAIGN, November 11.—The Central Illinois Medical Association is in annual session here. There is a good attendance.

Favoritism

is a bad thing, but Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" deserves its name. It is a certain cure for those painful maladies and weaknesses which embitter the lives of so many women. Of druggists.

A Shoemaker Assigns.

HAVERHILL, Mass., November 11.—C. Haven Coffin, a shoe manufacturer of this city, has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. His liabilities are $75,000.

WHY don't you try the Red Cross Cough Drops, only 5 cents per box.

ONE THOUSAND VOICES.

A Meeting of 10,000 Sunday-School Children —A Monster Chorus.

At a meeting of Sunday-school superintendents held Tuesday evening in the First Presbyterian Church there were present sixty gentlemen, representing a Sunday-school attendance of 7,500 children. The object of the meeting was to hear the report of Chairman John S. Moffitt of the committee appointed by the Superintendents' Association to arrange for a monster demonstration to be given December 12 in the large hall of the Exposition. Mr. Moffitt reported that arrangements were being perfected for one of the largest meetings of children ever seen in the city. All of the Protestant Sunday-schools of St. Louis were to be invited to send their membership or representative delegations, and it was evident from present indications that over 10,000 children would be in the meeting. Arrangements would be made for a chorus of 1,000 voices on the stage selected from the various schools. Prominent Sunday-school workers from all over the country would be present to address the meeting. As the children alone would fill the great hall, it is proposed to march them about the naves of the building, that the visitors may have an opportunity of seeing their strength.

It is expected that the cause of Sunday-school work will receive a great impetus from the demonstration, as outside interest will be elicited and as the workers and children themselves much enthused and encouraged.

Mr. D. R. Wolfe, Superintendent of the Bethel Mission Sunday-school, is Chairman of the Superintendents' Association and both he and Mr. Moffitt are enthusiastic over the prospect of the enterprise.

Folding Beds.

Always get the best. The "Windsor" is the most perfect, simple in construction, easy to operate, and not liable to get out of order. Every bed guaranteed. All styles in the different woods, at $55, $60, $70, $90, $100 and upwards.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.,
402-4 North Fourth street.
Agents for St. Louis.

THE KETTLEDRUM.

A Successful Entertainment for the Benefit of Children's Hospital.

The kettledrum for the benefit of the Children's Hospital at the Pickwick Theater last evening was a brilliant affair. The stage opposite the entrance to the dancing hall was decorated in plants and flowers. Behind a bank of foliage the lady managers served tea, coffee, chocolate and bouillon in little cups. Through the tall their young lady assistants costumed to represent different flowers, sold nosegays to the visitors. Dancing was kept up to a late hour. The lady managers were: Mrs. Jas. L. Blair, Mrs. Frank Hirschberg, Mrs. Edward Mallinckrodt, Mrs. Schuyler, Mrs. Floyd-Jones, Mrs. Glasgow and Mrs. H. L. Pettes. Their young lady assistants were: Miss Georgine Anderson, "Morning Glory;" Miss Fanita Hayward, "Pink Rose;" Miss Clemence Garneau, "Orange;" Miss Mattie Blow, "Heliotrope;" Miss Luna Garrison, "Blue Bell;" Miss Dixie Shaw, "Buttercup;" Miss Lollie Newman, "White Rose;" Miss Lulu Scott, "Pansy;" Miss Fannie Wickham, "Wild Rose;" Miss Laura Perry, "Nasturtium;" Miss Alma Sterling, "White Carnation;" Miss Hodgman, "Eglantine;" Miss Mary Dameron, "Daisy;" Miss Jessie Tutt, "Fleur de Lis;" and Miss Nannie Broadhead, "Azalea." The attendance was very good and quite a neat little sum was realized for this worthy charity.

Desperate Despair.

A case of total wretchedness is that in which a catarrhal victim gives up hope of cure. Don't do this so long as a free test of "Carbolic Smoke Ball," southeast corner Broadway and Olive, will convince you of its merits.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

Condemnation Proceedings by the Transfer Railway Company—Matters in Litigation.

Condemnation proceedings were entered today in the Circuit Court by Hitchcock, Madill & Finkelnburg in behalf of the Transfer Railway Company against the Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Company and a number of defendants owning property over which the Transfer Railway Company desires to construct, maintain and operate tracks. The defendants named are as follows: St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Company, Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, Ann R. Allen, William R. Allen, Geo. W. Allen, Thos. Allen, Elizabeth L. Donaldson and William R. Donaldson, Maud Allen, Annie L. Allen, Leopold Methudy, Geo. F. Meyer, H. H. Tittmann, St. Louis Basket Company, Adolphus Busch, Joseph, John and Bernhardt Zach, Ann E. Lane, St. Louis Woodenware-works, Daniel E. Walsh, Edward Walsh, Jr., Thos. B. Carruthers, the Union Warehouse Company and Laclede Gaslight Company. The court is asked to appoint three disinterested persons qualified to assess damages.

Broke Up His Business.

Judge Dillon to-day granted a default in the divorce case entered by Adolphus T. Hunt against Mary A. Hunt. The marriage took place October 15, 1869, at Morristown, Tenn. In December, 1879, ten years later, Mr. Hunt alleges that his wife absented herself without any cause or provocation. Prior to the separation he alleges that his wife, by her violent temper, constant bickering and quarreling and irritable conduct in domestic affairs, rendered his condition intolerable. On that account he was forced to break up his business at Raleigh, N. C., and leave that section of the country.

Notes in Court.

A damage suit against Sheriff Harrington and his bondsmen was filed to-day in the Circuit Court by John Glendon, who complains that his property was levied upon and sold to satisfy an execution, notwithstanding that he claimed exemption under the homestead law, and so notified the Sheriff beforehand. The docket set for to-day in Judge Lubke's Court, No. 1, will not be called before Saturday morning, at 9 o'clock.

Letters of administration were granted today to Peter Scully on the estate of Kate Scully. The estate is valued at $2,200.

An attachment suit was filed to-day in the Circuit Court by Carl Weiss against John C. Huels to recover $803.

The divorce suit of Alice Duering against Henry C. Duering was dismissed to-day in Judge Valliant's court for want of security for costs.

A BEAUTIFUL woman must be healthy, and to remain healthy and beautiful she should take Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier. It imparts tone and flush to the skin, strength, vigor and pure blood: is equally adapted for all ages, from the babe to the aged, and either sex.

Goes Up for Two Years.

In the Criminal Court this morning Frank Morris, charged with burglary, pleaded guilty to grand larceny and was sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary. He and Patrick J. Bresnahan broke into Philip J. Schuck's place, No. 1461 South Second street, on July 3, and stole $15 and a revolver valued at $15. Bresnahan pleaded guilty last week to burglary and took three years in the Penitentiary.

PICTURES and frames. Artistic framing and regilding, lowest prices, at Moder & Kelly's, practical gilders, 820 Pine street.

East St. Louis.

The dead body of a well-dressed man about 40 years of age was found last evening near the O. & M. tracks about three miles out from the Relay Depot. There were no signs of violence on the body and it is supposed that the man died of heart disease or apoplexy. The description of the deceased is as follows: 5 feet 6 inches in height, fair complexion, brown hair, black eyes, black mustache, and dressed in full black suit. In his cuffs were gold sleeve-buttons with the initial "O" in the center. The man had not been dead more than an hour when found, as the body was not then stiff. A great many people called at Renner's livery stable this morning to view the body, but no one was able to identify the deceased. Coroner Woods will hold an inquest this afternoon.

The East St. Louis Packing and Provision Company opened up the "White House" yesterday. About three hundred men were given employment. The schedule is ten hours' pay for ten hours' work.

Alderman Cunningham has not resigned, as was generally reported yesterday afternoon, and will not do so.

A 2-year-old son of Mr. James Duncan of the Second ward died last evening. Funeral to-morrow.

The East St. Louis Royal Arch Chapter, No. 156, will hold a regular convocation this evening at the Masonic Hall.

Receiver's Sale of Engravings, Etc.

Great bargains in engravings, etchings, etc., at Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

A BURGLAR WINGED.

A Farmer's Suicide—Thanksgiving Proclamation—Missouri Matters.

KANSAS CITY, November 11.—Thomas Cody, an ex-convict, was shot yesterday by two police officers at Armourdale. The officers surprised Cody and another man in the act of committing a burglary and shots were exchanged. E. T. Payne, a brewery employe, fell through a four-story hatchway yesterday and was killed.

SEDALIA, November 11.—Page, Hamilton and Neville, accused of the Missiouri Pacific train-wrecking, were released on bond last evening. Collins remains in jail. The trials will not be reached until next term.

FULTON, November 11.—John R. Nichols, a prosperous farmer, committed suicide last evening by placing a bullet in his brain. His wife discovered his body in a loft. The cause is a mystery.

JEFFERSON CITY, November 11.—The Governor's proclamation for the observance of Thanksgiving Day on Thursday, the 25th inst., issued last night.

LAPLATA, November 11.—The Masonic Hall was dedicated yesterday. There was a street parade followed by exercises at the new hall.

MOBERLY, November 11.—John A. Stephens of Cooper County, brother of the late Col. Joseph L. Stephens, died last night at Bunecton.

No "Chestnuts" in Ours.

In many furniture stores buyers who carry "chestnut bells" have occasion to "ring" quite frequently as they note the styles, but everything will be found *new* and *fresh* and *cheap* at

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.'S,
402-4 North Fourth street.

GREEDY GREASERS.

Waylaid and Murdered—Killed by a Mexican—Dropped Dead—Texas Topics.

SAN ANTONIO, November 11.—The Mexican authorities refused to give up the body of Hewlett Griner, who was murdered at Del Rio. The remains were interred on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande yesterday afternoon.

BROWNSVILLE, November 11.—Juan Garcia was waylaid yesterday near the Refregio ranch, shot and killed. It is supposed to be the result of a quarrel concerning a woman.

EAGLE PASS, November 11.—P. Billiard, the manager of a brick-yard, had some words last evening with a Mexican employee, who afterwards returned and shot and killed him. The tragedy created intense excitement.

DENISON, November 11.—Clarence Walker, the 18-year-old son of H. R. Walker, was accidentally shot and killed yesterday while hunting with other lads.

HOUSTON, November 11.—Judge James Ferguson, an old resident, dropped dead last evening on the platform of the Union Depot.

GALVESTON, November 11.—The Coroner's inquest in the case of Phillips, the murdered fisherman, failed to establish any clew.

BRENHAM, November 11.—Polk Hill, who was arrested for the murder of Bolton, has been sent to Cameron jail for safekeeping.

Provident Savings Bank.

Receiver's sale of engravings, etchings, etc., at Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

IN HIS TOBACCO.

How an Opium Eater Received His Drug While in Jail.

This morning the jail guards in examining some fine cut tobacco that was sent to Clarence Marion, a prisoner who is serving a year for petit larceny, discovered that it contained several lumps of some hard material and an investigation of the foreign substances showed them to be lumps of opium. The tobacco was sent to Jailer Siegmund who assorted all the opium out of it. Marion when approached on the subject admitted that he was confined "opium fiend," and that he had been receiving the drug for some time from outside friends in his tobacco. He pleaded piteously for the drug to be returned to him, stating that he could not live without it. It was not returned, however.

Brown's Bronchial Troches for Coughs and Colds: "I think them the best and most convenient relief extant."—Rev. C. M. Humphrey, Gratz, Ky.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

W. R. De Frees, Colorado; F. F. Martin, Magadore, O.; L. E. Phelps, Rochelle, S. C., are at the St. James.

S. P. Cunningham, Fort Worth, Tex.; M. R. Hoxie, Taylor, Tex.; Jas. B. Wilde, Bonne Terre, Mo.; N. B. Sherman, Cleveland, O., are at Hurst's.

J. T. Spalding, Pevely, Mo.; Sheriff Higinbotham, Potosi, Mo.; L. D. Cantrell, Springfield, Ill.; J. Paul, New Orleans; J. Brown and wife, Racine, Wis., are at the Hotel Hunt.

E. N. Busbysheil, Miss D. E. France, Jas. R. Noland, Andersonville, Ky.; Samuel Jennings, Paducah, Ky.; H. H. Allen, "Democrat," Sedalia, Mo.; W. P. Sheldon, Osceola, Mo.; J. B. Thompson, F. Stein, Jr., Evansville, Ind., are at the Laclede.

F. L. Whitemore, Pittsburg; S. W. Tucker, Rich B. Courtney, Little Rock, Ark.; Orton Hill, Detroit, Mich.; C. A. Marsh, Attleboro; P. A. Ducey, Muskegon, Mich.; Moses Neal, Sac and Fox Agency, I. T.; D. A. Kennedy, Springfield, Mo., are at the Planters'.

A. M. Harris, San Francisco; Wm. J. Pollock, E. Pollock, Arkansas City; Geo. S. Good, Lock Haven, Pa.; Lew J. Loomis, Hannibal, Mo.; J. J. January and wife, Miss N. E. Porter, Miss M. Meyer, New Brunswick, N. J.; W. T. Lash, Mt. Pleasant, Io.; Robert D. Child, Baltimore, Md., are at the Lindell.

H. F. Ladd, Portland, Me.; W. B. Stone, Galena, Kas.; W. S. Taylor, Denver, Colo.; Thos. Morrison, Miss Munson, Glasgow, Scotland; D. Cunningham, Cadiz, O.; A. Forsyth, Beardstown; J. E. Burson, Muncie, Md.; Geo. H. Smith, Halifax, England; F. B. Cole, Hutchinson, Kas.; D. P. Wheeler, East Saginaw, Mich., are at the Southern.

STOP that cough. Red Cross Cough Drops, 5 cents per box. Your Druggists sells them.

North St. Louis Items.

Mr. Lewis Dreshier is busily engaged in the organization of a new camp of the Sons of Veterans at 2715 Blair avenue.

A movement is now on foot looking towards the organization of a new building and loan association under the name of the Mechanics'.

Col. John H. Douglass, business manager of the Knapp, Stout & Co. Company, has gone north, to New Boston Bay, to look after the company's logging interests.

Columbia Council, No. 633, American Legion of Honor, will give its second entertainment and ball next Saturday night at the Bundeschor Hall, Fourteenth and Howard streets.

There will be a grand temperance rally Saturday night at Williamson's Hall, Ninth and Franklin avenue, under the auspices of Our Neighbors' Lodge, Independent Order of Good Templars.

"Daniel in Babylon," a lecture, will be given to-night at the Chambers Street Baptist Church, Tenth and Chambers streets. A novel entertainment will be given in connection with the lecture.

The alarm of fire at 11 o'clock this morning from box 117, Broadway and Biddle street, was caused by the accidental upsetting of a gasoline stove in the tenement row, 235 Cass avenue. The damage amounted to about $5.

Justice of the Peace-elect of the Tenth District Harry H. Harmon took his seat this morning. The newly elected Constable, Wm. H. Koeh, has not yet qualified and hence the district is without the services of that official.

RED CROSS COUGH DROPS will cure your cold. Five cents per box. Sold everywhere.

Mrs. M. Whitney of Homer, N. Y., is spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Frank De Forrest Rumsey, No. 1117 North Channing avenue.

BALZAC'S "CHOUANS."

Mme. Modjeska Scores a Success in the English Version—Amusement Notes.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 11.—It is always pleasant to record a success. Let us, then, have pleasure, for Paul Potter's English version of Balzac's bloody "Chouans" achieved a triumph last evening in the Union Square Theater of which Mme. Modjeska and the house may well be proud. A cruel story charmingly told by experienced and competent actors on a stage absolutely freighted with scenic superbities revealing to extremest extent the artistic possibilities of the modern theater—such proved the "Chouan" as it was unfolded to the delighted eyes of a numerous audience which absolutely filled the favorite old house. The time is the year 1799, when Bonaparte became First Consul and Fouche was appointed Minister of Police. The picture is that of the peasants of Brittany rising at the call of their feudal chiefs to overthrow the republic and fight for the kingdom, the priests and St. Anne of Auray. The story tells the contest, with its brutality, its hideousness, and overthrow of all that men hold dear and women sacred; a contest in which blood and death and spies and treachery had each its part, and in which a heroic character, that of Marie de Verneuil, is developed in strains of tenderness, devotion and tragic passion.

The curtain fell at a late hour so that little more than a hint of a remarkable and novel picture can be given at this writing. Suffice it to say that, pitched in a high key, the intensity of interest is maintained to the last. Mme. Modjeska outdid her best work. It is as a melodramatic artist she must henceforth reign. Acting in its best estate enlisted all her powers. From first to last she acted a dual role, as it were—one part for the audience, one for her company on the boards. It was a miracle of well-rounded, unblemished success. And her costumes—Heaven forbid a description of them here. They were a target for every glass, a wonder in every female eye, a theme for buzz and comment and admiration. To Mr. Barrymore was assigned ample opportunity for splendid work, and he did it well. Handsome fellow that he is, with a quaint mixture of old time gallantry and Bohemianistic abandon, he invested the role of the white chief with a charm of formality that added immensely to a hat was a vigorous interpretation of an intelligent conception.

"The Chouans" is well played. Every character is well drawn. Charles Vandenhoff as a police spy merits special commendation, as does Hamilton Bell, an associate as Count De Bauven of the white chief. Miss Clara Ellison's maid is a very pretty one, and all deserve a good word. A good word would not be sufficient for the requisite colorings, the gorgeous settings, the perfect trees and the rare fidelities adhered to in furniture, architecture and costume afforded by Thompson, Voegtlin and Maeder. It is as an historical picture that it seeks to be viewed.

Amusement Notes.

"Never Say Die" is running smoothly at the Standard.

"Alone in London" with Cora Tanner in the leading role is meeting with favor at the Olympic.

The What is It, the giant skeleton, the fat woman and a host of other attractions are at the Palace Museum.

There is plenty of amusement for both young and old in Tony Denier's "Humpty Dumpty" performances at the People's.

The play that Lizzie Evans opens in at the People's next week is "Sea Sands," a new version of one of her former successes.

John T. Raymond can be seen for three more performances in "The Woman Hater," and on Saturday night he appears in "Col. Mulberry Sellers."

The benefit of the Masonic Relief Association continues through this entire week at the Olympic and Grand, and appeals strongly to the public for support.

The sale of seats for the Thalia Opera Company's engagement at the Olympic commenced to-day, with indications of a large sale and a successful engagement.

"Over the Garden Wall," the farce-comedy of Mr. and Mrs. George S. Knight, who are booked for the Grand next week, has been reconstructed and entirely recast.

Aimee will appear at Pope's to-night in Sardou's racy, but bright comedy, "Divorcons," in which she does immensely clever work. The comedy will be repeated Friday and Saturday nights.

Mrs. D. P. Bowers, whose return to the stage is one of the events of the present season, will open an engagement at Pope's Theater Sunday night as Lady Macbeth

LODGE NOTICES.

I. O. O. F.

HATS

Selected by the General Committee for next Tuesday's parade are now ready for delivery at THE GUERDAN HAT CO., 83 Second and Market sts.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Registered druggist desires position either in city or country; can give reference Address M 8, this office. 37

The Trades.

WANTED—Work by a good lather. Address S 9, this office. 38

WANTED—Situation as bar-keeper; several years experience; best reference. Ad. 803 N. 15th st.

WANTED—Situation by practical compositor, willing to do anything; speaks German; not afraid to work. Address T 9, this office. 38

Boys.

WANTED—Situation by a boy 17 years old in store or an office. 1006 Biddle st., Harry Winterton.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A place to do housework or make fires or porter in store. Apply to 2314 Franklin av., in the rear, up-stairs.

WANTED—$10 to anyone procuring me steady work of any kind paying $45 to $50 per month. Address H 10, this office. 43

WANTED—A situation by a young man in a hotel or private family who understands his business, and good reference. Address O 10, this office. 43

WANTED—A respectable young man, speaking several languages, and who has traveled all over Europe with severa good families for three years, wishes a situation; best of foreign reference given as butler, valet or courier. Address T 7, this office. 43

THE Drum Cough Drop beats them all. Ask your druggist for it.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Man to help in office; small salary. Call after 7 p. m., 1724 Franklin av. 54

WANTED—Cigar salesmen for Kansas, Nebraska, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri and Texas, for best 5c and 10c cigars in America. Only experienced men, with established retail trade, need address, with full particulars as to terms, reference, etc., "Capt. Jinks," 27 W. 133d st., New York. 54

The Trades.

WANTED—A tinner at 3229 Cass av. 58

WANTED—Two boot and shoe fitters. Scannell, 226 N. 4th st. 58

WANTED—A shoemaker for repairing. Apply at Cook's, 2704 Chouteau av. 58

WANTED—Soap-maker thoroughly acquainted with cold process and settled soaps and use of cottonseed oil. Address Box 1079, Minneapolis, Minn. 58

WANTED—One or two good pork butchers; none but good ones need apply. John D. Berger, 1110 Missouri av. 59

Laborers.

WANTED—Twenty rockbreakers on Lindell av. and King's highway; $1.50 a square. John Bowdern & Son. 59

Boys.

WANTED—Stout boy. Butcher, 217 S. 14th st. 61

WANTED—A bright, smart young lad who can sell dry goods. Apply to W. I. McArthur, 1526 to 1526 Franklin av. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A hostler at No. 1834 Morgan st. 62

WANTED—At Lafayette Park Avenue Hotel a man to make fires. 62

WANTED—Two or three men by the month for the winter. Ask for Lynes at Cheltenham stone quarry. 62

WANTED—Young men as news agents on railroads; $10 cash security required. Union News Co., 1226 Poplar st. 62

WANTED—Nov. 15, on our lines, four young men to learn telegraphing, to qualify for situations paying $75 to $100. Apply immediately to Union Telegraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st., take elevator.

THE Drum Cough Drop beats them all. Ask your druggist for it.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—By young lady of education, situation as copyist in office or to do other writing; address J., St. Louis Pharmacy, 2901 Manchester Road. 44

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—By seamstress sewing in private families; best of references; terms moderate. Address R 9, this office. 46

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Situations by a lady and daughter as housekeepers to a family in a small town. Address L 9, this office. 47

General Housework.

WANTED—Situation by a girl to do light housework. Answer by mail, 1626 Biddle st. 48

WANTED—Situation by a girl to do general housework in a small family. Call at 3961 Easton av. 48

FAMILIES will be provided with good servants; only work will be recommended. Call 1610 Park av. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States we have on hand at G. Brauer's, 218 Locust st. 48

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by experienced colored cook, boarding-house or private family; best of references. 1211 Gay st. 49

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation as nurse by French girl; best recommendation. Apply at 3010 Pine st. 50

Laundresses.

WANTED—Situation by German woman to clean offices or to work out by the day. 700 S. 7th st., Room 13. 51

WANTED—By a colored woman, washing to rough dry at home, and washing and ironing done also; any one wanting washing done will please apply to 3133 Lambdin av. 51

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by middle-aged German widow, in respectable small family. 700 S. 7th st., Room 13. 52

THE Drum Cough Drop beats them all. Ask your druggist for it.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—A lady to sell cigars to the trade. Address N 10, this office. 68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Good machinists on cassimere pants, $1 a dozen to good hands for strictly machine work. Call at 846 S. Jefferson av. 69

General Housework.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply 2942 Market st. 66

WANTED—Good, steady girl for general housework at 807 Catalpa st., or S. 9th. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing. Apply 1927 Hickory. 66

WANTED—A girl for light housework and to do sewing. 1237 Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; German preferred. 3751 Finney st. 66

WANTED—A girl to help in house and dining-room 2 in family. 1131 Washington av. 66

WANTED—A young German woman for general housework. 3404 Pine st. 66

WANTED—Girl—Housework; no washing. 2700 Lafayette av., over meat market. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in small family. Apply 3618 Howard st. 66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework; German or Swede preferred. 3751 Finney av. 66

WANTED—A middle-aged woman for general housework for a small family. 1200 Wash st., 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework without washing; wages according to service. 2742 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A good colored girl for house and nursing room; reference required. Apply 3414 Morgan st. 66

WANTED—A girl 15 years old to assist in light housework in a family of three. Apply 2705 Jefferson av. 66

WANTED—A woman or girl of good character to go to the country. Inquire at 2705 Jefferson av. and see children. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework; private family; good wages. Apply 3618 Delmar av., between Vandeventer and Taylor. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework; German preferred. Apply at 1520 Hebert st., city. 66

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Housekeeper, two good cooks, two handresses, dining-room girl, and six industrious women of moral character to work in a Southern institution; no institutional experience required. Apply at once in person to Matron Augusta Free Hospital, s. w. cor. Channing av. and School st. 65

Cooks.

WANTED—Good cook, washer and ironer at 1924 Chouteau av. 68

WANTED—Two girls, one cook and one to do housework, 2928 Washington av. 68

Nurses.

WANTED—Girl to nurse and assist with housework. Apply at 1311 Hickory st. 70

WANTED—A nurse about 16 years old; reference required. 3569 Lindell avenue. 70

Laundresses.

WANTED—Good colored laundress to wash for rent of two rooms. 1228 Chestnut st. 67

WANTED—A first-class laundress at St. Louis Children's Hospital, Jefferson av. and Adams st.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A few small girls for light work on paper boxes. 1510 Mullanphy st. 71

WANTED—Woman for kitchen work at Hotel Garnier, corner of 7th and Walnut. 71

WANTED—Girl about 16 years old to do general work in laundry; must be strong and willing. Apply at once 204 N. 14th st. Imperial Laundry. 71

WANTED—Lady, active and intelligent, located outside big cities, to represent in her locality, an old firm. References. Salary about $50 monthly E. J. Johnson, Supt., 14 Barclay st., New York. 71

WANTED—Nov. 15, 20 cash our lines, four young ladies to learn telegraphing, to qualify for situations paying $60 to $80. Apply immediately to Union Telegraph Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator.

WANTED—Ladies to work for us at their own homes; $7 to $10 per week can be quietly made. No photo. painting; no canvassing. For full particulars, please address at once, Crescent Art Company, 19 Central street, Boston, Mass. Box 5170. 71

THE Drum Cough Drop beats them all. Ask your druggist for it.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKING—Mme. Ferguson, 1122 Locust st., on time payments; will furnish goods and trimming, cutting and fitting; purchasing agency; orders solicited. 72

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Agents for our new burglar-proof door fastener; best selling novelty ever made; just out; nothing like it; sells itself; large profits; write quick. K. F. Home Co., 37 Lakeside Bldg. Chicago, Ill. 73

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—A fur lap robe; must be in good order and cheap. Address D 10, this office. 26

WANTED—Call on J. H. Trembley, 404 Market st., for shares in Loan & Building Association. 26

WANTED—To buy second-hand store fixtures for all groceries and dry goods counters, shelves, etc. For particulars address J. A. Manning, 7 and 9 N. 2d.

ALL SORTS.

HIGHEST prices paid for cast-off clothing. Send postal. M. B. Cohn, 624 Morgan st.

THE Drum Cough Drop beats them all. Ask your druggist for it.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co. 513 Walnut St.

Loans large and small amounts and builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

Chas. T. Fitzpatrick & Co.,

Commission Merchants and dealers in butter, cheese, eggs, poultry, game, etc. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to. Depot 902 N. Fourth st., corner Franklin av. Telephone No. 3147

C-O-A-L!

James A. Smith & Sons' Ice and Fuel Co.

Offices: 817 N. 7th st., 16th and Clark av.

Cheapest firm yet for Dutch Hollow, Anthracite and Blacksmith Coal. Cordwood or Kindling. Send postal.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A false bang with spring. Return to A. F. Godefroy, 626½ Olive st.; reward will be given.

LOST—Package Christmas cards; return to St. Louis Card Company, 1008 Locust st., and get reward.

LOST—In the neighborhood of Jefferson av. and Market, a bunch of keys. Please return to 2339 Market st.

LOST—Reddish brown, with leather collar and license, between red Irish setter and water spaniel; liberal reward given. 1113 Brooklyn st. 30

LOST OR STOLEN—From St. Ange Stables, 1100 and 1102 St. Ange av., a silver-mounted carriage bridle; monogram S. P. K. on rosette; liberal reward. 30

LOST—Will party who has white poodle dog, which strayed from 908 Leonard av. Saturday morning last, please return to that number and receive liberal reward. 30

LOST—Last evening, from 34th and Ware av. to 30th and Pine, a black Spanish lace scarf. The finder will please return to 3039 Pine st. and receive reward. 30

MUSICAL.

$1.00—Pianos perfectly tuned; work guaranteed; leave orders at Benson's music store, 621 Olive st. 27

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

ALBUMS and gift books. International, 4th and St. Charles sts. 5

COAL—No. 1 coal, 10 bu $1.00; 25 bu for $2.35. Send postal to W. Miller, 1318 N. 10th. 5

COAL—10 bushels, $1; 21 bushels, $2; by the load, 8½c. T. F. Carroll, 2021 Franklin av. Send postal.

COAL—10 bushels, $1; 21 bushels, $2; by the load, 8½c. Jas. F. Dockery, 811 N. 8th st.; send postal. 5

CUT this out for reference and try one load of white oak coal free from slate or slack; 25 bushels for $2.35; send postal or we allow you 5 cents for your postal card. W. Miller, 1318 N. 10th st. 5

DRY KINDLING $1 a load; good coal 8½c a bu. Bunker Hill Coal Company, 12 N. 10th st. 5

FASHIONABLE stationery. International, 4th and St. Charles sts. 5

FOR SALE—Six Newfoundland pups, full bred, at 818 Wash st. 5

FOR SALE—Black and white rabbit hound. Apply at 2426 Bellgiade av.; take Franklin av. line. 12

FOR SALE—Fine nickel-plated self-feeder base-burner, No. 30 Garland stove, at 926 Morrison av.

FOR SALE—Gas fixtures, curtains and carpets of a house full of first-class boarders; location one of best in city; cause, ill health. Ad. F 10, this office. 5

FOR SALE—Patent; useful in any household; a good number already introduced in St. Louis; any number of testimonials. Call and examine the article and see testimonials. Office rear 2411 N. 19th st. 5

HOUSE FURNISHING goods very cheap; I will furnish your house cheaper than any other house in St. Louis, for cash or on time payments; call and be convinced. D. A. Clark, 311 N. 12th st. 5

HALL'S Reliable Coal Market, 2942 Morgan st.; sold in quantities to suit from $1 up. Send postal.

LACE CURTAINS cheap for cash or on easy payments. Staley's, 807 Franklin av. 5

SMYRNA RUGS, also Velvet and Brussels; full line of Carpets, on easy payments. Staley, 807 Franklin av.

1,000 UNREDEEMED gold and silver watches, 2,000 rings, 500 clocks and large quantities of gold and silver chains, bracelets, jewelry, etc., for sale cheap at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av.

O. K. COAL dealer delivers nine bushels of good coal to any part of building for $1; sells 2 tons, and 6-horse loads at lowest market price. Office, 922 N. 12th st., C. F. Wuesteney, Prop.

BIG MUDDY COAL.

Telephone 810. J. H. SIEGRIST, 313 Olive.

ON TIME PAYMENTS.

I will furnish your house with good or medium furniture cheaper than any other furniture house in the city. Call and be convinced for yourself. H. Walker, 206 N. 12th, between Olive and Pine. 5

The Easiest Time Payment House in the City.

GEO. J. FRITSCH

FURNITURE, STOVE AND CARPET CO.

Parlor Suits, bedroom sets, bed lounges, springs, mattresses, cooking and heating stoves, hanging lamps, carpets, oil cloths, rugs, curtains, oil paintings and everything to housekeeping in great varieties always on hand. Special bargains to parties going to housekeeping. Largest stock and lowest prices. Give us a call and don't forget the Nos.

1509 to 1515 S. Broadway.

ON TIME PAYMENTS,

At cash prices; no charges, no interest; everything to furnish a house. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. 5

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—Strawberry blonde: Would like to see you. Jennie. 1

PERSONAL—Young gent desires the acquaintance of a young lady or widow fond of theater, etc.; must move in good society. Address G 10, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Young gentleman desires acquaintance of girl; rosy cheeked preferred; appoint interview; be there sure and I will certain. Address I 10, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Will gentleman who was on car No. 89 on Hempstead and Broadway Friday afternoon about 3 o'clock, and who spoke to conductor of car 117, kindly send his address to 3524 N. Broadway. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M.D., 1422 Olive st., treats with magnetism, electricity and baths. Medicated and vapor, for ladies and gentlemen. Magnetism is the chief feature of my baths, hence patients have preference of male or female assistants. Baths are a luxury for the healthy, a necessity for the sick. 74

MRS. G. LUBY, mother of the great fortune teller, Mrs. Wilcus, gives luck, tells fortunes, can be consulted on affairs of business, love and matrimony; tells name and age of caller and present anesthetic; satisfaction guaranteed. 502 N. 15th st., between St. Charles st. and Washington av.

MRS. ROSIE SABINE, the great and unequalled fortune-teller, clairvoyant and astrologer, gives positively successful advice in all matters of love, matrimony, business, lucky numbers, journeys, lawsuits, contested wills, divorce, speculations, etc. She unites friends and lovers; causes speedy marriages, removes the family discord, recovers stolen, mislaid or buried property; treats spiritually all diseases; female complaints a specialty; positive cure of drunkenness guaranteed. 2811 N. 14th st., near Franklin av. 74

TAKE home to your wife an oyster loaf—25c. W. G. Milford, 209 N. 6th. 74

Prof. Laredo, the famous and phenomenal astrologer and fortune-teller, treats all diseases spiritually. He unites those separated, finds lost and hidden property, gives luck in all kinds of speculations, races, stocks, option-deals, lottery, lawsuits of every kind, journeys, prevents sickness and settles misfortunes. His advice is invaluable to business men, lovers and married people, in all affairs of life. Prof. Laredo is the recipient of numerous medals from the crowned heads of Europe in recognition of his services. Send for his infallible cure for drunkenness and his Indian-healing balm. 907 North 15th st. (old 16th st.), near Franklin avenue. 74

ALL call on Mme. Maree, the great and noted A. Clairvoyant and Astrologist, the most powerful investigator in clairvoyance in the nineteenth Century, the greatest self-sustaining test medium in America, has been publicly tested, and challenges the world. Consult her on dead and living friends or enemies, on business matters, marriages and losses of every description. Reveals mysteries, designates hidden coin or mineral, locates lingering diseases and gives the charm of ancient talisman for luck, breaking evil influence, witchcraft, causing speedy marriages and those who forsake you to return. Mme. Maree is the greatest living natural clairvoyant on earth, she reads your secret life from the cradle to the grave with as much ease as though an ordinary conversation; asks no questions, has no cards of any description in her possession. Ladies in trouble call. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. 1316 Pine street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets. Consultation sent by mail.

UNA F. SILVA, clairaudiant and seeing medium, located at 1425 Pine st. 74

WHEN you are worn out in body and mind go and see Una F. Silva and be treated with magnetism; it will do you good. Office 1425 Pine st. 74

KING OF FORTUNE TELLERS!

FEE, 50c AND $1.00!

Prof. Morse, the world-renowned trance clairvoyant. The professor tells his callers' names in full, maiden or married name, and name of future husband or wife. The professor can be consulted on all affairs of life, business, love, marriage, lucky numbers, contested wills, lawsuits, speculations, and while in a trance reveals every hidden mystery. Fee 50 cents and $1. Parlors, 1421 Morgan st., near 15th; hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Letters by mail, $1. 74

FOUND AT LAST!

One who is above all challenged fortune-tellers in the world. Twenty reasons why Mrs. C. Wilcus is the greatest of all fortune-tellers. Because she removes all evil influences done by friends, enemies or relations. She tells your name in full, guides their maiden name, if married. Name of your future husband or wife. Date of your marriage. Date of death of your husband, friend or self. She tells your complete past. Your present life. Your complete future. Recovers stolen property. Brings the separated together in nine days. Secures situations for the unemployed. Changes bad luck to good. Causes speedy marriages; tells lucky numbers. Tells names of horses and numbers sure to win in every race. Upward and downward tendency of stocks. Gives advices in all business affairs. Predicts important events months before they happen. Tells you the future in every business transaction. She gives you the correct advice, when in trouble of any kind. She gives you a complete history of your enemies and makes them your friends. She tells you everything pertaining to your life from the cradle to the grave.

Read the following concerning her magic charms in working charms: Mrs. Wilcus is without an equal. To be convinced she advises you to send for her new 32-PAGE BOOK, free of charge, and read the testimonials of the 3, 7, 9 and 21 days' charms. These are the wonder of the world.

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$5,000 CHALLENGE

Mrs. Dr. Eddy, the world renowned and highly celebrated queen trance clairvoyant, of the Atlantic coast. Mrs. Eddy was born with a double veil and is a seventh daughter. Has the power of any two clairvoyants now living. Tells your entire life, past, present and future, in a DEAD trance. Every hidden mystery revealed. Tells FULL NAMES of her callers and the full name of your future HUSBAND or WIFE, with AGE and DATE of MARRIAGE, and tells whether the one you love is TRUE or FALSE. Tells all your business affairs with utmost truth. Tells your life from cradle to the grave; by her advice unites the separated and causes speedy and happy marriages. Removes evil influences, and by her advice gives good luck. $5,000 CHALLENGE to any medium who can excel her in her sterling revelations of the PAST, PRESENT and FUTURE of one's life. Fee, $1 and upwards. Letters answered. Hours, 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. 1421 MORGAN ST. Parlors at 1426 Morgan st., near 14th. Cut this out.

BOOKS.

WANTED—Books—All kinds bought for cash. Call or send address. Book Exchange, 308 N. 9th. 28

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A. L. SCHAFFER'S Gallery, 1630 Franklin av., for cabinet photos at $2 per doz. All work guaranteed. Other work moderate prices.

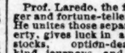
PERSONAL—Beautiful complexion in three weeks; one free treatment will convince you. 2713 Howard st. 74

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 318 Locust st. 74

THE Drum Cough Drop beats them all. Ask your druggist for it.

A. G. SWETT & CO.,

1406 Franklin av., are making the best photographs at prices to suit the times. 74



DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure, operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office 517 Olive st. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1.

H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 925 Olive st.

TAPEWORM.

DR. A. W. RAMEY, 919 Olive st., St. Louis, Mo., guarantees to expel TAPEWORM, head and all, without sickness in from 40 to 90 minutes. Solicits correspondence. Circulars of reference sent free. Enclose stamp. 74

EMPIRE!

1231 Franklin Av., Cor. High St.

The lowest priced dry goods house in St. Louis. We guarantee an actual saving of from 10 to 20 per cent by purchasing of us. Strictly one price. Don't fail to pay us a visit.

ALL those who wish to have their nails and hands beautified should call at Mme. Manicure Parlor, Room 26, Emily Building, 9th and Olive. 74

CALL and consult Mme. Cafrel, the New Orleans fortune teller, 12 S. 14th st. 74

PERSONAL—Miss Fletcher, massage and magnetic treatment, hand baths. 1128 Pine. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Louisa Massock, ladies' physician, takes ladies to board during confinement. 1319 Chouteau av. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent midwife; business strictly confidential; elegant to, with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st.

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., treats with magnetism, electricity and baths. Medicated and vapor, for ladies and gentlemen. Magnetism is the chief feature of my baths, hence patients have preference of male or female assistants. Baths are a luxury for the healthy, a necessity for the sick. 74

MRS. G. LUBY, mother of the great fortune teller, Mrs. Wilcus, gives luck, tells fortunes, can be consulted on affairs of business, love and matrimony; tells name and age of caller and present anesthetic; satisfaction guaranteed. 502 N. 15th st., between St. Charles st. and Washington av.

MRS. ROSIE SABINE, the great and unequalled fortune-teller, clairvoyant and astrologer, gives positively successful advice in all matters of love, matrimony, business, lucky numbers, journeys, lawsuits, contested wills, divorce, speculations, etc. She unites friends and lovers; causes speedy marriages, removes the family discord, recovers stolen, mislaid or buried property; treats spiritually all diseases; female complaints a specialty; positive cure of drunkenness guaranteed. 2811 N. 14th st., near Franklin av. 74

Prof. Laredo, the famous and phenomenal astrologer and fortune-teller, treats all diseases spiritually. He unites those separated, finds lost and hidden property, gives luck in all kinds of speculations, races, stocks, option-deals, lottery, lawsuits of every kind, journeys, prevents sickness and settles misfortunes. His advice is invaluable to business men, lovers and married people, in all affairs of life. Prof. Laredo is the recipient of numerous medals from the crowned heads of Europe in recognition of his services. Send for his infallible cure for drunkenness and his Indian-healing balm. 907 North 15th st. (old 16th st.), near Franklin avenue. 74

ALL call on Mme. Maree, the great and noted A. Clairvoyant and Astrologist, the most powerful investigator in clairvoyance in the nineteenth Century, the greatest self-sustaining test medium in America, has been publicly tested, and challenges the world. Consult her on dead and living friends or enemies, on business matters, marriages and losses of every description. Reveals mysteries, designates hidden coin or mineral, locates lingering diseases and gives the charm of ancient talisman for luck, breaking evil influence, witchcraft, causing speedy marriages and those who forsake you to return. Mme. Maree is the greatest living natural clairvoyant on earth, she reads your secret life from the cradle to the grave with as much ease as though an ordinary conversation; asks no questions, has no cards of any description in her possession. Ladies in trouble call. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. 1316 Pine street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets. Consultation sent by mail.

UNA F. SILVA, clairaudiant and seeing medium, located at 1425 Pine st. 74

WHEN you are worn out in body and mind go and see Una F. Silva and be treated with magnetism; it will do you good. Office 1425 Pine st. 74

KING OF FORTUNE TELLERS!

FEE, 50c AND $1.00!

Prof. Morse, the world-renowned trance clairvoyant. The professor tells his callers' names in full, maiden or married name, and name of future husband or wife. The professor can be consulted on all affairs of life, business, love, marriage, lucky numbers, contested wills, lawsuits, speculations, and while in a trance reveals every hidden mystery. Fee 50 cents and $1. Parlors, 1421 Morgan st., near 15th; hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Letters by mail, $1. 74

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FOR RENT—ROOMS.

121 N. 7TH ST.—Nicely furnished corner room on 2d floor; gas and fire; moderate price. 13

205 N. 6TH ST.—Two rooms, second floor, unfurnished. 13

303 N. 12TH ST.—Nicely furnished room, with fire and gas; rent reasonable. 13

504 MARKET ST.—Furnished front room with fire, $12 a month. 13

514 OLIVE ST.—Furnished room for two persons with or without board at reasonable rates. Inquire room 15, third floor. 13

612 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished front and back room, first floor. 13

702 N. 4TH ST.—People's House, nicely fur. rooms from 25c to $1 per day; all night.

710 PINE ST.—Small and large rooms; transient and permanent. 13

719 CHESTNUT ST.—A large front room with fire; $3.50; and back room $1.50 per week. 13

906 ST. CHARLES ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences for light housekeeping; one block from the Post-office; cheap. 13

907 S. 6TH ST.—Connecting unfur. rooms, conv. to Union Depot; detached house; no children.

932 N. 15TH ST.—Nicely fur. 2d-story front room for gents or gent and wife; private fam. 13

1006 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Two furnished rooms for housekeeping; water in kitchen; $10 per month. 13

1006 N. 6TH ST.—One large unfurnished room; cheap; rear. 13

1010 PINE ST.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms; also housekeeping rooms. 13

1018 S. 9TH ST.—Nicely furnished room for rent; terms reasonable. 13

1048 CARROLL ST.—Five nice light rooms, lower floor; corner house. 13

1103 CHESTNUT ST.—Furnished rooms for ladies or gents; reasonable rate. 13

1117 N. 18TH ST.—Second story front furnished. 13

1127 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished front room, with board; terms reasonable. 13

1217 WASHINGTON AV.—Well furnished parlor; gents only; fire and gas. Also front room, $10 per month; kitchen, $5. 13

1236 CLARK AV.—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; second floor. 13

1310 OLIVE ST.—Large second-story front room; also other rooms; $3 and $2.50 per week. 13

1315 MADISON—Three rooms and hall room, 2d floor. 13

1405 FRANKLIN AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms; second floor. 13

1410 CHESTNUT ST.—Two or three completely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 13

1420 WASHINGTON AV.—Large front room with grate, nicely furnished; also single room; rents low. 13

1424 MORGAN ST.—Two well-furnished rooms $6 and $10 monthly; handsome private residence. 13

1437 N. 23D ST.—Nice tenement rooms; two rooms and kitchen; $7 for small family. 13

1504 PINE ST.—Pleasant room on second floor and third; family or 2 gents; small room also.

1505 PAPIN ST.—One furnished room $8 per month. 13

1513 CHESTNUT ST.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms for housekeeping; $5 to $8. 13

1520 CHESTNUT ST.—Three unfurnished rooms; water in kitchen, with use of attic, cellar and yard. 13

1607 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished second-story front room for two or four gents; terms low. 13

1609 BIDDLE ST.—Three rooms and kitchen.

1734 DOLMAN ST.—Three-room flat, $13; near Lafayette Park; new house.

1800 DOLMAN ST.—Second floor stone-front house, three rooms, bath, etc.; rent low. 13

1807 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished, second-story front and back rooms; terms reasonable; private family. 13

2024 PINE ST.—To party without children, 4 rooms partly furnished or unfurnished; rent exchanged. 13

2114 OLIVE ST.—Comfortable furnished rooms. 13

2123 WALNUT ST.—Two nicely furnished parlors for rent. 13

2205 OLIVE ST.—Desirable second-story furnished front rooms; reference exchanged. 13

2507 SPRING AV.—Second floor; five rooms and bath; cars pass the door; $15. Apply 2441 Spring av.

2624 OLIVE ST.—Front room newly furnished throughout; large closet, hall and stairs newly carpeted, everything clean, comfortable, convenient; rent reasonable to good parties. 13

2643 OLIVE ST.—Two unfurnished rooms on first floor; reference required. 13

2712 WASH ST.—Two or three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; 2d floor. 13

2716 LOCUST ST.—Neatly furnished room on second floor; also, hall-room; rent low. 13

2808 MORGAN ST.—Two furnished front rooms on third floor, suitable for light housekeeping. 13

2827 MORGAN ST.—For $18 four unfurnished rooms on second floor, all conveniences; southern exposure.

3112 SHERIDAN AV.—One nicely furnished room at $5 per month; also two rooms for light housekeeping; private family. 13

3307 FRANKLIN AV.—Handsomely furnished second-story front room; private family. 13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, suitable for light housekeeping or gents; no reference. Address K 8, this office. 13

FOR RENT—First-floor, three large rooms and kitchen; gas fixtures in one square from North-ern Central railroad; rent reg. 3066 Cass av. 13

FOR RENT—A flat of three rooms on second floor of house No. 522 S 23d st., near Randolph st.; in neat order; $16. H. L. CORNET & CO., 110 N. 6th st.

FOR RENT—West of 31st st. and within one block of Cable Road, nice location, a furnished room in private family; rent $9 per month. Address K 9, this office. 13

FOR RENT—Clemens Flats, northwest corner 11th and Howard sts., suite of four rooms on first or second floor, in nice order; water, etc., all paid; at $15. H. L. CORNET & CO., 110 N. 6th st.

FOR RENT—By widow lady a nicely furnished second-story front room in northern part of city where one or two gents can have the comforts of a home; no other roomers. Address M 10, this office. 21

WANTED—With or without room-mate, furnished room in western part of city; references exchanged. Add., stating price, B., 4000 N. 38th st.

WANTED—By young couple, a suite of three unfurnished rooms with a private family, with or without board; prefer Stoddard addition, west of Jefferson av., and convenient to cable; references will be required. Address G 8, this office.

THE Drum Cough Drop beats them all. Ask your druggist for it.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1018 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Two-story stone front house, mansard roof, containing eight rooms. Inquire at Jos. Schmaider's Brewing Co., office 2000 Chouteau av. 14

1022 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Two-story stone front house, mansard roof, containing eight rooms. Inquire at Jos. Schmaider's Brewing Co., office, 2000 Chouteau av. 14

2645 CAROLINE ST. (near Lafayette Park).—Detached brick cottage with summer kitchen, including water, $15. 14

2731 DAYTON ST.—Lower floor, hall, gas and bath. 14

2925 FRANKLIN AV.—Large eight-room stone front, on account of family leaving city; house in first-class order; furniture and carpets for sale. 14

3115 S. JEFFERSON AV., opposite "Benton Park"—Six-room dwelling-house; all conveniences; only $25. HENRY HIEMENZ, JR., 507 Chestnut st. 14

3612 CASS AV.—Nice 6-room stone-front house; laundry and bath; $22.50. 14

3712 FINNEY AV.—Large eight-room, stone-front house; lot 31x155 ft.; in first-class condition; will be painted very cheap to good tenant. D. J. HAYDEN & CO., 107 N. 8th st. 14

FOR RENT—Cheap, 2944 Clark av. and 413 Montrose av., six room houses; all conveniences. Apply to J. RYAN, 605 Chestnut st. 14

FOR RENT—807 Clarkson place, just south of Morgan's Vandeventer, new stone fronts; 7 rooms, hall, bath, gas, electric bells, etc.; $500 per annum. JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO., 206 N. 8th. 14

CHEAP RENTS.

Seven 3 or 6 room brick houses on Grand av.; front and back entrance and yards with water free; just painted and in complete repair. Inquire at 4168 N. Grand av., or at 3558 Liudell av. 14

THE Drum Cough Drop beats them all. Ask your druggist for it.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—A nicely furnished room for gentleman; no reference. Address with terms W 9, this office. 21

WANTED—Two ladies want 2 or 3 rooms in good location for dressmaking. Apply Pickwick Pharmacy. 21

WANTED—By lady, furnished room in nice family, western part of the city; state price. Address B 10, this office. 21

WANTED—Lady offers drawing lessons or portraiture for unfurnished room, parlor preferred; references. Address G 8, this office. 21

WANTED—A family of two want to rent three or four unfurnished rooms on the 1st or 2d floor; best reference given. Address M 10, this office. 21

WANTED—With or without room-mate, furnished room in western part of city; references exchanged. Add., stating price, B., 4000 N. 38th st.

WANTED—By young couple, a suite of three unfurnished rooms with a private family, with or without board; prefer Stoddard addition, west of Jefferson av., and convenient to cable; references will be required. Address G 8, this office.

THE Drum Cough Drop beats them all. Ask your druggist for it.

BOARDING.

233 S. JEFFERSON AV.—A neatly furnished third-story front room with board for two gents; private family; reference exchanged. 18

414 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Two gents or man and wife can

$5
nts Hand-Made Shoe
nd Congress has no
t for the price.
f best domestic Calf,
l the finish and fit is
$8.00 shoe.
mplete in every de-
r rapidly increasing
the people appreciate
d good value.
rrish,
ve Streets.
SATURDAY.

THY NEGROES.

Worth from Half Million Down.

stitution.

well, a negro journalist, has compiled an ex- ness condition of his race

ns take the lead in the l-to-do negroes. North twenty who are worth to $30,000 each. In he negroes own $10,000,000 ty. In Charleston four- ent $200,000. Thomas R. n $18,000, and Charles C. $12,000. The family of farmers, are worth $150,- savings banks the negroes on deposit. One man has recently bought a $10,000 paid $7,000 in cash. ia John McKee is worth n. He owns 400 houses. th $100,000 each. f New York own from five ars' worth of real estate. holesale druggist, is worth illion and has an annual 0,000. Catherine Black is

y the negroes own $2,000,- eal estate. Baltimore has ne-owners than any other neteen men are worth a 000. John Thomas, the orth about $150,000. Less s in Washington are worth 000.

the negroes pay taxes on w Orleans, and $30,000,000 nie Lafon, a French quad- $1,100,000. The Mercer carry a stock of $300,000. enty-seven citizens worth ounts ranging from $20,000

olored woman of the South, nks, made so by the white father, is worth lives near Augusta, the home of 18,000 has three colored firms in proprietors represent $20,- 5,000 and nine $10,000. The iture Company is worth Scott has $35,000 invested siness and is worth $100,- well stocked farm in Mich- n Jones and Richard Grant 00 each. A. G. White of St. y purveyor to the Anchor rs, after financial reverses, age of 43, retrieved his accounted for $30,000. Mrs. n San Francisco enjoys a bank account of $50,000, Pleasants has an income uses in San Francisco, a n Mateo, and $100,000 in nds. In Marysville, Cal., unis are the owners of in the aggregate for them ,000. One of them, Mrs. has besides a bank account

s show that the brother in some headway in the learning to "tote his own

Manners in Paris.

London World.

pens of MM. Albert Mil- s has been falling foul of d dress of the English in old story of Cook's tour- e opera in tweed suits and f the miserably dressed y Alpenstocks along the nfortunately, I cannot of the case. There are nd Englishwomen who wanting in self-re- espect of other people aris in old shooting clothes pera and the other theaters d headgear that attract other night at the theater box occupied by seven a mother, an aunt and he girls were all clad alike y-woolsey dresses, bear- cloth traveling caps. ue and painful spectacle. done? At the opera one a stranger's box, as they and Austria, and so hide dressed foreigners. Yes, e to do with the badly Before throwing stones , who are often innocent om remote and ascetic cult of beauty is un- not Figaro turn his eyes n people? Certainly the present day do not set the example in the matter men go to the theater even for a first night the trouble to dress. equally negligent, inso- capital in Europe do you audiences as you see now- ncais, the Gymnase and n Paris. Let Figaro inter- traveling Parisian not- d experience of foreign the satirist of the Rue s exaggeration, may per- d to conclude that the o go to the Paris theatres do so designedly in order wdy Parisians to shame. of unique beauty and but sometimes of late theaters, when I lounge s encumbered with ambus- nts, when I see the filthy ged and dirty cabmen— I notice the neglected n and women of bourgeois e—I begin to fear that the ling respect for their beau- nd sit of an afternoon in lysees, or go and watch the Avenue des Acacias, has stupidly pro- the smart promenade our du Lac, which was at us. I am not a pessimist nd I am recording a sin- when I say that there neral elegance; in pedes- riage folks alike there is lect, and precisely in this and personal appearance. the streets and prome- becoming less amusing. ntals are progressing in ion, Paris is stationary. And yet Figaro wonders do not come to Paris as

WASHINGTON.

SENATOR JONES OF FLORIDA SPOILING HIS CHANCES OF RE-ELECTION.

The Senator Still in Detroit—Congressman Collins and the Massachusetts Mugwumps—The Political Changes in West Virginia—The Mississippi River Commission After an Appropriation.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 11.—Senator Jones of Florida, who is still in Detroit, is reported to have reformed completely. He has not drunk anything in the last six months. Several weeks ago he announced that he intended to leave Detroit and go back to Florida. This indication of a desire to return to his seat in the Senate was hailed with pleasure by his friends. But for some mysterious reason he still stays in Detroit. He has a certain melancholy beat around the Russell House, which he walks every day tirelessly and, of course, without object. The Legislature which meets this winter in Florida will elect his successor. There never was an instance of any one throwing up deliberately his position and future with so little object or reason as in the case of Senator Jones.

The Mississippi River Commission.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 11.—Yesterday the Secretary of War received from Gen. Gilmore of the Mississippi River Commission a request that he call an early meeting of the Board of Engineer Officers on Levees, in order that the commission might at once get to work on the Mississippi River levees. Up to this afternoon the Secretary had taken no action on the request whatsoever. The general opinion here, among well-informed officials, is that there will be trouble this winter with the work on the Mississippi River. In the first place there is a great state of jealousy existing between the commission and the Government engineers. These latter have always been more or less indignant that the improvements on the river should have been taken out of their hands. In the next place, it has already been reported, the commission is in a quandary as to where their salaries and expenses are to come from, and are not in a humor to press the work as vigorously as the occasion requires. Again, this session of Congress open will be so short that unless the annual report of the commission is before Congress when it meets, which from present indications it will not likely, there will be hardly time for the preparation and passage of a river and harbor bill satisfactory to the country, and finally, if a satisfactory bill is framed, the intimation from the President that he would sign no more such bills is likely to lessen the chance of its passage.

West Virginia Politics.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 11.—Col. Hassien of the Interior Department, who is well acquainted with the political situation in West Virginia, says the recent election in that State presented many curious features. For instance, the Democrats only succeeded in retaining control of the Legislature because two districts which have heretofore given small Republican majorities turned around and sent Democratic Representatives to the Legislature. The Democrats were as much surprised at carrying these two districts as the Republicans were at losing them. Another incident occurred which practically removes all opposition to the re-election of Senator Camden. The most conspicuous aspirant to succeed Senator Camden was a candidate for the State Senate, in what was supposed to be a strongly Democratic county, but unfortunately for him he failed to be elected and his chances for United States Senator are considered very slim. There seems to be no foundation for the rumor that ex-Senator Henry G. Davis is willing to be returned to the Senate. His most intimate friends say he will become a candidate for the Governorship two years hence, and if he is successful will serve out the Gubernatorial term and then retire from politics.

Collins and the Mugwumps.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 11.—Congressman Patrick M. Collins of Massachusetts is in the city. He said this morning that nothing gave him more pleasure than to know there was not a single mugwump elected to an office in his State. He says the mugwumps voted the straight Democratic ticket. They became Democrats and the Democratic party absorbed them. There are no mugwumps in Massachusetts now. "In 1884 the mugwump, or Independent Republican, as he called himself, would not vote the Democratic ticket," said Mr. Collins; "he made a ticket of his own, composed of the Republican ticket with Cleveland electors instead of Blaine electors. This year he would not make an independent ticket. He was represented in the Democratic State Convention; he voted the Democratic ticket and became a Democrat to remain a Democrat."

CRIMINAL TRIALS.

Judge Noonan Disposes of Several Cases in the Court of Criminal Correction.

Charles Hall and Eugene Wright had examinations in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day on charges of robbery in the first degree, and were held for the Grand Jury in the sum of $500 each. Albert Teres of 714 Carr street alleges that they held him up on October 27 and stole an undershirt and four pairs of socks from him.

The case of William Nickerson, Sam Scott and Tom Jefferson, charged with the theft of three watches valued at $12 from Moritz Bierman of No. 12 South Levee, came up to-day. Nickerson pleaded guilty and was sent to the Work-house for six months, while Scott and Jefferson were discharged, the wrong charge having been preferred against them. A warrant charging them with receiving stolen property was taken out immediately and they were re-arrested.

Sadie Nelson, alias Correll, alias Fanny Lyons, charged with defrauding Rufus N. Levison, Jr., out of $13, and Julia Dalton, charged with stealing a $5 cloak from Julia Toohey, were tried and discharged, but a charge of disposing of chattels mortgaged was placed against her.

Thomas Johnson, charged with stealing $40 worth of razors from Antonio Pierl of 902 Locust street, pleaded guilty by consent to petit larceny and was sent to the Work-house for nine months.

Ed Williams alias Hanky was sent to the Work-house for two months for stealing a butcher-knife and steel from John Keller.

James Ryan was sentenced to two months in the Work-house for stealing a pair of blankets valued at $5 from Wm. Christopher.

Bernhold Schaefer was sent to the Work-house for two months for stealing a $5 rubber coat from Adolph Pfeiffer of 806 Olive street.

ABOUT TOWN.

SETH W. COBB & Co. entered suit this afternoon against D. H. Silver to recover $6,114.99 on a note and $423 on an account.

CHIEF OF POLICE HUEBLER leaves December 1 on his vacation trip. During his absence Capt. Fruchte of the Fifth District will be Acting Chief.

Schenck—Plate.

Last night Miss Theodora, daughter of Mr. Theodore Plate of the Westliche Post was married to Mr. Albert Schenck. The ceremony was performed in the small hall of the Liederkranz Building, Thirteenth and Chouteau avenue, Justice Von Gerichten officiated. Only the relatives and intimate friends of the contracting parties were present.

End of the Wave.

The cold wave flag was ordered down this morning as the wave had about passed off. The warning was hardly justified, as the fall was only about 12 degrees in the thirty-eight hours ending last evening.

Visiting the West.

Mr. Sheppard Homan, the President of the Provident Life Insurance Company of New York, is in the city. Mr. Homan has been on a tour throughout the West visiting the agents of the company and looking after other insurance matters. He is an old St. Louisan, having been educated here, but has been living in New York for the past thirty years. Mr. Homan visited the State Insurance Department this morning and was shown around by Commissioner Carr.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

Trouble in Silver Dell—Two New Stocks Listed—Mining Gossip.

Cotton oil trust certificates, 54½c.

* * *

Mining stocks were quiet to-day. Even the call failed to bring out investors. Values, however, were well sustained.

* * *

Sheridan was very quiet. Before the call offers were made at $7.40. On call $7 was bid and $7.50 asked, but traders got no nearer to each other. After the call one lot of 50 shares sold at $7.50 and 150 shares sold at $7.40. Very little was offering, however.

* * *

Granite Mountain was in active demand. Forty-six was the price paid last night. On call to-day, Caller Joe Carr started the bidding at $46. It quickly went up to $45.50 bid for twenty-five shares. Then $46 was bid and Porteus sold twenty-five to McMorrow at that figure. The call closed with $45.50 bid.

* * *

A New York authority on silver says: 'The recent rise is due to the fact that the metal thrown on the market by Germany and Sweden has been absorbed.'

* * *

Adams was $7 and $7.25 bid at different times during the morning. There were no sales. This afternoon Gaylord & Co. received a telegram announcing that the November dividend had been declared. It is 15 cents payable on the 21st. Books close on the 13th, and open on the 30th. Small Hopes was $9 bid this morning with no transactions.

* * *

Gaylord & Co. made a big trade in Ideal last evening. They bought 5,000 shares of the stock of one of the insiders and placed them with seven investors; 200 shares Ideal sold outside the city at $1.75. On 'Change $1.65 was bid early. There were transactions at $1.65 and $1.70. On call it was announced that Ideal and Mexican Improvement had been listed and would be called Monday.

* * *

A New York telegram says: Mr. Isidor Wormser said last evening, "I am a big bull on stocks. There is big speculation in American securities between Paris and London. In the latter city the dealings in Americans have become so large that application has been made to the exchange for a separate room to accommodate the increased business."

* * *

John W. Kauffman, J. C. Ewald and Tom Carter, the three big Ideal stockholders left for Leadville last evening, to be gone two or three weeks. They expect to meet H. B. Slaughter there and with him to examine another large silver property in which they propose to invest. Mose Fraley is also one of the syndicate. While in the West the trio will give the Ideal a thorough examination.

* * *

Secretary McGlanitie of the Germania states that some capitalists have offered to lease their property for 25 per cent royalty, to take a bond for $100,000, and to give bond that within a year they will put up the machinery necessary to develop it.

* * *

"St. Louis people hear only of the Granite Mountain mine in our section," said H. McDonell of Butte, Mont., yesterday. "We have two or three properties as good as the Granite Mountain, but we are owned by New York and San Francisco parties and none of the stock is on the market. Butte is a thriving city of 21,000 inhabitants. It produced $10,000,000 last year.

* * *

A telegram from New York says: Commissioner Fink succeeded yesterday afternoon in getting the members of the Trunk Line Executive Committee to meet at his office to-day to discuss the live stock business. The formal manner in which Fink's friends have presented the suggestion to Commissioner Fink of reducing first-class rates in case the express war is not settled, has led to a good deal of passion about why the Pennsylvania Road is going to do. A prominent member of the Trunk Line Executive Committee says that the express war will be settled outside of the Trunk Line Executive Committee and intimated that steps are on foot which may lead to a settlement within a few days.

* * *

The St. Louis-Mexican Investment and Improvement Company filed a statement with the Stock Committee to-day, showing their assets to be as follows: Mining investment—Bolanos Mines in the State of Jalisco, Republic of Mexico, consisting of

14,600 feet claim	$4,807,330.00
Cash to construction account	5,058.00
Machinery and supplies	33,987.18
Accounts and bills receivable	94,527.10
Cash, home office	4,188 82
Cash at mines	1,486.82
Treasury stock on hand (par)	43,120.00
Total assets	$5,000,000.00

The liabilities are the capital stock, $5,000,000. The committee read the statement and immediately ordered the stock listed. It will be called Monday. A number of the insiders bought floating stock to-day at $1.50.

* * *

The Silver Dell is having a peck of trouble. Not long since an election was held and D. J. Blanke, who had been acting as President and Treasurer, was superseded. Mr. Blanke has refused and in the last two or three days has sold the stock down about 50 per cent. He sold some two days ago at 40 cents and some at 42½ cents. To-day he offered some at 35 cents. Mr. Blanke is still a director of the company but he claims that two or three Directors' meetings have been held lately, of which he has not been notified. "They claim I have sold my stock," he said to-day, "but I have not sold it all, and I am still eligible as a director. If they have held meetings without notifying me there will be music." Mr. Blanke said much more which was highly personal. He said the company had been trading on his good name, and that he was going to wash his hands of them. There will likely be some of the "music" Mr. Blanke talks of in a few days. The stock has never been generally dealt in.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mrs. Soldan of 1616 Hickory street gave a very pleasant coffee party to a number of friends yesterday, among whom were Mrs. Herold, Mrs. Boebler, Mrs. Koenig, Mrs. Sennewald, Mrs. Bercheiman, Mrs. Weisenborn, Mrs. Bohmen, Mrs. Dr. Meisenbach, Mrs. Folenius, Mrs. Horn, Mrs. Meckart and others.

Tom Pritchett, clerk at the Laclede Hotel, returned last evening from a duck hunt in the north end of the State. A box of game arrived at the hotel ahead of him as the result of his work. He carried his right hand in a sling, the forefinger having been dangerously bitten by a duck that had been supposed to be dead. The bird is now thoroughly dead.

The Stamm Estate.

Letters of administration were granted this afternoon to Caspar Klute on the estate of Henrietta Stamm. A legacy of $75 is left to the daughter-in-law, Mrs. Katie Stamm. The residue is left to the son Alexander.

Matrimonial Intelligence.

From the Texas Sittings.

They had not been married very long, but she had grown cold and listless, so one evening, after she had yawned seventeen consecutive times, he said:

"You seem to be so cold and indifferent, Malvina. Have you forgotten those happy days when I was paying you my addresses?"

"You bet I've not forgotten those happy days before we were married. I never had less than three feliers around me, paying me attention."

"But, dearest, haven't you got me to pay you attention just now?"

"Yes, I suppose I have. You are doing the best you know how, but you don't flatter yourself that you are equal to three, do you?'

The Small Boy's Latest Joke.

From the Springfield Republican.

A small boy surprised his teacher at one of the grammar schools yesterday by asking her how far a procession of the Presidents of the United States would reach if they were placed in a row. On her expressing her ignorance he calmly announced: "From Washington to Cleveland."

A Massachusetts Administration.

From the Boston Herald.

It makes little difference how much it (Massachusetts) weighs. It sits upon the box and drives the Administration, New York to the contrary notwithstanding.

THE PACKERS' STRIKE.

A GENERAL RESUMPTION OF WORK AT THE CHICAGO STOCK-YARDS.

The Packers Rescind the Anti-Union Labor Resolution—Arrival of Fowler's New York Contingent, Escorted by the Militia—A Row Among the Knights of Labor—The Cokemen's Troubles—Labor News.

CHICAGO, November 11.—At a meeting held last evening the packers rescinded the resolution, adopted at a former meeting, agreeing not to employ any men connected with any labor organization. The packers, however, will exercise the right to employ and discharge whom they please.

THE SITUATION IMPROVING.

The situation at the stock yards shows improvement this morning. All the packers report that their forces are increasing and among the applicants for work to-day many are of the old men.

Contrary to the general expectation the army of workmen, which were engaged by Fowler & Co. in New York, last Monday, arrived at the yards and reached their employers' establishment without any molestation. Trouble was expected when these 300 arrived, and every precaution was taken by the military to prevent it. Company D of the First Regiment marched to the corner of Fifty-fifth and Halstead streets shortly after 8 o'clock this morning. Shortly after that hour the Trunk line train with the imported workmen arrived and the men disembarked. Guarded by Company D, they then had to march two miles through the roughest part of the stock yards district to the yards proper and although the streets were crowded with strikers and their sympathizers not the slightest interference was attempted. The New Yorkers are now safely housed at Fowler's. Reports to Gen. Fitzsimons at 8 o'clock from all parts of the yards report everything quiet.

NOW AMONG THE KNIGHTS.

The presence of blue coats was about the only indication this morning of any strike being in progress. Hundreds of men went to work and there seemed to be no lack of business at the principal packing-houses. Armour & Co. are running almost full blast, they having received a number of men from the East and a number of both old and new men having been put to work this morning. The firm has now nearly three thousand men at work. The Chicago Packing & Provision Company received fifty men last night and now have about six hundred at work. Nelson Morris and Fowler Bros. have each fully as many, and Swift & Co. have about 1,500. The great topic of conversation this morning was a row in the camp of the Knights, and the split between Barry and Butler and Grant, Harper and Dolan. Each side has its sympathizers, and the constituents of the men who have defied the wrath of Barry and Butler chose to remain at their posts. The Barry-Butler element lines the sidewalk on Halstead street and uses all endeavors to dissuade the men who desire to go to work from doing so. No violence was attempted, however, as the blue-coated pickets line all the approaches to the yards and inspire due respect in the minds of even the most pugnacious of the strikers.

POWDERLY'S AGENT.

A notable arrival at the stock-yards this morning was A. T. Carlton of Boston, a member of the General Executive Board of the Knights of Labor and a friend of Mr. Powderly, and it is thought he will endeavor to settle the strike peaceably.

DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

The indications this afternoon are that the great strike at the stock yards is drawing to a close. A. A. Carleton of Boston, of the General Executive Board of the Knights of Labor, arrived in this city this morning, and after consulting one or two of the "old heads" of the order went out to the town of Lake. When he arrived there he was met by Barry, Marshall, Butler and other prominent Knights. The leaders of the strike with Mr. Carleton as the new angel of peace, repaired to the Transit House and held a long secret conference. Mr. Carleton is a conservative man, and was, it is said, chosen by Mr. Powderly as the agent most likely to be able to bring about the adjustment of the trouble. It was reported on the Board of Trade to-day that the following dispatch was received by Mr. Barry this morning:

"Order the men back. Eight-hour movement at this time considered impracticable and has not our approval. POWDERLY."

Mr. Barry refused to affirm or deny the truth of the report when interrogated by note, replying that he was "busy." Mr. Armour's manager said that they had heard the same report from their manager at the yards, but they had no confirmation of the report although they believed it. So many new men have come in from all parts of the city that he did not credit report this afternoon they need no more. At Armour's 1,000 cattle and 3,000 hogs were killed to-day with the force at work in their house, which is composed almost entirely of new men.

Non-Union Slaughter-Houses.

ALBANY, N. Y., November 11.—Twenty-six car-loads of cattle on the hoof for dressed beef houses were received to-day. The agent of Swift & Co. has secured Anable's hog abattoir and has non-union butchers slaughtering cattle there. Some of the stock received was driven to Cohoes, where another non-union slaughter-house is operated. Thirty car-loads of dressed beef from Chicago reached here this morning, twenty of which were for Hammond & Co. and ten for Armour.

An Amicable Settlement.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., November 11.—The strikers at the hog abattoir, on the Hackensack Meadows, all went back to work this morning at an increase of wages. The company refused to dismiss the two foremen as the strikers demanded, and also refused to treat with a committee from the Knights of Labor who waited on them. After a conference with a committee of the strikers, the bosses succeeded in making an amicable settlement to the satisfaction of all concerned. Both parties made concessions.

No Demands or Threats.

PITTSBURG, Pa., November 11.—Manager Baldwin of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company stated this morning that he had not heard of any men quitting work on their road. Some of the employes have requested certain changes, but they have made no demands or threats. Their requests are now being considered, and it will take some time to render a decision. The men are all at work in the city, with no indication of their quitting.

The Cokemen's Troubles.

PITTSBURG, Pa., November 11.—President Costello of the Miners' Amalgamated Association left for Connelsville coke regions last night to use his influence in averting a quarrel between the operators and the men. A demand has been formulated by the local executive board of the association and presented to the coke syndicate. If this demand should be refused the men threaten to strike, but the chances are against a lock-out. Such action would be particularly severe upon the producers just at present, as the demand for coke at paying figures is greater than the output. President Costello will investigate the grievances, and secure, if possible, the peaceful solution of the problem.

A Man 8 Feet 6 Inches High.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

A giant is coming to London. He is an Austrian. He calls himself Winkelmeier. He is 8 feet 6 inches in height, and is one of the tallest men who have lived since the days of the Anakim. He is very much taller than Maid Marian, under whose outstretched arms the Ballet used to dance at the Alhambra. But she died before she had finished growing, and Winkelmeier will never be any taller. He is said to have nothing to recommend him to notice except his size, being, like most giants, without any particular intellectual energy.

Georgia's Cow With a Crumpled Horn.

From the Hawkinsville News.

About a week ago, near Mr. Charlton Jones', a cow with crumpled horns was licking her calf and, by some means, the calf got its head in the circle of the horns and could not extricate it. The cow became excited and, in her efforts to get rid of the calf, strangled it and broke her own neck, both dying instantly.

The Standard of Ohio Statesmanship.

From the Columbus Times.

Gov. Foraker has truthfully said that the management of the Ohio Penitentiary has become, to a large extent, the criterion from which to judge of the success or failure of an administration.

LOWEST-PRICED HOUSE IN AMERICA FOR FINE GOODS. Cor. of 4th & Locust Sts.

Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.

Show the Finest and Largest Stock of Fine

Opera Glasses and Silk Umbrellas

At Prices So Low as to Insure Their Sale to Every Intending Buyer.

They Ask You to Call and See.

Silk Umbrellas. Prices $2.50 to $12

Prices of Opera-Glasses range from $3.50 to $25.

Cor. of 4th & Locust. DIAMONDS We are showing a stock utterly incomparable in quality, beauty and low price, and would with pleasure show you the Special Bargains We Offer. Cor. of 4th & Locust.

IMPERIAL TEXAS.

DALLAS AND THE GREAT SUCCESS OF ITS TWO FAIRS.

A Wonderful Aggregation of Southwestern Exhibits—Evidence of Rapid Growth, Progress and Improvement—The Triumph and Success of Public Spirit and Enterprise—A Land of Thrift and Plenty.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

DALLAS, Tex., November 6.—Now that the rush and confusion of two fairs going on at once is a thing of the past, it comes in good play to take a general review of what Dallas has been doing to enhance the reputation of Texas in general and towards advancing her own interests in particular. It can truly be said that the general result has exceeded the expectations of the most sanguine supporters of the two enterprises. Hardly three months ago some twenty-five of Dallas' most prominent citizens concluded to hold two fairs. When the scheme was first talked of on the streets, the universal opinion was, "Both will be a failure and our city will be the laughing stock of the whole South." But these same twenty-five gentlemen didn't propose to write any such word as "failed" on their banner, and to work they went. Two tracts of raw land outside the city, one containing eighty acres and the other one hundred and ten, were soon converted into as fine fair grounds as can be found in the country. Two magnificent race-tracks were, as it were, brought right out of the soil, the most complete buildings imaginable sprung into beautiful existence as if by magic, and just one week ago to-day the doors were thrown open to the public. Ten days ago and one could hear the expression, "Won't they be a sick set when this is all over?" Well, the first week is over, and the old saying of "Where there's a will there's always a way" has found ample verification. Pluck and energy score a grand success, and Dallas stands to-day without a rival, for she has out-distanced all competition and no small amount of money has been used, the total cost of fitting up the two grounds having footed up nearly $160,000. Finance-wise these enterprises are the talk North and East, express great wonder at the exhibits of Texas products brought together by these same men. There are horses that cannot be surpassed anywhere. Fine sheep, cattle and horses, and grain, not only in endless variety, but of the very finest quality. Corn was shown that made me think of the great corn country of Kansas, and the success of grain raising in Texas is forever settled from this time on. Everything went to add fresh testimony to the greatness of Texas.

THE TEXAS STATE FAIR

we shall first mention, as it has had its run and has now given way to its rival. The grounds of this association are the very finest that could be asked for. They are situated about two miles south from the center of the city, and the Houston & Texas Central Railroad ran trains to and from them every thirty minutes. A very fine boulevard offered attractions to those who preferred to get by carriage and a ten-minutes' ride brings us to the main entrance. The first building that attracts one's eye is the Horticultural Hall, and there was a display of fruit that was a source of delight to all visitors. Texas can certainly defy competition as a fruit-growing State. The display of peaches was of such magnitude as to astonish even the directory themselves. Such rosy-cheeked beauties as they were, luscious enough to make even the mouth of an epicure water. And apples, pears and grapes in such endless variety and beauty as to challenge the admiration of everyone. Texas has never seen a display to equal this since its first existence.

MACHINERY EXHIBITS.

The most extensive display of the whole Fair was to be seen in this department. Each firm had their own buildings, all connected with the main machinery hall, they being eleven in number. This part of the Fair possessed great attractions for the farmers and as each building had its full complement of machinery and all running by steam power there was a constant throng of visitors. In the matter of premiums to farmers for best displays of corn, cotton, wheat, oats, etc., there were sixty-seven different agricultural implements and wagons given away by the Association, they having been put in, in most cases, donated to the fair by the manufactories in the North and East.

THE EXPOSITION BUILDING.

Here were displays made by the various mercantile interests of Dallas and also from other Texas cities. The building has a frontage of 200 feet and a depth of 75. The displays here were of a most interesting character, and reflect great credit on the exhibitors. The woman's department had an especially fine display of machinery and agricultural implements. One feature of especial prominence was a factory in full operation manufacturing clothing. There were running sixteen machines, presided over by as many young ladies, and the way they made things push speaks well for their experience in their work. Passing on down we came to one of our own St. Louis institutions, "The Southern Barbed Wire Co."

The Moroney Hardware Co. have the State agency for this factory, and they had a pair of climax machines working in full blast turning out the wire and reeling it all ready for use. This part of the Machinery Hall attracted the lion's share of attention, and a curious throng was constantly taking in all the details of making barbed wire.

Looking back over two weeks that have been devoted to this display, one cannot but conclude that the benefit that will be felt by Dallas from the holding of this Fair is incalculable in its effects. The success that has attended the efforts of the few brave spirits that have had the nerve to carry out their ideas to a complete fulfillment is phenomenal, and Dallas can congratulate itself on having just concluded the most successful series of Fairs ever held in the South. To our readers we say you can have but a faint idea of the magnitude of the exhibits made, unless you could look on them. As far as they go they are the equal in every respect of many of our own St. Louis exhibits, and the St. Louis Fair Grounds with the improvements of years does not show a more complete set of buildings than are to be found right here in Dallas.

M.

CHRISTIANITY AND LABOR.

Mr. George's Doctrine is Substantial Christianity.

From the New York WORLD.

The Rev. Dr. McGlynn lectured on Sunday night in St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church, Jersey City, for the benefit of the poor of his parish. The title of the lecture was "A Christian view of the Labor question." After being introduced by the Rev. Father Smith, pastor of the church, the Rev. Dr. McGlynn said:

"Why should there be in the world such a question as the labor question? If the word of our Master be true, as it must be true, that 'the poor we have always with us,' then there will always be a labor question. There will always be some who, because they are less strong, less acute, less capable of battling with the world and its rough usages, will be crowded to the wall by the more keen-witted, the stronger and the conscienceless. But those who are slower are the most honored guests at the table of Christ. He tells you that he is represented by them; that the weak, the poor and the suffering are his chosen people. And he would teach society different methods from the merciless law of supply and demand, and the accursed utterances that the misery, the poverty and the degradation of mankind is a necessary consequence of God's law which said to the first man and woman, 'Go, increase and multiply.'

"The Malthus theory says that as the people of the earth increase the earth will become unable to provide sufficient food for them. God created children and placed them on this earth so that they might choke, starve, or be trampled under foot by the stronger than themselves. They must be crushed in the general scramble for existence, shelter and food. I say it is a blasphemous teaching. It is the philosophy of Plato which taught that children must be physically and mentally perfect or they should be killed. Plato aimed at an ideal republic in which all men and women would be perfect. In order to attain this he would have all who were born with any physical or mental defect destroyed.

"The Christian view of the labor question teaches that such a doctrine as this is a blasphemy. It is a doctrine preached by minister of the gospel. Either the Malthusian theory is wrong or God is wrong. Christ rebukes the sacrilegious philosopher and commands him to pay his respects not to the little ones, but to take them up tenderly, and the more because they are blind, or halt, or incapable of taking care of themselves. We Christians must feel ashamed that a Christian minister should give his name to such a blasphemous doctrine as this. The science of political economy, based upon this doctrine, is false to God. It is the dismal science of despair. Thank God that a new and better science of political economy has dawned upon the world—a new political economy that teaches with Christ that Plato and Malthus are blasphemers.

"Every mouth that comes to this earth comes with two hands capable of feeding this mouth. It is the duty of society—of Christian society—to feed the maimed, the blind and those with dwarfed intellects, not to crush them and trample them in the mad scramble for this world's goods. In that is the true spirit of Christianity. This is the teaching of Christianity that bears most closely upon the labor question. It gives the lie to that political economy which is the dismal science of despair. The more mouths there are to feed the more productive shall be the earth. The only reason there is poverty on the earth is because of the ignoring and forgetting of the laws of God.

"Labor is the natural occupation of man. The earth's fruitfulness would support man, but labor is necessary to gather in that fruitfulness. Labor is always necessary that man may exist. In proportion as man comes into the world the greater become the facilities for labor. He shall have the right to labor. It is his duty. It is his duty to live. No man has the right to say that he is tired of life; that he is tired of the burdens of life. Man clings to life. It is one of the hardest things for him to die.

"Man is a land animal. He cannot live in the air or on the sea. It is a law of God that he shall live on land. It is a blasphemy to say that he shall not live on the land. And any law which violates that necessity is an unjust law and a violation of the primal law of God. How shall man get work? People work because they must work to obtain the necessaries of life. If they cannot obtain work to do this it is because there is something wrong. Something comes between them and the opportunity to work."

Dr. McGlynn then touched upon the slavery in the South, and said that it was not ancient history when human beings were sold on the auction block as property. "If a negro slave came to me," he said, "and wanted advice as to what he should do if he had an opportunity to escape, I should tell him he was a fool if he did not escape. 'But,' the slave might say, 'my master paid $1,000 for me. If I run away it will rob him of $1,000.' I would say to him, 'What kind of a fool are you?' That kind of property has a right to walk off with itself. It might have cost me my head to have said this down in South forty years ago. But the world has moved in forty years, and it will move a great deal in forty years more."

The speaker concluded by saying that every poor babe born had the same right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness as the richest of the land. If this was not so the laws of God were a mistake.

An Interesting Volume.

From the Boston Herald.

Mrs. Hazen, wife of the Chief of the Signal Service Bureau, has a scrap-book of newspaper cuttings which she entitles "Some Evidences of My Husband's Capacity for Getting Himself into Hot Water." It is a very copious volume.

He Went to the Head.

Graphic Translation.

At the examination for the baccalaureate degree, the professor of physic asks the candidate:

"What is the best insulator known?"

"Poverty," was the reply.

The Bee Is Buzzing.

From the Philadelphia Press.

Let Henry George beware of the buzzing of the Presidential bee. Many a good man has been stung to death before his time by that pesky insect.

WESTERN GIRL'S ROMANCE.

A Romantic Story in Connection with the Postponement of the Marriage of Miss Fannie Rogers.

Milwaukee (Wis.) Telegram.

The fact that the marriage of Miss Fannie Rogers, a young Milwaukee lady, to a wealthy nobleman in Italy has been postponed because her birth certificate cannot be produced, as required by the civil laws of Italy, has made public a romantic story. The lady, who is now in Spain, has enlisted the Rev. Mr. Eversz, a leading minister in this city, in an effort to find the missing certificate, but thus far he has been unsuccessful. Miss Rogers was born in a humble cottage on Hanover street, in Milwaukee. When she was quite young her father committed a crime, for which he was sentenced to a term in the State prison, and a few months before the expiration of his sentence he became involved in an altercation with a guard. Seizing a shovel he was about to strike the guard with it, when the latter shot him dead.

His wife, meantime, by laundry work had eked out a miserable existence for herself and family of little children, among whom was the little girl now betrothed to a wealthy Italian. The latter's pretty face attracted the notice of a wealthy Milwaukee lady, who adopted and educated her. Her natural aptitude for music was cultivated, and she received a fine musical education. About this time her foster-father, a Board of Trade man, became involved in heavy speculations, and in an attempt to save himself obtained money by false pretenses, and he was sent to the same State prison where her father had been killed. Feeling the disgrace of her husband's crime, the wife, with her adopted daughter, went to the mound. The Rev. Fr. McGlynn, possessing a fine musical education, has gained a living as a teacher. They made Italy their home for a time, then France, but are now in Spain. The young lady had all this time been in correspondence with her more intimate friends in this city. Her letters told of her advancement in her musical studies, and her travels. A few weeks ago she informed her Milwaukee correspondent of her engagement to a wealthy Italian physician, and that the marriage was to occur shortly. She asked one of her particular friends to do her a favor. She requested that a copy of her baptismal certificate be secured of the Rev. Mr. Healy to be forwarded to her, as the ceremony under the laws of the country could not be performed unless the record was produced. The Rev. Mr. Healy having left the city, the letter was referred to the Rev. Mr. Eversz, who secured a copy of the desired certificate and forwarded it to her. But last week the Rev. Mr. Eversz received a letter direct from her, saying that she had made a mistake. Instead of the baptismal certificate her birth certificate had been demanded, consequently the ceremony had been postponed until New Year's. Awaiting the receipt of a copy of the birth certificate, which she requesred Mr. Eversz to forward her in Spain.

Although a birth certificate of every person born in Milwaukee County is required to be filed in the office of the Register of Deeds, Mr. Eversz, after a thorough search, has been unable to find the desired certificate. He is hopeful of finding either the mother of the young lady or some person who knew her and may be willing to sign a birth certificate, which he can have recorded and a copy of which can be sent to her in time to prevent a further postponement of the wedding.

MANAGING SERVANTS.

A Humorist's Experience With What Are Termed "Help."

Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

It doesn't lie in some people to get along with servants. They have no tact, no knack of managing. There is a great deal in managing a servant in such a way that the minion isn't aware of it. But some people don't know how to do this, and consequently a servant that is a jewel in my well regulated household is utterly useless in my neighbor's service. Now, no' long ago I had occasion to part with a colored man. I didn't want to cast him out upon the cold world, because I feared that if the world got too cold he would come back to me. So I unloaded him upon a neighbor. I never had a ripple of trouble with him. I had employed him ostensibly to groom a horse occasionally and mow the lawn once or twice a year. I soon learned that he was running an African dormitory and a poker layout in my stable, and the general appearance of my premises finally brought me letters from the American Missionary Union, asking permission to establish one of their Congo out-stations between my barn and the kitchen. This, as much as anything else, induced me to part with Albert. He shipped with me under the nom de plume of Albert Wilson, but I noticed that some of the natives called him "Lame Jake," and he requested me, in writing his letter of recommendation, to call him Thompson Easly. By and by my neighbor said to me: "That man, Sam Norton, you sent me—did you ever have any trouble with him?" said no, never. "Well," said my neighbor. "I can't get along with him. He won't do one thing I tell him, not a thing." "Oh, well," I said, "he tried that on me, too, when he first came, but I settled that in short order." "How did you manage?" asked my neighbor. "Well," I told him, "I quit telling him to do anything." And do you know my neighbor was real angry with me, and abused me and said I was a fool and had deceived him. You see he had no tact. That very night Albert landed on my coast again. He confided to me that his real name was James Sinclair, and he brought with him his brother, whom he introduced as Walter Tarbell. They took up their old quarters in the barn and boarded with me for a week before I was able to secure them places in the county work-house. They both left me with sincere regret

SEAL WRAPS!
THE LATEST. THE BEST.
Lowest Prices.
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Twelfth and Washington Avenue.
Highest prize awarded at National Photographic Exhibition, Cincinnati, 1886; medal awarded at Paris Exposition, and gold medal awarded at the World's Exposition, New Orleans, La., 1885. Special attentions paid to Crayon and Pastel work.

Select Oysters and Little Neck Clams 25c per dozen at
GEORGE MILFORD, 114 N. Broadway.

CITY NEWS.

If the people of this city mean business and want to buy dry goods, and more especially dress goods, let them go straight and fast to the well-known headquarters, D. Crawford & Co.'s, who are now shewing the late great and grand purchases of their dress-goods buyers now and for a considerable time past in the East. This house is now retailing dress goods below the cost of duties, not speaking of the material or the weaving! !

She will be a very foolish woman, indeed, who will buy a dress pattern in this city without first looking through the hundred thousand dress patterns now on sale at the great Broadway Bazaar.

GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO.
Factory and retail salesroom, 304, 306, 308 Locust street, between Third and Fourth street. See our rattan chair and fancy rocker and wedding presents from $3 to $75; music cabinet, etc.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
122 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated, and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 614 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgences. Call or write.

BLAINE'S CANDIDATE.

Ex-Minister Levi P. Morton to Be Elected United States Senator.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 11.—It seems to be settled, so far at least as the machine leaders can settle it, that Levi P. Morton will be the next United States Senator from New York, if a Blaine-Cornell-Platt combination can elect him. This was the upshot of Mr. Blaine's recent visit to New York. The Senatorship was the chief object of that visit and his choice of Mr. Morton received its public acknowledgment throughout the city last night. Mr. Morton and Mr. Blaine were not political allies in 1880. It was then commonly credited to Mr. Blaine that Mr. Morton was not named by Garfield for Secretary of the Treasury—a placed he had been promised, for his very material services in the campaign. He was given the French mission instead. Since his return negotiations have been constant, and they have been successful in forming the combination above named. Every Blaine, Cornell or Platt man in New York City last night had nothing to talk of except the advantages to the Republican party of electing Mr. Morton Senator. Said Gen. Joe H. Sharp of Ulster: "We need the man who can properly organize the party in New York City." Gen. Sharp is an authoritative spokesman of practically three factions. But Senator Warner Miller has been working like a beaver in every legislative district for six months back. It is reported that he claims a certain majority in the caucus by personal pledges, no matter what is the combination against him. The first fight will be on the Speakership, and the result will probably decide the more important contest. Frank B. Arnold of Otsego is said to be the Morton candidate. Assemblyman T. S. Teale of Green County was at the Fifth Avenue yesterday, and, in conversation about the Senatorial contest, he expressed the opinion that Morton was the coming man. "The fight is likely to be close," he added, "between Morton and Miller, but I think the chances are strongly in Morton's favor. Hiscock will not have more than six votes in the caucus and is practically out of the race."

Gen. J. W. Husted came up at that moment and overheard Mr. Teale's remark. Husted was asked who he thought would be the next Senator from the Empire State.

"The man who gets the most votes," he replied facetiously.

"Who will that be?"

"I could not tell you, really."

"Are you a candidate, General?" inquired a friend.

"There's a constitutional provision which makes a member of the Legislature ineligible. However," he added, "there's no constitutional provision to prevent the United States Senate admitting a member of the Legislature if he should be elected. The Senate you know has full jurisdiction over the qualifications of its own members."

I HAVE on consignment several of the best brands of Sauternes, Burgundies, Rhine Wines, Clarets, Champagnes, Ports, Sherries, Madeira, Whiskies, Cognacs, Cordials, English Stout and Ale, and I am instructed to close them out at a lower price than has ever been known for genuine imported wines.
LOUIS HALLE, 308 North Broadway.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Fifteenth District of the Government Light-house inspection service is to be divided. Cairo will be the dividing line.

The Barbers' Union met last evening, and the nickel shops were condemned. Final arrangements were made for the ball at Turner Hall on Thanksgiving night.

The Upper Council of St. Vincent de Paul's Society met last night and decided to issue a circular to the public explaining the society's needs in order to carry out the usual plan of relief during the winter.

Herr Wilhelm Liebknecht, the German Socialist, delivered a lecture last night to a large audience at Mercantile Library Hall. He said it would be wrong for the oppressed laborers in America to resort to violence when they had a remedy in the ballot-box.

About 8:30 o'clock last night grip car No. 30 of the Cable line caught the cable in front of the power-house, while the gripman was off the car, and dashed into another car before the grip could be released. Both cars were thrown from the track. Clarence Burnett, aged 20 years, who was on one of the cars was badly injured.

A stable in the rear of 1517 Warren street was destroyed by fire last night. Loss, $1,000. The flames also spread to a little frame house near by, occupied by Fred Hopla, and to the stable in the rear of 1519 Warren street, owned by Charlotte Peters. Hopla estimates his loss at $250, and the damage done to Mrs. Peters' stable is about $200.

RENOWNED for their accuracy,
Renowned for their quality,
Renowned for their low cost,
Renowned for their beauty
are the solid gold and silver watches of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., COR. 4TH AND LOCUST.

If you wish to purchase a watch, be sure to see what they offer.

Send for grand catalogue.

Friedman—Burwell.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

MARTINSBURG, Mo., November 11.—M. M. Friedman and Miss Nellie A. Burwell were united in marriage yesterday morning at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Burwell, the bride's parents. Mr. Friedman is a successful young business man of this place, and the bride an attractive and highly accomplished young lady. The wedding was a quiet affair, none but relatives being present.

DYSPEPTICS call and see the effect of cooking food with an abundant supply of oxygen. No. 411 North Fourth street.

GEMS OF ART.

MRS. A. T. STEWART'S GREAT COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS AND BRIC-A-BRAC.

The Marble Palace and Its Beautiful Treasures Closed to the Public—Judge Hilton's Statement—The Disposition of the Works of Art—The Trust Bequests.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The recent death of Mrs. A. T. Stewart has revived public interest to a marked degree in the great marble palace where the old lady lived almost alone for so many years, and also as to what disposition will be made not only of the magnificent house but of the remarkable collection of noted pictures and other art treasures which it contains. As is well known, the art gallery, and to all intents and purposes the house itself, was closed to the public in 1881. This has intensified public curiosity and interest, and a feeling has been generally prevalent of late that Mrs. Stewart's death, or at any rate the distribution of her treasures, as provided by her, will soon unlock the gates and permit the examination of the gems of art, which fill the marble house and the house itself. This, however, is not to be. The antipathy felt by the late Mrs. Stewart to opening the doors of her art gallery and house is retained by her relatives and indorsed by Judge Hilton, who, to quote his own words, the other day offered this explanation: "The closing of the gallery was an absolute necessity. To intimate that the public would be pleased even to have a view of the collection within a reasonable time after Mrs. Stewart's death is all nonsense. What have they to do with it? On the contrary, the public abused Mrs. Stewart's hospitality, treated her generosity shamefully and great injury would have resulted had not such steps been taken. The gross misrepresentations that are constantly appearing in print and the misleading construction of even many of my own motives have inspired such a decision. I have always given a great deal of my time to enlighten the public, but the facts were never correctly presented, so not a moment will I ever devote again to imparting any information on this subject of the Stewart estate. It is not right that I should do so, and, during all these years, would you believe it? I have never seen a correct description of the Stewart collection. Even when, at the solicitation of a prominent magazine, some fresh facts were given, you may imagine my horror and indignation at finding, contrary to previous agreement, the article published without the necessary revision, and, of course, with flagrant faults, thus losing all its value and interest."

THE DIFFICULT PROBLEM.

The difficult problem that will exercise the patience and ingenuity of the executors of the Stewart estate is the disposition of the works of art. All the data connected with the purchase of the paintings, statuary and bric-a-brac have been carefully preserved, so that the original cost can be easily ascertained. These documents will be turned over to Judge Russell, who will have each work appraised and then the distribution will take place by lot, possibly under his sole direction, as it is intimated that Judge Hilton will relegate his trust to his son-in-law, which he is empowered to do by the codicil dated July 2, 1878. In fact, the preliminary steps have already been taken and the trust will probably be relinquished as soon as practical. In regard to this report Judge Hilton reluctantly said: "My name has been connected with the Stewart estate for so many years that I'm tired of the many allusions that have been made. It was asserted at one time that I was after the bulk of the money, and now it is proved that I do not touch a cent—in fact I do not want it and would rather try to forget all about it. All the business connected with the estate will be transacted by Judge Russell. He has charge of it now and that is what he is paid for, so I have no further reason to burden myself with the care and anxiety."

THE TRUST BEQUESTS.

After all the legacies and bequests are provided for it is understood that the city property, consisting of the Metropolitan Hotel, Niblo's Garden, Ninth street residence and Thirty-fourth street house and contents will be left to be apportioned between Charles J. Clinch, Sarah N. Smith and Judge Hilton in trust. By mutual agreement, and because it was his care and hobby, the Thirty-fourth street house and contents will be under the sole direction of Judge Hilton, who will act under the following provision of the will: "That he shall, in his discretion, pay over such surplus to the several legatees and devisees named in the will in such shares and portions as he considers proper and expedient."

Judge Hilton has not fully made up his mind what definite course he will pursue until after consultation with his co-executors, but in response to a casual inquiry he said: "Mrs. Stewart owned, it is not generally known, the most beautiful, the most costly, the best finished and most lavishly furnished and decorated house in the world, the best and costliest collection of paintings and bric-a-brac, and the richest art gallery in the world. And now to think all, all must go to pieces!"

From one who has sufficient intimacy to know the general wishes of the family it is believed that the Thirty-fourth street property, except the pictures, statuary, and bric-a-brac will be sold to the highest bidder, the option being given to either Mrs. Sarah N. Smith or Mr. Charles J. Clinch to take it at the upset market valuation. It is also known that none of the works of art, with perhaps three exceptions, will either by donation or subsequent sale, be given to the American public. After their official appraisement they will be distributed and decided in trust in perpetuity to the heirs and their immediate heirs and relatives, so that it will be impossible to transfer or will them away out of the family. The distribution will take place by lot, and according to the following proportions: Charles J. Clinch, twenty-sixtieths; Sarah N. Smith, nineteen-sixtieths; Cornelia S. Butler and Kate A. Smith, two-sixtieths each, and Lawrence Butler, Charles S. Butler, Louise Smith, Ellen Smith, Bessie Smith, James Smith, Rosalie Butler, Helen Butler, Virginia Butler, Maxwell Butler and Prescott Butler, one-sixtieth each, and Mrs. Stewart's sisters, Anna Clinch, Emma Clinch and Julia Clinch, two-sixtieths each. The proceeds in cash of the Thirty-fourth street house will, it is said, be divided in about the same ratio.

THE ART TREASURES.

During the past ten years many important and valuable additions have been made to the art gallery in the way of paintings, and to the house itself in the way of bric-a-brac. With regard to these additions, to the art gallery in particular, Judge Hilton, when asked, was at first rigidly reticent, but when pressed, said: "Yes, the best gems have been acquired since the gallery was closed. They put 'The Circus Maximus' and 'The Appian Way,' earlier purchases, in the shade. I ought to know, for I superintended the purchase of all of them myself, and the public have never laid eyes on them, but it would take me too long to give a complete list."

That the credit of securing these valuable treasures is due to Judge Hilton, is conceded on all sides. His services were at first forced and the idea of making these costly purchases emanated from Mrs. Stewart, who, however, strange to say, never took the initiative in making a selection. The modus operandi was as follows: Judge Hilton, as a lover of art, was constantly in the market a few years ago, and he would often buy as many as ten pictures a day, with as many more arriving every month, consigned to him from abroad. Mrs. Stewart accepted his judgment with liberality and, while a roving commission was never accorded, all the new purchases of the Judge were carefully scrutinized by her at his house. She was heard frequently to say by an intimate friend: "Judge, I like that picture very much; let me have it for what it cost you;" to which the Judge graciously acquiesced. In this simple way the walls of the gallery have been covered with costly paintings and the stock of bric-a-brac replenished and completed, so that a very large amount has been expended in that direction by Mrs. Stewart since the death of her husband. These art works have been left in trust, much to the surprise of those who counted upon the entirety of the collection being preserved by its being willed direct to one of the heirs.

Should you require the aid of glasses, please remember that the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., COR. 4TH AND LOCUST., fit you most accurately at the lowest prices.

Steel, $1.00: gold, $5.00 and finer.

Choral Society Season Seats.

Subscribers to the Choral Society were allowed to select their seats for the season after 9 o'clock this morning at Balmer & Weber's by presenting the treasurer's vouchers. The opportunity to select seats will be given to subscribers until Tuesday evening, November 16. On Wednesday morning following the sale of single seats for the "Creation," which will be rendered on November 19, will commence. In order to popularize the enterprise tickets to the balcony will be sold at 50 and 25 cents. The performance can scarcely fail to be first-class, as the chorus numbers over 300. The orchestra will be complete and the soloists excellent. Miss Monteith of Brooklyn will sing the soprano part, Mr. Knorr of Chicago, tenor, and Mr. Porteous, basso.

BUYERS OF BRIDAL GIFTS
Are cordially invited to examine
Our incomparably beautiful stock of
DIAMONDS, WATCHES,
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Which are offered at attractively low prices.
We ask a call from all interested.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
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Send for grand catalogue, 1,500 engravings.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Paul Bert, the French Minister in Annam, is dying of fever.

The Japanese Princes called on the President yesterday.

The British Parliament has been prorogued until December.

Welsh clergymen, impoverished by the tithe war, are asking for assistance.

The Duke of Connaught has been appointed commander of the British Army in Bombay.

The brakemen on the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad at Wheeling, W. Va., struck yesterday.

Sonnenthal, the Austrian actor, has engaged to make a two months' American tour next year.

The occultation of Aldebaran is reported for Friday evening, between 6 o'clock and midnight.

Heider, a celebrated tailor of Berlin, has died, leaving 800,000 marks to the Catholic Church.

The Government yesterday dismissed the star route case against Col. M. T. Patrick of Omaha.

Secretary Bayard has ordered Minister Phelps to curtail his cabling to the State Department.

The Casino, a gambling house of Hot Springs, Ark., was raided yesterday and the fixtures burned by the police.

The coal mines at Mount Pleasant, Pa., have been flooded and the fire raging for some days past has been extinguished.

The sixth annual meeting of the medical men of Mississippi, Arkansas and Tennessee began yesterday at Memphis.

Five car loads of stock were killed in a freight train collision on the U. P. Railway near North Bend, Neb., yesterday.

Henry Ahearn was arrested yesterday in Boston on the charge of killing an unknown man with a fist blow in a drunken row.

Vice-President Hoxie of the Missouri Pacific, who is ill in New York, says the report of his being at death's door was unwarranted.

Efforts to arbitrate the lockout of the textile workers at Philadelphia have failed. The mills are gradually filling with non-Union men.

The fifth annual convention of the Law and Order League of the United States will be held in Albany, N. Y., February 20, 21 and 22, 1887.

James Tayler, colored, was killed by another negro named Wm. Buford in a quarrel at Keene, Ky., yesterday. The murderer is at large.

The Governor, at Columbus, O., yesterday appointed Judge Francis J. Dickman of Cleveland to the Supreme Bench, vice Johnson, resigned.

The glass manufacturers of the United States formed a combination yesterday at Pittsburg to regulate prices and control production.

Thos. R. Allen, aged 25, book-keeper for McLean, Hardison & White of Nashville, Tenn., shot himself yesterday. Cause, mental trouble.

The annual Unitarian Conference began its session yesterday in Des Moines, Io. The question of compiling a suitable service book is being considered.

The National Convention of the United Presbyterians meeting in Pittsburg are having a lively discussion over the question of instrumental music in churches.

Frantz Krantz and his wife were arrested at Lincoln, Neb., yesterday charged with the poisoning at Aurora, Ill., of Fred Shroger, Mrs. Krantz's former husband.

Alexander Goldenson, an art student of San Francisco, aged 19 years, yesterday killed little Mamie Kelly, a girl of 14, who loved him and annoyed him with her attentions.

John McGerman, defendant in a divorce suit, shot himself at Rising Sun, Ind., yesterday. His wife had twice before been divorced from him because of his drunkenness.

E. W. Dawson and Peter Pope, two plane miners, were found murdered near Snoshone, Idaho. The former leaves a mother in San Francisco and Pope has a son in Buffalo, N. Y.

The abandonment of Fort Halleck, Nev., is said to be the beginning of a plan to abandon the smaller forts and concentrate larger bodies of troops at the more important points.

Gustave Anderson and Eddy Peterson, two boys, the younger aged 16, are under arrest in Saybrook, Conn., for a series of bold and successful burglaries with chloroform accompaniments.

Catholic Bishop Gilmore of the diocese of Cleveland has condemned the Catholic Knight, a newspaper which censured the Bishop of Detroit. Its circulation in the diocese has been prohibited.

George Findly, a brakeman on the Diagonal Road, was killed at Des Moines, Io., yesterday while coupling cars. James Sullivan, a Rock Island brakeman was killed in the same town while switching a few hours later.

Near St. George, N. B., an odd character named Tucker, had arranged a grave with springs so that when he should lie in it he could be buried alive mechanically. This suicidal scheme was discovered in time.

Prof. Wiley, the Government Chemist, reports that the experiments with Louisiana cane under the diffusion process have yielded 120 pounds of first sugar to the ton. The cane juice had 14½ per cent of solids.

Assistant United States Treasurers are authorized to pay interest on 4½ per cent bonds representing interest due December 1 without rebate, and on coupons 4 per cent due January 1 with rebate at 3 per cent per annum.

Charles Patten and Will Hallman are in jail at Dalton, near Chattanooga, Tenn., for the murder of a young woman who followed Dalton from Indiana to Tennessee to induce him to marry her after she had been betrayed by him.

The Coroner's jury in the Rio disaster of Wisconsin, in which some fifteen persons were killed, gave a verdict yesterday finding C. H. Wells, an employe of the C., M. & St. Paul Railway Company, guilty of criminal negligence.

The twentieth annual National Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry met in Philadelphia yesterday. The President in his address said the object of the organization was to defend the farmer from the extortion of monopolies. The reform lay in the ballot.

W. T. Stewart, an absconding Western Union manager, was acquitted at Winnipeg, Man., of the charge of bringing stolen goods into Canada. The prosecution failed to identify the money as that actually stolen. It was really a test case, and if successful would have opened the way for the prosecution of all the "cashiered colony" in Canada.

Funeral of Mr. Thos. H. White.

For accommodation of those wishing to attend the funeral at the late residence, 4047 Bell avenue, carriages will leave Undertaker Whitsett's office to-morrow at 12:30.

An Enjoyable Performance.

The West End Opera Company gave the "Mikado" last evening in Entertainment Hall to a large audience for the benefit of St. Francis Xavier's conference of the St. Vincent de Paul Society. The performance was enjoyable and a handsome sum was netted for the cause. Among those participating were Misses Ottilie Glitz, Marie N. Goode, Theresa Heatz and Regina Lewis, and Messrs. G. T. Dickson, J. W. McLean, L. J. Flynn, J. J. Hart, Harry Hennsen and Angelo Gilsinn.

PURE air is essential to good health, and equally so to produce good bread. Call at 411 North Fourth street, and see bread baked in Charter Oak Range, with ganze oven door.

HAWTHORNE-LOWELL.

Mr. Hawthorne Addresses an Open Letter to the Ex-Minister.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, November 11.—The Pall Mall Gazette gives a page and a half to the Lowell interview, in the WORLD of October 24, opening its article with the following remarks: "A great sensation was produced in America, ten days ago, by the appearance in the New York WORLD of an interview with Mr. J. Russell Lowell, extending over five columns, in which he was reported to have expressed himself with the utmost freedom upon the people and manners in England, and even upon the secret history of some of his diplomatic experience. The interview was signed by Mr. Julian Hawthorne, the son of the great novelist, who has recently become the literary editor of the NEW YORK WORLD, and it was therefore generally received with credence, though also with many severe expressions of public and editorial opinion upon the propriety and taste as to Mr. Lowell's alleged utterances."

HAWTHORNE TO LOWELL.

NEW YORK, November 11.—The WORLD publishes a two-column letter from Julian Hawthorne to Lowell to-day, concerning which it says: "The publication in the WORLD to-day of a letter addressed more than ten days ago to Mr. James Russell Lowell by Julian Hawthorne may be said to be the first presentation of Mr. Hawthorne's side of the controversy which Mr. Lowell has provoked. This letter was written in order that Mr. Lowell might have an opportunity to undo a gross injustice. His failure to reply warrants the present publication. It will be seen that the facts and the logic of circumstances are all on Mr. Hawthorne's side. That he could obtain from Mr. Lowell or any other gentleman an interview through a violation of confidence and the rules of hospitality and then brazenly publish the same over his own signature could not have been believed by anybody familiar with the man or the springs of human action. It was not believed in the WORLD office, otherwise Mr. Hawthorne would have been instantly dismissed from our service, for the WORLD'S reputation for justice and integrity is too precious to be sacrificed for a passing 'sensation.' Mr. Hawthorne's bearing in this matter has been that of a sensitive, dignified gentleman. He was pained and astonished by the action of Mr. Lowell, and he took the proper method to avoid a public discussion. No unprejudiced human being can read his letter and believe that he imposed either upon Mr. Lowell or the WORLD. We have in our possession letters and telegrams from Mr. Lowell, which are not to be published because they are personal, and which show conclusively that Mr. Lowell must have understood the purely journalistic basis upon which he was approached by Mr. Hawthorne. Besides, we have Mr. Hawthorne's emphatic statement that he took all necessary precautions to impress the nature of his mission upon Mr. Lowell. And the circumstances all show that he did."

We only charge $1.00 for 100 finest Visiting Cards from plate and but $1.50 for 100 Cards and finely engraved Copper-plate. Kindly place your orders early. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., COR. 4TH AND LOCUST.

ON HIS WIFE'S GRAVE.

The Suicide of Jesse H. Lord, a Well-Known Journalist at Hartford, Conn.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

HARTFORD, Conn., November 11.—Jesse H. Lord, a well-known journalist, shot himself yesterday while standing on his wife's grave in the Old North Cemetery. His wife died last April. Since that time he has been moody and on several occasions has threatened to end his life. During the summer he quit housekeeping and went to Winchester, N. H., to visit his daughter, wife of F. H. Buffum, of the editorial staff of the Boston Herald. Monday night he returned to this city, and to a friend said he would not bother people much longer. Tuesday afternoon Lord visited his wife's grave, but where he spent the night is a mystery. Yesterday morning he was seen entering the cemetery and a few minutes later two pistol reports were heard by the residents of the North End. He was found by the cemetery superintendent lying across the grave with two large bullet holes in the right side of his head, just above the ear. A five-barrelled revolver with two chambers empty was lying at his side. An ambulance was summoned and he was taken to the hospital. An examination showed that one bullet had glanced upward, while the other entered the skull and lodged at the base of the brain. He remained unconscious and steadily failed. The hospital superintendent informed the POST-DISPATCH correspondent last night that death was a matter of but a few hours. After leaving the home of his daughter Mrs. Bluffum found a note from Lord thanking her for her kindness and saying that he intended to end his life on his wife's grave. But little was thought of this, although Bluffum came to this city last Tuesday night. On inquiring for Lord at the police station yesterday morning he was startled by the announcement that Lord had shot himself. After attending to the dying man he departed for Winchester to break the news to his wife.

Lord was a well-known newspaper man, having a large acquaintance throughout New England. He had made his home in Hartford for thirty years, having formerly been connected with the Times, Courant and Post. Of late years he had made a specialty of mechanical articles, writing for the Boston Journal of Commerce, and the Scientific American. He held the position of assistant editor of the latter. He also had charge of the Connecticut Manufacturing News for mechanical papers in Philadelphia and Chicago. He was an authority on machinery and was in constant receipt of inquiries, having charge for many years of that department of the Scientific American. He also had talent as a poet and his verses have been often printed in the local papers. He enlisted early in the war, and was commissioned as captain by Gov. Buckingham. Lord was born in Pawtucket, R. I., and was sixty years of age. He leaves a son and two daughters, one unmarried.

Silver-plated spoons and forks,
Silver-plated tea services,
Silver-plated cake stands,
Silver-plated berry bowls,
Silver-plated ice pitchers,
Silver-plated casters.
Housekeepers will do well to note the remarkably low prices at which we are selling these fine and useful wares, all stamped quadruple plate, and Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., COR. 4TH AND LOCUST.
Some lovely pieces for bridal gifts.

ALABAMA.

Meeting and Organization of the Legislature—Gov. O'Neale's Message.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., November 11.—The Legislature organized yesterday by the election of the officers chosen by the Democratic caucus. Gov. O'Neale's message was sent in. It is devoted entirely to State affairs. He calls attention to the fact that Alabama devotes more than one-third of all the revenue she received into the State Treasury to the public schools. He also refers to an increase of $35,000,000 in the assessed value of property in the State during the last few years, and says that the whole amount of the tax for the past fiscal year has been collected with the exception of $50, a record perhaps unparalleled in the financial transactions of any State in the Union. Every obligation of the State, including the interest on the bonded debt, has been promptly met and the rate of taxes reduced. As showing the improvement in Penitentiary matters, he instances the fact that with an average of 600 convicts for the year 1880 there were only sixteen deaths, and four of these from causes antedating imprisonment.

The people are satisfied with the State. Emigration has ceased and immigration begun, and altogether he represents the outlook for the future as of the most roseate hue.

"Liebig Co.'s Coca Beef Tonic
is far superior to the fashionable and illusive preparations of beef, wine and iron," says Prof. F. W. HUNT, M. D., Honorary Member Imperial Medical Society of St. Petersburg, Russia, etc. It will reconstruct the most shattered and enfeebled, reinvigorate the aged and infirm, and build up sickly children. Invaluable in female irregularity, pains and exhaustion. Quiets restless children and infants.

Brandt's Specialties for Cold Feet,

GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.
AMERICAN and IMPORTED FELT SHOES and SLIPPERS, for Ladies and Gents, Boys, Girls and Infants.
LAMBS'-WOOL LINED SOLVENT SHOES, for Ladies, Gents and Children.
LADIES' FLEXIBLE SOLE Beaver Bals. and Button Boots, warm lined, Plain or Goat Foxed.
LADIES' CHAMOIS-LINED Pebble Oil Goat Button Boots, in all widths.
GENTS' BEAVER Boots, Calf Foxed.
GENTS' SHEEP and BUFFALO-LINED Boots and Buckle Shoes.
The Greatest Stock and Best Variety of Staple and New Styles in Rubber Goods, Net or Fleece-Lined.
CLOSEST PRICES.
J. G. BRANDT
Broadway and Lucas Avenue.
Open Every Saturday Night Until 10:30; other Evenings until 6:30.

PRACTICAL OPTICIANS.

EYE-GLASSES AND SPECTACLES
Accurately Adjusted.
In Steel Frames, from $1.00 and upwards.....In Gold, from $5.00 and upwards.
HERNSTEIN & PRINCE, 317 N. FOURTH ST.
ARTIFICIAL EYES A SPECIALTY.

The Largest Line of Furniture, Carpets & Stoves IN THE CITY ON
Time Payments!
VERY EASY TERMS AND LOWEST CASH PRICES AT THE
Strauss-Emerich Outfitting Co., 1116 Olive Street.
Sells on CREDIT everything needed for HOUSE or PERSON. All goods delivered on first payment. Keeps Gents', Youths' and Boys' Clothing. Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Satins, Velvets, Ladies' Cloaks and Wraps, Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, etc. Also, Furniture of every description, Carpets, Stoves, and all Housefurnishing Goods in general. OPEN AT NIGHT.

J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co.
1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue.
Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Household Goods,
FOLDING BEDS, PIANOS, ORGANS, and everything needed in Housekeeping, sold on EASY WEEKLY or MONTHLY PAYMENTS at Lowest Cash Prices. SPECIAL RATES for parties going to Housekeeping. Open every evening till 9 o'clock.

Silver-Plated Ware
Finest Stock, Lowest Prices,
STAMPED
E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
And warranted to be the VERY BEST TRIPLE SILVER PLATE sold. We will not deceive you as to the quality of our goods, and assure you they are everything we claim for them.

This cut represents our new and beautiful pattern of
Neilson Triple Silver-Plated Teaspoons, $1.90 per set of six.
Neilson Dessert Spoons, $3.25 per set of six.
Neilson Table Forks, $3.75 per set of six.
Neilson Tablespoons, $3.75 per set of six.
The above prices include engraving two initials on handle.
Examine these goods before buying, as we feel confident they are what you want.
E. Jaccard Jewelry Co.
307
N. FOURTH ST., NEAR OLIVE.

CORNERED BY RANGERS.

A Bloody Encounter with a Gang of Fence Cutters in Texas.

BROWNWOOD, Tex., November 11.—Capt. Scott of the State Rangers received information Tuesday that a party of wire cutters would cut the wire fences on Morgan Eboughe's place that night, twelve miles from here. He at once gathered his rangers, and with a few citizens repaired to Eboughe's place and waited in ambush for the cutters. At 11 o'clock the cutters were heard coming up the line of fence. They were permitted to pass a few of those in ambush, but on arriving opposite him Capt. Scott demanded their surrender, stating they were rangers. His only answer was a pistol shot. Then the firing became rapid on both sides. The moon was bright and clear and they could distinguish one another easily. When the firing ceased, one wire-cutter was found killed and one mortally wounded, while two made their escape on foot, their horses being captured. The horses were identified as belonging to C. Johnson and J. Matthews, and it is supposed they are the ones who made their escape. Jim Lovell, the man killed, was disguised with a false mustache. He was an old offender. Amos Roberts, the man captured, died. Lovell held the position of constable in an adjoining precinct. The parties cut one and a quarter miles of fence before coming up to the rangers. Before morning the rangers also captured Bob Peacock, a noted horse thief.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

The Nitro-Glycerine Bomb Invented by a Russian at 'Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 11.—S. D. Moloanoff, a Russian resident of this city, claims he has invented a nitro-glycerine bomb. He says he has discovered a liquid with which nitro-glycerine may be mixed, making it non-explosive, but by adding another chemical the nitro-glycerine is transformed to its original state. He uses a double shell, the inside one containing the non-explosive mixture of nitro-glycerine and the outer one containing a chemical which liberates the pure nitro-glycerine. Maj.-Gen. Howard says the invention is worth looking into. Other officers have pronounced favorably upon it. The French Minister of War has sent for details to experiment on the invention.

Wilbor's Compound of Pure Cod-Liver Oil AND LIME. The advantage of this compound over the plain Oil is, that the nauseating taste of the Oil is removed, and the whole rendered palatable. The offensive taste of the oil has long acted as a great objection to its use; but in this form the trouble is entirely obviated. A host of certificates might be given here to testify to the excellence and success of "*Wilbor's Cod-Liver Oil and Lime*," but the fact that it is prescribed by the medical faculty is sufficient. Sold by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, Boston, and all druggists.

If the world has used you kindly—and you have accumulated out of the good things of this life more than your share of adipose deposit—or if you have grown in a perpendicular direction without proportionately spreading in rotundity—which is less flowery language means if you are fat or slim—and think that on that account you have to go to the merchant tailor to get your Clothing made to order—dispel the idea at once—or better still, come to us, and we will settle any doubt on the matter to your pecuniary advantage.

We make Clothing to fit men out of the average size—either in circumference or longitude. We carry fat, slim, short and tall sizes in Overcoats—Suits—Coats and Vests—and Trousers.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.
Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers,
N. E. CORNER BROADWAY AND PINE.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Christmas Double Numbers of
THE LONDON GRAPHIC,
The Illustrated London News,
HOLLY LEAVES,
YULE TIDE,
each with beautiful colored engravings, will be published early in December in this country and abroad simultaneously.
PRICE, 50 CENTS EACH.
LE FIGARO ILLUSTRE,
With French Text Only, $1.25 PER COPY,
embodying work of celebrated Parisian artists, and of superior excellence, will also appear early in December.
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THE INTERNATIONAL NEWS CO., NEW YORK.

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THE PIONEER of LOW PRICES
IN DRUGS AND PERFUMERIES,
714 N. Broadway,
Opposite Union Market.
1886.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Real Estate Office of Jas. Cummiskey, No. 13 North Eighth Street.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

ST. LOUIS, Mo., October 14, 1886.—Having recently withdrawn from the firm of Booth, Barada & Co., I have opened an office at No. 13 North Eighth st., where I will conduct a general real estate business. With an experience of 22 years, and having the necessary facilities for the proper management of real estate placed in my charge, I am confident of rendering satisfaction to all favoring me with the care of their interests. The buying and selling of real estate, the negotiation of loans on real estate, the collection of rents, and general management of estates, will receive careful and prompt attention. Respectfully, JAMES CUMMISKEY.

OFFICE OF TURNER REAL ESTATE AND BUILDING ASSOCIATION, November 11, 1886.—The regular annual election for six (6) directors of this company to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the company, 706 Pine st., on Tuesday, November 23, 1886, between the hours of 9 a. m. to 12 m. THOS. T. TURNER, President.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Asphaltum Paving Block Company will be held at the company's office, 712 Chestnut st., on Monday, November 15, 1886, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors to serve during the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 12 m. W. F. HOMER, Secretary. GEORGE S. EDGELL, President.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS SECTIONAL DOCK CO., St. Louis, November 1, 1886.—The annual election for five Directors to serve the ensuing year will be held at the office of this company Thursday, November 11, 1886. Polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 12 o'clock noon. H. B. LOUDERMAN, President. Attest: THOS. P. MORSE, Secretary.

LOST MANHOOD, YOUTHFUL IMPRUDENCE, Nervous Debility, cured by Botanic Nerve Bitters. 50c. Herb Med. Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Drug Store, 6th & Washington av., St. Louis.

48 AND 49 FOR MEN CHECKS in 6 hours, cures in 3 days. Drug Stores, 15 N. 11th, Philadelphia, Pa and 6th and Washington av., St. Louis

A POSITIVE CURE. NO BALSAM CAPIVIA

DR OILS, TASTELESS, NO ODOR. PRICE $1.00. ALL DRUGGISTS KEEP IT ON HAND.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip from the Adjacent Towns.

Jerseyville, Ill., November 10.—Mrs. J. E. Van Pelt of Chicago is visiting here.—George C. Cockrell was in St. Louis Wednesday.—Mrs. Dr. Hutchinson and Mrs. Col. Swallow, who have been visiting relatives here, left Monday for Denver, Colo.—G. M. Cockrell, Mrs. Ormond Hamilton and Miss Nettie Turner left for Kansas, their future home, last week.—Mrs. Lizz